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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 8 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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Ceylon Premier Greets Nehru

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru being greeted by D. S. Senanayake, Prime Minister of Ceylon on arrival for the Commonwealth Conference.

Nehru Pleads Cause Of New China

MAO TSE TUNG NO PUPPET OF STALIN

Colombo Conference Discussions

COLOMBO, Jan. 10, (PTI)

INDIA'S Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru took a dominant part in the exhaustive discussion on China at today's sitting of the Commonwealth Foreign Minister's Conference, according to observers here, cables PTI Special Correspondent in Colombo.

As Prime Minister of the country which took the lead in recognising the new regime in China, Pandit Nehru gave the conference a full account of the factors which had led his country to this decision.

He is stated to have emphasised the geographical nearness of China to India and the close cultural and other bonds that have existed between India and China through centuries.

NO SATELLITE

He stressed the need for taking realities of the present situation in China into consideration and inadvisability of labelling the new Chinese regime because of its Communits character as a "satellite" of Russia.

Pandit Nehru said that China was in sore need of a strong centralised Government.

If the Peking Government were now treated as an outcast by non-Communist countries, it would merely help to drive China further into the arms of the Soviet Union.

The Chinese people must not be made to feel they are being cold-shouldered by the world, he said.

From all accounts, there was general agreement at the Conference that sooner or later relationship will have to be established by all powers with the regime in control of the vast country, but views apparently differed on the approach to the problem.

AUSTRALIA'S VIEWS

Australia and New Zealand who have not recognised the Peking regime were inclined to stress security needs in the Far East.

They felt that Britain, India, Pakistan and Ceylon might have delayed recognising Communist China until they had firsthand exchanges with their Commonwealth partners.

Canada's attitude as stated in the Conference reflected her natural desire to see that as far as possible she moved in harmony with her powerful neighbour, the United States.

Canada's Foreign Minister, Mr. Lester Pearson, explained that in foreign policy, his country attached great value to Commonwealth consultations before decisions were taken wherever possible.

He believed the accession of Asiatic members to the Commonwealth had increased the value of such consultations, particularly where decisions had to be taken in the Far East.

Mr. Pearson reiterated earlier statements that Canada was unlikely to recognise the Chinese

(Continued on Page 7.)

Eight Persons Arrested

SURAT DACOITY ECHO

SURAT, Jan. 10, (PTI): About eight persons have been arrested in connection with a dacoity in a village of the Olpad taluka last night. The dacoits are reported to have broken into the house of a village Police Patel and decamped with 5,000 rupees worth of valuables.

The Police Patel is stated to have sustained injuries.

PAKISTANI TROOPS LOOT INDIAN SHOPS

Open Fire Killing 2 Gurkhas

SHILLONG, Jan. 10 (PTI): Two Gurkha civilians were shot dead inside the Indian territory on January 8 by the Pakistan Border Militia, according to information received here.

Details are lacking, but reports available here state that members of the Pakistan armed force stationed opposite Hatimara, near Bholaganj on the border of Khasi Hills and Pakistan, indiscriminately opened fire on January 8 last, as a result of which two Gurkha civilians were killed. They are also reported to have violated the border rules and looted a few small shops while returning to their original position.

Only A Bait?

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

Jute held up in Pakistan has just started moving out to India, it is learnt. Official circles here are sceptical and consider that it is only a bait to get India lift its coal embargo, rather than a genuine desire on the part of Pakistan to resolve the deadlock.

New Delhi does not therefore intend to consider the question of resuming its coal supplies till all the jute purchased and paid for by India before its devaluation, actually reaches Calcutta.

Rajpramukh Of Hyderabad

NIZAM TO BE SWORN IN ON JAN. 26

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 10 (UPD.

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS the Nizam of Hyderabad will be sworn in as Rajpramukh on the 26th January, 1950, the day on which India becomes a Republic. On this historic day, he will drive in state from the King Kothi to the Jubilee Hall where the swearing in ceremony will take place. A salute of 21 guns will be fired.

The Rajpramukh will then administer the oath of office to the Chief Minister, the Chief Justice, the Ministers and the Judges of the High Court. The day will be celebrated with a garden party in the afternoon and a banquet at the Jubilee Hall at night. On that day all important Government buildings will be illuminated.

The same evening Mr. M. K. Vellodi Chief Minister will broadcast a message to the people of Hyderabad throughout the Deccan Radio.

Karnatak Demand Not Properly Understood

Provincial Executive's Resolution

HUBLI, Jan. 10, (PTI).

THE Council of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee, meeting at Gadag yesterday, discussed the Congress Working Committee's resolution of December 21 last on the resignation issue of the Karnatak members of the Central and Provincial Legislatures and decided to refer the entire matter to the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee.

The Council adopted a resolution stating that the intention of the decision taken by the Council on December 3—" that Karnataka members of Legislatures should resign— and the circumstances attending it had "not been properly appreciated."

M. S. Nijalingappa, President of the K.P.C.C. presided. Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting and Mr. M. P. Patil, Bombay's Minister for Agriculture, attended the meeting.

The resolution stated that it was principally from the point of view of making the best contribution to the national cause that Karnataka was pressing for immediate unification. Congress work in Karnataka, the resolution added, had been efficiently organised on account of the constitution of Karnataka as a separate Congress Province. In view, however, of the importance of the subject, the Council felt it necessary to refer the entire matter to the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee.

BELLARY DISTRICT

The Council also considered the question relating to the Bellary District and Kannada areas adjoining Andhra. It viewed "with grave apprehension the hurried manner in which the Madras Government and the Andhra Province Partition Committee set up by it had been dealing with Kannada areas."

It said, the Council in a resolution said: "run counter to the specific provisions and the spirit of the JVP Report and also against the express wishes of Kannada speaking people in Bellary, Annantpur, Kurnool and Chittoor Districts".

The Council requested the Central Government to "maintain the integrity of the Kannada District of Bellary" and not include the three eastern talukas there in the Andhra Province. The question of Kannada areas in different taluqs adjoining the Andhra Province, the Council urged, should be decided by a Boundary Commission to be appointed according to the Congress Working Committee's resolution of November 16, 1949.

REPRESENTATIONS

The Council appointed a seven-man committee to make representations in this connection to the Congress High Command, the Central Government and the authorities concerned.

NO FUTURE PLAN OF ACTION FORMULATED

HUBLI, Jan. 10, (PTI): Mr. H. R. Moharay, Editor, "Samyukta Karnataka", Hubli writes: "The news regarding the informal talks held on the 7th morning by Mr. R. R. Diwakar at the Hon. Mr. M. P. Patil's bungalow in Bombay and formulation of a tentative programme for action by Karnatak Congressmen etc., is baseless. I was present throughout the discussion and no such programme was either formulated or discussed. I now definitely understand from reliable source that this news has been gathered from one of the Parliamentary Secretaries present".

NIGHT CURFEW IN LUCKNOW

Sequel To Minor Disturbances

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10 (PTI).—The District Magistrate has issued orders imposing curfew in Lucknow between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. and prohibiting assembly of five or more persons and carrying of firearms up to January 31, following the incidents in the city yesterday.

Yesterday's trouble, according to an official press note, started when two school girls were molested by a young man in the Aminabad area. This was resented by some persons who witnessed it. But it subsided on the intervention of some residents of the locality.

Two hours later, some mischiefmongers created trouble by giving the incident a communal tinge and by exaggerating it in every detail and by spreading false rumours. Panic spread to other parts.

Six persons were arrested on suspicion in connection with the day's incidents.

The press note added that at about 8/15 p.m. some shops in Hazrat Gunj were damaged and some property was looted. Six persons were arrested.

At about 11 p.m., 23 persons were arrested in a small room, holding a secret meeting behind closed doors.

The city was heavily patrolled by armed and civil police last night. Armed pickets have been posted at strategic points.

20 DROWNED AS BUS FALLS IN CANAL

PARIS, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Twenty people were drowned when a bus carrying 46 workmen fell into a canal at Munchhouse near Colmar today.

A MISTAKE THAT COST A LIFE

MADRAS, Jan. 10, (UPI).

A CHILD aged five died in a Government hospital in the city due to inadvertent administration of kerosene oil by the nursing staff, said Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Public Health Minister replying to a question in the Assembly today.

Dr. Rajan said that in September last kerosene oil was administered by mistake to three patients in the Government Stanley Hospital, Madras. The error was immediately detected and action taken to prevent complications. But unfortunately one of the patients, a child aged 5, died next day.

The Minister also stated that suitable punishment had been awarded to a staff nurse, a pupil nurse and the "thoti" who had inadvertently placed on the table a bottle of kerosen oil similar ton a bottle of medicine.

Two Million Tons Food Imports For This Year

FOOD MINISTRY'S PLAN?

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

THE battle of controls is expected to be revived during the Food Ministers Conference meeting here next week, it is gathered here. A section of the people who have never reconciled themselves to controls is mobilising strength.

Meanwhile, the Food Ministry has been insisting on an import target of two million tons of foodgrains during the current year against one million tons offered to them in accordance with the Government's policy of progressive reduction in food imports.

The crux of the problem lies in procurement. If provincial Ministers are prepared to accept targets of increased production fixed by mutual agreement and procure food accordingly India could reduce food imports substantially. If the Grow More Food Campaign has succeeded, as it has been claimed, imports of foodgrains must be curtailed, it is felt here. It will be difficult for Government to take credit for the success of the Grow More Food Campaign and maintain imports on the 1949 level, as it is demanded by the Food Ministry.

Averting J. P.'s Fast Threat

DELHI TAKING ALL POSSIBLE MEASURES

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10: It is understood that the Government of India is creating conditions to avert the threatened fast of Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan in the cause of the postal employees.

The differences over his two demands on Rafi Ahmed Kidwai has been narrowed down to the minimum. The Government, for instance may adjust the strike pay against leave due to the strikers. A similar 'via media' is expected to dissolve the differences over the continuation of increased dearness allowance of postmen without any cut in their special pay.

Given goodwill the Government hopes to do everything reasonable to obviate the necessity of a fast by Mr. Narayan, it is stated here.

U. S. Freighter Shelled In China Waters

HONG KONG, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter): Two American destroyers arrived today at the mouth of the Yangtse to stand by the shell-damaged 6,214-ton United States freighter "Flying Arrow," according to usually reliable sources here.

The "Flying Arrow" was shelled and set on fire by Chinese Nationalist warships yesterday when she tried to run the Nationalist blockade into Shanghai.

BRITISH ELECTIONS ON FEBRUARY 23

Announcement From London

LONDON, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter).

BRITAIN'S General Election will be held on Thursday, February 23, it was officially announced here tonight.

The announcement, which ended months of political uncertainty said that King George VI had agreed to dissolve Parliament on Friday, February 3.

The last General Election was in 1945. Labour held 390 seats, Conservatives 194, Liberal Nationals 13, Liberals 10, Others 33.

There will be 625 members in the new Parliament.

The British cabinet met today morning for an hour and a half when the decision was taken.

BOMBAY TO TREASURE MAHATMA'S RELICS

Personal Effects To Be Kept In Special Bureau At Museum

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

BOMBAY WILL TREASURE some of the relics of Mahatma Gandhi's personal effects from cradle to grave" and some of his collections. These will be housed in a separate enclosure at the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India in Bombay. The bureau will be known as "Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Museum".

The relics include cotton spun cloth by the Mahatma himself, his sandals, walking stick, charka and the "takli".

Meanwhile, a programme for reorganising the existing 25-year old art and archaeological section of the museum is under consideration by the authorities. The scheme is estimated to cost about one lakh of rupees. The programme includes additional space to house some of the exhibits of the natural history section. Negotiations are in progress between the Government of Bombay and the trustees of the museum for establishment of a modern art gallery for Bombay in the museum grounds.

Two years ago, the Bombay museum loaned some of its valuable exhibits, such as bronzes, paintings and stone sculpture for the Indian art exhibition held in London.

TRAINER PLANE WRECKED

Occupants Safe

BOMBAY, Tuesday (PTI): A "Tiger-Moth" trainer aircraft of the Bombay Flying Club was totally wrecked this afternoon when it forcelanded near Piplod about 50 miles off Baroda.

The occupants of the aircraft—the pilot and a passengear—are reported to be safe and unhurt.

An official of the Bombay Flying Club told the P.T.I. that the aircraft took off from Juhu airport this morning on a cross-country flight to Baroda. As he was flying over Baroda, the pilot lost his way, resulting in the mishap due to shortage of petrol.

An official of the Government of India's Civil Aviation Department will leave Bombay tomorrow for Piplod to inspect the scene of the mishap.

SIR A. L. MUDALIAR

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Sir A. Laxmanswami Mudaliar, is arriving in Bombay from Madras tomorrow morning and leaving by a T.W.A. plane for Paris en route to Geneva, in the evening, to attend the meeting of the Executive Board of the W.H.O.

LANDLORDS' HOUSES SET ON FIRE

Mob Fury Near Howrah

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10, (PTI): Several houses, belonging to landlords of village Santoshpore in Bargachia police station, about 20 miles from Howrah, were set on fire by a crowd shouting Communist slogans this morning.

On receipt information the Additional Superintendent of Police, Howrah has proceeded to the village with an armed force.

Reports of similar Communist-inspired troubles have been received from Bargachia area during the past two months, since the commencement of the harvesting season.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Central Public Works Department, Bombay.

THE DATE of receiving tenders for the work "Construction of receiving station at Gorded Road, Borivle" has been extended from 10th January 1950 to 17th January 1950.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bombay Central Division,
Bombay
6830

WANTED

WANTED an ANAESTHETIST for the Tata Main Hospital Jamshedpur, (400 beds) in the grade Rs. 400-25-500-30-620-35-655, plus free unfurnished quarters or 10% of pay in lieu thereof provident fund, profit Sharing Bonus and other temporary allowances as admissible under the rules.

QUALIFICATIONS: Medical Graduate with considerable experience as an Anaesthetist in a recognised Hospital. Applications stating age, qualifications and experience should reach the Superintendent Labour Bureau, Tisco. Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 20th of January, 1950. 6832

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All that piece of Khoti land at Mouze Poisur Taraf Malad Taluka Scuth Salsette known as "Vanechi Vahal" admeasuring 37,457 sq. yds. or thereabouts bearing Entry No. 411, Survey No. 91, Plot Nos. 8, 10, Falni Nos. 8, 10, Areas: Acres 7-29 Gunthas, and Acres: 0-17 Gunthas, total assessment Rs. 5-14-0.

For further particulars apply to M|s. Manchershaw B. Chothia and Co., Solicitors, at Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, Fort or to us.

GANDHI & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING
PUBLIC NOTICE.

WE HAVE GREAT PLEASURE in announcing that on and from MONDAY, the 16th January, 1950, the following additions and alterations to our Bus Services will come into force:—

ROUTE "A3" LIMITED:

The interval between buses at present running between Flora Fountain and Jogeshwari will be reduced from 15 minutes to 12 minutes by the addition of more buses in this service.

SUBURBAN ROUTE "A":

This service will operate between Mahim and Andheri on Ghodbunder Road. Buses will run every 12 minutes.

ROUTE "O":

This service which was extended to Andheri on trial will be reverted to its original route between Ballard Estate and Mahim Buses will run every 9 minutes.

ROUTE "O" LIMITED

This service will operate between Ballard Estate and Mahim along the present "O" Route upto Parbhadevi Road, and then via Cadell Road, Sitladevi Temple Road and Lady Jamshedji Road. Buses will run every 11 minutes.

ROUTE "C" LIMITED:

This service will operate between Electric House (Mereweather Road) and Tardeo Terminus along the present "C" Route. Buses will run every 10 minutes.

For details see hand-bills distributed in Service Buses.

J. M. GANDEVIA
Ag. Traffic Manager.
(6834)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
(VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME.)
TENDER NOTICE.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner, The Special Engineer invites sealed tenders for "Electric wiring of Buildings at Vaitarna" (Tender No. 27).

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, superscribed "Tender for Electric wiring of Buildings at Vaitarna" and delivered at the Municipal Chief Accountant's Office ON WEDNESDAY, THE 22ND FEBRUARY, 1950 NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.)

Forms of tender, specifications etc. will be available at the office of the Special Engineer, (Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme) Municipal Head Office, 2nd floor, opp. V.T., Bombay 1, at Rs. 5|- per copy, not refundable. Forms will not be sent by post.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Bombay, 6th January, 1950.

N. V. MODAK.
Special Engineer.
6833

NOTICE

AT THE EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Traders' Provident Insurance Co., Ltd., Bombay, held on 27th December, 1949, at the Registered Office of the Company, Jan Mansion, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, and the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"That the Company be wound up Voluntarily and that Mr. Surendra S. Mehta of Andheri, Bombay, be appointed as liquidator for the purpose of winding up".

NANJI V. DOSSA.
Managing Director.
For The Traders' Provident Insurance Co., Ltd.,
6836

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate (s) for Six Share (s) Nos. 68276, 68277, 68278, 68279, 68280, 68281 of the Ahmedabad Electricity Co. Ltd., standing in the name of Godedji Dosjibhai Shah (Deceased) have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificate in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned immediately.

Name:
NAROTTAMDAS GODEDJI SHAH,
Address:
10, Dhanji Street,
Bombay, 3.
1503

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE HEREBY INVITED from approved Government contractors for the work of "Special repairs to residential quarters and offices at Aerodrome at Santacruz" at an estimated cost of Rs. 43,610|- Earnest money Rs. 2180|-. Tenders will be received upto 3 P.M. on 18-1-1950 and will be opened at 3-15 P.M. on the same day. Tender documents may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5-4-0.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bombay Aviation Division I,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay 1.
6835

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla invites tenders upto 15 hrs. on 2nd February 1950, for the purchase of 50,000 cft. coal ashes available at Igatpuri.

The forms of Tender and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- only. This sum will not be refunded. 6840

NOTICE

(3½% SHOLAPUR MUNICIPAL LOAN.)

Sealed tenders superscribed "TENDER FOR LOAN FOR BUS SERVICE" are invited from the public for 3½% loan amounting to Rs. 4,20,000|- sanctioned under G.R.L. and Local Government Department No. 6021|33, dated 29-3-49 for financing the scheme of Municipal Bus service, so as to reach the Chief Officer, Sholapur Municipality on or before 21-1-1950 in the prescribed form available in Municipal Account office at one anna each. The prospectus giving full particulars can be had free.

(Sd.). R. V. BURGUL,
President
Sholapur Municipality.

Sholapur Munl. office.
Sholapur D|—6-1-50
6837

G.I.P. RLY. TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 2 p.m. on 19-1-50 for supply of 4000 lbs. of tea to the Railway Canteen godown at Dadar, Bombay. Tender documents may be obtained on payment of Re. 1|- per set, in cash or by money order from the above office. 6838

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. D. S. KOLAH who has been working with us as Bill Collector has from 1-1-1950 ceased to be in our service and his authority to collect moneys on the Firm's behalf now stands cancelled.

(Sd.|-) VOLKART BROTHERS,
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PAKISTAN NEWSLETTER

WEST PUNJAB MCAs LOOK DOUBTFULLY AT KARACHI

Liaquat Ali In A Rage

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, (By Air Mail).

"LET me tell you that Pakistan will not last long if this attitude which has been displayed at the floor of this House today persists" thundered the Pakistan Prime Minister Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan recently in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly (Constitution-making), his face flushed with anger and indignation.

This outburst came from him while he was replying to the charges of the West Punjab League M.C.A.'s that the Pakistan Central Government intended to appropriate to itself the power to nominate members to fill the seven pending vacancies (including one caused by the death of Mr. Jinnah) from their province, which they bitterly resented.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan went on to say that this accusation was "the unkindest cut of all", asserting that he put the interest of Pakistan over the interests of the provinces. He did not look at Pakistan from the view point of provinces; on the contrary he accused the League members from West Punjab of "always playing to the gallery" which was "neither honest nor very decent".

The occasion for this fiery debate was a seemingly innocent bill moved by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan empowering the Pakistan Constituent Assembly to frame rules to fill the vacant seats from West Punjab in view of the dissolution about a year ago of the West Punjab Legislative Assembly, which had the power to fill these vacancies

BRITISH SHACKLES

But the League representatives from West Punjab, which has been deprived of its autonomy by the Centre and has had a 'Governor's Raj' thrust on it, scented in the Bill a further attempt by the Centre to encroach on their powers. These League members including some ex-Ministers violently attacked the Bill. Sardar Shaukat Hayat Khan, ex-Minister, expressed the fear that the vacant seats might be filled by nomination — "a method prevalent under the British rule from the shackles of which we have freed ourselves".

Mian Iftikharuddin, ex-President of the West Punjab Muslim League, went very much further in his accusations, asserting that from the knowledge of the two years' history of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, it was perfectly justifiable on the part of anyone amongst the public or amongst members of that House 'to entertain suspicion with regard to the power the Centre continues to appropriate to itself.'

This broadside made the Pakistan Prime Minister jump to his feet with a point of order. "Is the member allowed to cast aspersions on the integrity and representative character of the House?"

The Chair called upon Mr. Iftikharuddin to refrain from such remarks, but the latter insisted that although the Pakistan Constituent Assembly was a sovereign body, yet it was not infallible and could therefore make mistakes.

Further support to the opposition was lent by Mian Daulatana, ex-Finance Minister of West Punjab, Begum Shah Nawaz, Sheikh Karamat Ali and Mr. Guzdar, who demanded that the elections from West Punjab were primarily the business of the people of that province, who should be authorised to fill these seats on the basis of adult franchise and who under no circumstances should be deprived of this democratic right of theirs.

However, the Bill, as moved by the Government, was passed.

HIGH COMMAND'S PROTEST

This Bill has also evoked strong criticism from the Pakistan League High Command and the West Punjab Muslim League. The former wanted the filling of the seats in a suitable form of elections and after the names of candidates had been recommended by its Parliamentary Board. And Moulana Abdul Badi, West Punjab League President, strongly urged that his Provincial League alone was democratically competent to fill the vacancies.

All are now looking forward eagery to what would be provided in this connection in the draft of the rules to be submitted by the Pakistan Government before the Constituent Assembly at the next session.

It may be mentioned here that one of the grounds for the fear of the West Punjab League members in regard to their vacant seats being filled by nomination by either their Governor or the Central Government was the fact the Sind Governor was proposed by the Sind Government to be invested with power to nominate 8 seats provided for the Muslim refugees in the Sind Provincial Legislative Assembly. This Bill of the Sind Government was strongly condemned by the League High Command as it 'completely ignores the Central and Provincial League Parliamentary Boards and is calculated to undermine the influence of the League in the provinces and opens the door for disruption'.

ABOLITION OF PROVINCES

These fears of West Punjab Leaguers of the Centre's growing encroachment on their autonomy arise also because, in addition to their Provincial Legislature having been abolished, a move is secretly afoot in the influential quarters of the Pakistan Central Government and also of the League High Command, to wipe out whatever is left of their province by submerging it in one entire province for the whole of West Pakistan. The creation of this was lately advocated even openly at Dacca by Mr. Khattak, General Secretary, Pakistan Muslim League, on the ground amongst others that it would bring an end to the frequent Ministerial tangles seen in the various provinces of West Pakistan.

DIFFERENCES

The fact that the League and Ministries often work at cross-purposes in most of the provinces in Pakistan is illustrated by the fact that Nazi Fazlullah (a friend of ex-Premier Mr. Khuhro) who was lately thrown out by the Sind Premier Mr. Yusuf Haroon from the Sind Ministry at the time of its re-formation, has now been nominated by the Khuhro-dominated Sind Muslim League and backed by the Central Muslim League to the vacancy on the Pakistan Constituent Assembly caused by the disqualification of Mr. Khuhro as the result of the findings of the Special Tribunal.

SUHRAWARDY HITS MUSLIM LEAGUE

"It Has Lost People's Confidence"

(From Our Corespondent)

KARACHI, Jan. 10: "The present Muslim League has lost the confidence of the people. It is a close preserve of a chosen few. The people now flee from it in disgust whence once they were ready to lay down their lives for it. People are not now prepared to listen to the leaders of the Muslim League. They cannot hold meetings, they can get no audience and are greeted with black flags and contumely."

Thus observes Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, former Premier of united Bengal, in a letter addressed to the All-Pakistan Muslim League President, Chaudhary Khaliq-uz-Zaman, in which he has urged the latter to radically change the present outlook of the League so as to inspire the confidence of the public.

Chaudhary Khaliq-uz-Zaman is, however, much perturbed by this letter and has questioned the authority of Mr. Suhrawardy to advise him and on the contrary dubbed him as one who had attacked Pakistan, flouted the discipline of the League and declared himself a citizen of India.

This correspondence has just been made public and given much importance by the local press.

~~REGULATING~~ PAK TEA TRADE

Bill To Create Board

KARACHI, Jan. 9 (PTI): The Commerce and Education Minister, Mr. Fazlur Rehman, today introduced in Parliament a bill to provide for the regulation of the cultivation of tea, for the promotion of the interests of the tea industry in Pakistan, and for levying a cess on tea produced in Pakistan.

The bill authorises the Government to constitute a Pakistan Tea Board representing the Pakistan Tea Association, the Central Government, the Chambers of Commerce in East Bengal, tea brokers and shippers and the East Benga: Government.

The objects of the Board shall be to promote the sale and consumption of tea in Pakistan and throughout the world, and to organise and assist in research connected with the tea industry.

LEVY OF CESS

The bill envisages the levy of a cess on all tea produced in Pakistan and exported from Pakistan, as a duty of customs at the rate of Rupee one and annas six per 100 pounds. The rate would in no case be varied to rise above Rupees two and annas eight per 100 pounds.

Another provision of the bill is the establishment of a Pakistan Tea Licensing Committee representing various official and non-official interests connected with the tea industry.

PAKISTAN COASTAL TRADE

Move To Encourage National Shippers

KARACHI, Jan. 9 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Parliament today invested the Central Government of Pakistan with powers to impose a licensing system over all foreign ships engaged in Pakistan coastal trade to protect and encourage the national mercantile marine. The Commerce Minister's Control of Shipping (Amendment) Bill was "unanimously" adopted by the House.

During the second reading of the Bill, Mr. Fazlur Rehman accused India of discriminating against Pakistan ships engaged in Indian coastal trade and hinted that this legislative measure would be used to effectively meet the situation arising out of the refusal of the Indian Controller of Shipping to grant licences to Pakistan ships.

The House also passed Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal's bill authorising the Pakistan Government to issue commissions for the examination of witnesses residing outside Pakistan.

NAGPUR ORDER CHALLENGED

Judgment Reserved By Federal Court

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI).—Judgment was reserved by the Federal Court today in the appeal by Maschindar Shivaji Mahar, a detenu of the Central Provinces, against the order of the Nagpur High Court dismissing his habeas corpus application challenging the validity of his detention.

M. S. Mahar was arrested and detained on March 26 last year in connection with the threatened general strike on the Indian Railways.

Mr. R. M. Hajarnavis, who appeared for the detenu, submitted that the C. P. and Berar Public Safety Act did not contain any provision for the supply of grounds of detention to the detenu immediately after arrest. The Chief Justice, Mr. H. J. Kania, remarked that if the Provincial Legislature had power to make a law authorising preventive detention of a person, it was left to the Legislature to provide or not to provide for the right to detenu to get the grounds of his detention.

Counsel for the detenu also submitted that the provision in the Act empowering preventive detention on there being a "mere belief or satisfaction of the detaining authority" that the detenu was likely to indulge in subversive activities, was ultra vires of the Provincial Legislature.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE

The Chief Justice pointed out that the detention of the petitioner came under the provisions in the Act governing the fomenting of industrial dispute with a view to causing or prolonging unrest amongst groups of employees and hence the question of the validity of the clause that was being challenged did not arise.

Counsel also submitted that the courts must have jurisdiction to investigate whether the provisions of the Public Safety Act have or have not been transgressed by the executive when ordering detention in any particular case. The existence of a reason or reasons connected with the maintenance of public order was a condition precedent to the exercise of powder ordering detention under provincial law. When the detention was challenged before a court of justice, the executive must prove the existence of the condition.

The Court did not call upon the Crown to reply to the arguments and reserved judgment.

SERVANTS OF MERGED STATES

Financial Adviser To Interpret Order

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It has been represented to the Government of Bombay that the orders issued in respect of the fixation of pay, the absorption or discharge and the fixation of pension and gratuity so far as the servants of merged or integrated States are concerned are not being properly interpreted. The Government considers that there should be uniformity in dealing with all these questions with a view to ensuring that no injustice is caused to the persons concerned in regard to their claims consequent on discharge from, or absorption in, Government Service. It has, therefore, directed that all such cases regarding the interpretation of orders should be forwarded to the Financial Adviser, Finance Department, through the proper channel. Questions pertaining to the fixation of actual pays or pensions should, however, be referred to the Accountant General, Bombay, through the proper channel.

THIN VEILS

BHATINDA, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): Three Pakistani Muslims are reported to have been arrested by police in Dhuri (PEPSU) while in the guise of Sadhus.

A. I. S. C. F.'S GIFT TO AMBEDKAR

Casket Containing Copy The Constitution

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Law Minister, Government of India, will be the recipient of a golden casket containing a lituriously—bound copy of India's new Constitution at a meeting to be held at Nare Park, on Wednesday evening. The present comes from the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation which has convened the meeting.

Nepal Congress Leader's Appeal

BANARAS, Jan. 10 (UPI).—Prof. D. R. Regmi, President of the Nepal National Congress, in a statement to the press about the treaty of friendship, which is reported to have been concluded between the Government of India and the Nepal Government, says:

"I have no objection to India's treaty relations with Nepal on the basis of mutual respect for equality of sovereign rights and co-operation on many vital matters. Such an amicable association is quite essential between these two countries which are bound together by its ties of blood, history, culture and geography.

"But before the treaty is finalised," he adds, "Nepal should transform itself into a fully democratic state and change its present political structure. The Government of India should insist on that."

Quran Conference

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 10.

Prominent Muslims representing all schools of thought assembled at the invitation of Baitulmal, Ahmedabad, to discuss to devise ways and means to hold an all-India Quran Conference at Ahmedabad. The assemblage unanimously endorsed the proposal of Baitulmal.

A nine-man committee with powers to co-opt has already been set up and started work in right earnest.

Among those who were present and endorsed were Maulana Abu Zafar Nudvi, President, Jamiatul-Ulemai Hind, Ahmedabad G. W. Momin, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A. (Bombay). Sajjada Nashin of Dargahe Shah Vajihuddin Sajjada Nashin Qayamuddin Motamian Peernada of Mangrol and M. B. Kadri, Vice-President, Ahmedabad Municipality.

REPUBLIC DAY

Collectors Authorised To Spend Rs. 2,000

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The Government of Bombay has authorised the District Collectors and the Administrator of Sirohi to spend up to Rs. 2,000 on the illumination of important public buildings, on receptions, etc., during the celebration of Indian Republic Day on January 26 and 27.

Important public buildings in the District and Taluka Headquarters will be illuminated and receptions will be held at District Headquarters.

The Collectors have been instructed to invite prominent non-officials representing all sections of the public including representatives of labour, peasantry and Harijans to these receptions.

Women Smugglers Arrested.

GORAKHPUR, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.) Sixteen persons, mostly women, from Chapra and Sewan (Bihar) said to be engaged in smuggling food grains from Gorakhpur District into Bihar were arrested last night by the Government railway police at Gorakhpur station with 26 maunds of food grains.

MOUNTING MENACE OF BEGGARS IN CITY

Plea To Check Misuse Of Innocent Children

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An ancillary problem of the beggar nuisance in the city which has been placed as high as 1,00,000 is the ever-growing army of nearly 20,000 beggar-children who roam about the streets, importuning alms, at all trams and bus stops, and are an unmitigated nuisance in Railway compartments.

A social worker of Bombay, stated that the actual number of beggar-children, must be very much more than this. But, not all of the children come out on the streets to beg, for even beggars loved their children and wanted them to have the best of everything. They made a decent bit by begging and kept their children in comparative comfort.

He said, that there were all manner of auxiliary institutions which depended for their survival on beggars—child and adult. Some of these institutions, hired out children at so much per child. Thus, the piteous spectacle of a beggar woman with a train of children behind her, did not mean that the children were hers. Very likely, the children had been borrowed from these unscrupulous institutions, for small advance payments and the "mother" beggar could very well be a spinster.

The Social worker drew the attention of the representative of this paper to the school for crime on the model of Charles Dickens' Fagin-School which was brought to light by the Bombay Police in a shady locality of Bombay. He said that teaching children the tricks of daft thieving and pilfering and piteous wailing to arouse sympathy, were comparatively lesser evils than some of the things that were done to children by the adepts who are at the helm of such organisations.

He said that a favourite practice of theirs was to pick up unwanted children or even kidnap them from humble houses in villages, and when the limbs are tender, twist them or deform them completely. Instances were not unknown, wherein children had been blinded, or their legs and hands broken, in order to make them objects of pity when they grew up to attract the attention of alms-givers.

"Why don't the authorities round up all this juvenile riff-raff and bundle them into schools", he asked.

The Bombay Municipality as well as the Government, are keen on a system of compulsory education for children, at least in primary standards. All these urchins, who form the beggars' brigade in the city, belong to this age group, which ought to come under the compulsory primary education scheme. Yet one sees them, in all sorts of nefarious occupation, except plodding their primers.

As figures of juvenile pilferage are on the increase, it is felt that Government and the Municipality should start a combined drive in and the

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EVERY PATRIOT
Should See It!

AZADI-KI RAH-PAR

HINDUSTAN KALA MANDIR

CENTRAL

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Mats. 12-30
From TOMORROW
USHA TALKIES, Andheri.

GEMINI'S
Nishan
(HINDI)
Now Showing to packed houses at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3 Shows: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

RIVOLI
(B. B. Matunga)
Daily 4 Shows:
11-45 a.m. 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

RANJIT'S
NAZAARE
15th WEEK at
WEST END
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30

JOB-HUNTING and
ROOM HUNTING....
That Sets the AUDIENCES
into Raptures of Laughs!
SHOREY Films Musical
EK-THI LARKI
MEENA, MOTILAL,
Kuldeep, Majnu, Johar.
EXCELSIOR
3-15, 6-15, 9-30. Plans Open.
KAMAL
3-15, 6-15 & 9-30.
Sun. 12-0.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
PARADISE
3-30, 6-15, 9-30.
Sat., Sun. 12 p.m.
ALLWYN Kalyan. NEW MODEL Kurla.
KASTURBA Malad. A SCREENS Release.

COLOUR never so lovely seen before!
QUO VADIS
MINERVA 5th WEEK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. Mat. 12-30.
Plans 10 to 12.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Posh Vad 8, 2006
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1369.
Parsi: Amardad 11, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 6-19 p.m.
Hightide: 04-26, 17-33.
Lowtide: 11-06, 22-55.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting today, 3-10 p.m.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: Meeting today, 4-40 p.m.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Public lecture by Rt. Rev. Harry H. Banks on "What Happens after Death" at Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay, today, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Dr. Verrier Elwin to speak on "The Saura Priestess" at the Town Hall, today, 5-45 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 11.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m. 6, 9; Gujerati—9-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10, 9-15; Kannada—7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam—7-30 a.m., 7-45 p.m., Marathi—8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15; Telugu—7 a.m., 1-50 p.m., 7.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7-35 Physical Education, 7-40 Today's Programme, 7-45 N. V. Choksey, Bhajans, 8-15 K. Chonkar, Lalit, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 N. Choksey, Geet, 1-40 Percy Faith's Music, 2-10 Variety, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-0 Hindi by Radio, 5-20 Master Bali, Sursuhag, 5-30 R. Ramnathkar, Shree, 6-10 Music Lessons, 6-30 K. Chonkar. Puriya . 7-0 Mandolin, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Ratanbai, Bhajan 7-30 N. Choksey, Geets, 7-45 For Industrial Workers, 9-15 Master Bali, Sursuhag, 9-30 Film Songs, 9-45 Current Affairs Review, 10-0 Favourites, 10-15 Fun with Music, 10-30 Hambro and Zayde-duo Pianists, 10-45 Lily Pons, Soprano.

VARIATIONS: 8-0 a.m. Master Bali, Sursuhag, 8-45 Indumati Chaubal, Bhavgeet, 1-0 p.m. Abhang, 1-10 Mixed Music, 1-50 Variety, HU, 2-20 L. K. Kunte. Clarionet, 5-0 Hindi Lessons, M. 6-0 Kamamila Padbidri, K. Songs, 6-20 For Rural Listeners, 7-30 Commercial News, 8-15 Indumati Chaubal. Bhavgeets, 8-30 B. B. C. Discussion, between Sir C. P. R. Iyer and Dr H. N. Brailsford on "World Peace", 9-0 Bhavgeet and Pad, 10-0 Pramadwara, Original Novel by G. T. Madkholkar, 10-30 K. Chonkar, Pratapvarali.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. As in Ahmedabad, 7-40 Physical Education, 7-45 R. H Pandya, Sitar, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad. 8-30 K. Tanjorkar, Bhajan, 5-30 p.m. For Women, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 For Rural Listeners, 7-0 As in Ahmedabad, 7-15 L. B. Gandhi's Talk on "Gujratno adi Manav", G, 7-30 R. H. Pandya, Sitar, 7-45 K. Tanjorekar. Bhajans, 8-0 Music Appreciation. 8-10 Locals, 8-30 B. B. C. Talk on World Peace, 9-15 "Kumar Pal", by S. Gandhi, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ram Nam, 7-40 Yogic Lessons, 7-45 As in Baroda, 8-15 Man ki Dunya, 8-30 As in Baroda, 5-30 p.m. For Women, 6-10 Hindi Lessons, 6-30 S. Gundani, Mandolin par Dhani, 6-45 P. R. Barve, GEETS, 7-0 Listeners' Requests, 7-15 L.; B. Gandhi's Talk on "Gujratno adi Manav, 7-30 For Industrial Workers, 8-0 Music Appreciation, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 B. B. C. Discussion on "World Peace", 9-15 As in Baroda, 9-30 N. Arjandas, Dilruba.

B. B. C.

B B C News Schedule and Metre Bands. 6-30 a.m.—31 and 41; 8-30—31 and 41; 9-30—31; 11-30—19 and 25; 12-30 p.m. 13 and 19; 4-30—13 and 16; 6-30—13 and 16; 9-30—10 and 31.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE:

6-45 a.m. On the Job. 7 BBC Midland Light Orchestra. 7-30 The Storyteller. 7-45 Dance Music. 8 Pavilion Players. 8-15 Report From Britain. 8-45 BBC Northern Orchestra. 10 Anton and His Orchestra. 10-30 Jazz Club. 11 Sports Review. 11-15 Listeners' Choice. 11-40 The Daily Service. 11-45 Listeners' Choice. 1 p.m. The Winter Proms. 2-30 Take it From Here. 3 Dance Music. 3-45 Citizens of the Commonwealth. 4 Land and Livestock. 4-45 Listeners' Choice. 5-15 Three Journeys. 5-45 Work and Worship. 6 BBC Welsh Orchestra. 6-45 Small Band Music. 7 The Women's Programme. 7-45 Ring up the Curtain. 8-45 Bandstand. 9-15 Balance of Europe. 9-45 Music for Dancing. 10-30 Mid-Week Talk.

EASTERN SERVICE:

7-30 a.m. London Music. 8 Anjuman. 8-30 Exchange Programme.

V. L. MEHTA OPENS CO-OPS. FOR LABOUR

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Finance Minister to the Government of Bombay, the Hon'ble Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta inaugurated two organisation for workers in the labour area in Bombay, namely, the Greater Bombay Telugu Co-operative Consumers' Society Ltd. and the Greater Bombay Telugu Co-operative Credit Society Ltd. at the Bombay Development Chawls at Worli, at a mass meeting held at Jamburi Maidan under the presidentship of Mr S. L. Silam, M.L.A.

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya welcomed the guests.

The Finance Minister, declaring open these co-operative bodies in a speech in Marathi explained how these co-operative bodies were bound to prove beneficial to the poor day-to-day workers by promoting self-help, thrift and economy in their midst. He congratulated the organisers for realising the benefits of the co-operative movement which the Congress and the Government had pledged themselves to promote so as to help the poor to tide over the economic crisis.

The function was attended amongst others by Mr. Venkatapayya, Finance Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Mr. S. N. Sastry, President, Bombay Andhra Mahasabha and Mr. N. H. Pandya, Hon. Secretary Legal Aid Society. Messages congratulating the organisers received from the Hon'ble Mr. Naik-Nimbalkar, Development Minister, Mr. and Mrs. Munshi, Dr. R. K. Naidu of Poona and several others.

LIGHT SHOWERS IN THE SOUTH

All India Weather

POONA, Jan. 10, (PTI): Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, Jan. 10, 1950:—

Rainfall has occurred locally in south-east Madras. Weather has been dry elsewhere in the country

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in the region extending from the East Punjab to Orissa and the north Madras coast.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL WEDNESDAY EVENING:—Weather will be dry over the country except for a few light showers in the southern districts of south-east Madras and in south Malabar.

Night temperatures will fall in the United Provinces, north-east India, the central parts of the country, the north Deccan, Gujarat, and Saurashtra and Cutch.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from Dec. 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours I.S.T. on Jan. 10, 1950:—

Ahmedabad 86 63 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 82 55 0 0 minus 0.4, Bangalore 76 59 0 0 minus 0.5, Baroda 90 56 0 0 0, Belgaum 80 60 0 0 minus 0.4, BOMBAY 90 70 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 78 53 0 0 minus 0.3, Colombo 90 74 0 3.6 minus 3.1, Delhi 79 48 0 0.1 minus 0.5, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 54 0 0 minus 0.4, Lucknow 71 — 0 0 minus 0.5, Madras 85 73 0.4 minus 5.6, Mahabaleshwar 74 53 0 0 minus 0.3, Mysore — 66 0 0 minus 0.4, Nagpur 81 50 0 0 minus 0.8, Patna 71 47 0 0 minus 0.3, Poona 83 50 0 0 minus 0.2, Sholapur 86 57 0 0 minus 0.5, Simla 56 40 0 1.6 minus 0.2, Surat 92 64 0 0 minus 0.1.

Work 24 Hours A Day

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Jan. 10.

Presenting the sanads to the Home Guards at a meeting held at Kurla on Saturday night, Mr. Boosrath, Director of Prohibition Home Guards, said that the rank and file of the Home Guards movement should be prepared to work all the twenty-four hours of the day. Government would provide them with the necessary equipment to carry out their onerous duties with efficiency and they should faithfully and fearlessly do their work assigned to them.

DEATH SENTENCE ON SCHOOL-TEACHER

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Chainani)

Crown .....

vs.

Krishnaji Rajaram Garad .. Accused

Their lordships confirmed the sentence of death passed upon the accused, a school-teacher of Pandharpur, by the Additional Sessions Judge of Sholapur for the murder of his wife and dismissed his appeal.

The accused had been ill-treating his wife Yeshoda to whom he had been married for 20 years and by whom he had five children.

On the date of the offence viz., 3rd August 1948, the trouble started over his bath-water. Finding that it was very hot he poured some on her person. A passer-by whose attention was drawn towards the incident, admonished the accused. Thereafter while the children were away on errands, the accused beat Yeshoda with an iron bar. Sometime later the deceased was found lying in a pool of blood with the accused standing on the verandah in blood-stained clothes.

The defence of the accused was that on returning from his father's house, he found Yeshoda lying in a pool of blood. Seeing this, the accused stated that he fainted and fell down and his clothes became stained with blood.

Mr. M. G. Chitale appeared for the accused. The Assistant Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

FACTORIES IN THE PROVINCE

More Come Under The Act

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The number of factories in Bombay Province subject to the control of the Factories Act increased from 5,192 in 1947 to 5,735 in 1948, says the report on the administration of the Act for the year 1948. During the year, the number of operatives employed in all industries was 7,37,460 as compared with 6,97,895 in the preceding year.

One thousand and ninety-six factories were added to the register in the year under review, while 553 were removed, the net addition being 543. The total number of working factories increased from 4,703 to 5,254, which represented an increase of 551 over the previous year's total. Of these factories, 4,161 were perennial concerns, the remaining 1,093 being seasonal.

Seven hundred and fifty-eight cases were instituted against 215 factories during the year. Convictions were secured in 524 cases against 163 factories, the total amount of fines imposed being Rs. 21,551. In 26 cases against six factories, the accused were acquitted and six cases were withdrawn.

Two hundred and two cases were pending against 49 factories at the end of the year.

Nineteen cases were instituted against the occupiers of factories for the failure to submit the notice of occupation, 22 and 64 cases against eight and twenty factories for an irregular employment of women, and children respectively, and five cases for the failure to provide latrine accommodation.

Rashtrabhasha Examinations

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The ensuing Rashtrabhasha Examinations Prarambhik, Pravesh, Parichaya, Kovid and Ratna—of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will be held on April 15 and 16, 1950. Application forms with fees will be accepted from 20th to 29th inst.

Students who have passed some equivalent examinations in Hindi and wish to appear directly for Parichaya and Kovid are asked to submit the prescribed Prarthana Patra duly endorsed by the Pracharak, with the original certificate, January 15, 1950, between 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. at the office of the Rashtrabhasha Sabha—Fellowship School Compound, Gowalia Tank, Bombay No. 26.

The Pulse Of The City

COURAGEOUS ACT: Two persons, one of whom was armed with a revolver and a dagger entered the residence of one Indra Kishan at Palli Hill, Bandra, at midnight, Monday. The woman of the house noticing the shadow-like figures creeping stealthily across the corridor near her bed-room raised an alarm, on which Indra Kishan woke up, ran towards the housewife's room. He threw himself on one of the intruders, removed a loaded revolver from his person. The other thief had escaped in the meantime under cover of darkness. Neighbours soon informed the police who took into custody Kashiram, the man alleged to have been caught. The other accomplice is said to be a Pathan, who is still at large.

THEFT CHARGE: Chhaganlal Jiwanbhai and Naraindas Lovjibhai, two assistants in an embroidery shop, at Charni Road were arrested by the police, Monday, on a charge of stealing cash to the tune of Rs. 1,500, from the shop.

The Princess Street police arrested Satyanarain Ganesh Narayan, Babu Rama, and Mohanlal Birja for alleged theft. A woman residing at Fanaswadi left two pearl bangles in the wash basin when she went for a bath. She forgot to take her ornaments, valued at Rs. 1,000, when she left, and on returning found them missing.

NOMINATED: Sheth Madan Mohan Ruia has been nominated for the Vice-Presidentship of the Indian Merchants Chamber for the year 1950. Mr. Ruia belongs to the well-known firm of Messrs. Ramnarayan Bros. Ltd., and is supported by the leading Commercial and Industrial Houses.

GOVERNMENT PLEDGE: Bombay's Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta inaugurating two co-operative societies in Bombay, Sunday, said that the Government had pledged itself to promote the co-operative movement so as to help the poor to tide over the economic crisis. In a short address, Mr. Mehta explained how these co-operative bodies were bound to prove beneficial to the poor day to day workers by promoting self-help, thrift and economy in their midst.

MAZAGAON TIN FACTORY: The Industrial Tribunal consisting of Mr. I. G. Thakore has awarded 1/9th of the wages as bonus, provident fund, leave rules, etc., to workers in the dispute between Mazagaon Tin Factory and the workmen employed under it.

CITY FACTORY LOCK-OUT: The Pashabhai Patel and Co., Ltd., Sion, have declared a lock-out from December 30th, 1949, in answer to the demands put up by the workers' Union. The workers' Union has requested the Labour Deptt. of the Government of Bombay to intervene and see that the factory is re-opened and dispute be referred to adjudication. The factory is owned by the Central Government, and is given on contract. Metal Mazdoor Sangh has requested the Government to take over the factory if the present management is not prepared to run it.

MAKE BRETHREN LITERATE

Premier Kher's Call

KARWAR, Jan. 10.

The importance of libraries in a country like India where literacy was very low and especially in view of adult franchise that was coming under the new Constitution, was stressed by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, unveiling a portrait of Mahatma Gandhi at the Karwar General Library, yesterday.

The Premier added that future India would be free from communal and other sectional bias and would have society based on equality.

After performing the ceremony of the unveiling of an oil portrait of Mahatma Gandhi, the Premier said that the was glad to be invited to unveil the portrait in one of the old and well-established libraries. Paying a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi the Premier said that he was the architect of Indian Freedom.

"We are going to have a society based on equality like that of the days of ancient kings of Raghu dynasty, the Premier declared. He then described how the Upanishads had also emphasized victory of spirit over matter and said that the riches of one should not cause unhappiness to others.

The Premier then emphasized the importance of universal dissemination of knowledge, which Gandhiji had advocated and the need of making more and more of their brethren literate. He also said that it was the duty of every able-bodied man to help increase the nation's food production.

Concluding, the Premier said that the Bombay Government was not neglecting Karnatak's interests and appealed to the Kannadigas to help the Government in tackling the various problems facing the country.

CONDITIONS TO BE FULFILLED

Recognition Of Accountants

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI): The Government of India have today announced certain conditions for fulfilment by persons who have passed the G.D.A. examination, or its recognised equivalent for registering as members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

According to a gazette notification today, the following are categories of qualified persons entitled to enrolment: (1) officers not below the rank of Income Tax Officer in the Income Tax Department of the Government of India who have a minimum service of six years in such capacity and who have reasonable experience in assessment of companies or experience of a similar nature.

(2) Income Tax consultants with a minimum practice of ten years.

(3) Auditors of private companies, co-operative societies or private firms, with a minimum practice of ten years and having at least 15 units under their audit.

(4) Chief accountants, accountants, internal auditors or those in similar posts, for a period of ten years, in a commercial firm which has a minimum paid-up capital of Rs. 6 lakhs and/or a working capital of Rs. 6 lakhs, or in any similar post which would give equivalent experience under Government or a local authority.

A special committee of the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants consisting of its President and Vice-President and the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce will consider and dispose of applications for enrolment.

BIBINAGAR CASE

Villager Cross-Examined

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 10 (UPI):—Syed Kasim Razvi's counsel Mr. Baqar Hussain, today cross-examined Malagari Siviah, a merchant, in the Bibinagar Dacoity Case before the Special Tribunal.

This unsophisticated villager told the court how the Razakars looted gold and silver, besides Rs. 500 in cash, from his house. The ornaments, he said, included ten rings and two chains which he made when he was blessed with a grand-child some five years ago. He prepared a list of articles robbed by the Razakars but did not hand it over to the Investigating Officer. He, however, told him orally what he had lost, he added.

Further cross-examined, he stated that he saw Kasim Razvi once before the incident. It was near the Mozamjhai market that he was going in a motor car. He described the dress he was wearing then.

His cross-examination had not concluded when the court rose for the day.

ENTERTAINMENTS ON JANUARY 26 AND 27

Government Relaxes Rules

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has authorised the Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, to permit clubs, institutions, hotels, etc., to hold dances and other entertainments upto 4 a.m. on the nights of January 26 and 27, on the occasion of the inauguration of the Indian Republic. Applications for holding such dances and entertainments should be addressed to the Commissioner of Police.

All cooks agree "you gotta use der" POLSON'S GHEE

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS
AUCTION SALES

1 PLACE OF AUCTION: Delhi Cantt. Vehicles Depot.
DATE AND TIME: 19th., 20th. and 21st January, 1950 (Thursday, Friday and Saturday—(Full day) at 10 a.m.
STORES: Surplus—Vehicles, Chevrolet, Ford, Dodge, Studebaker, Crossley, Thorny-croft, Morris Austin, Trucks and Lorries of 3 Ton, 3 1/2 Ton, 30 Cwts., 15 Cwts., and 8 Cwts. capacity; Tractors, Trailors, Motor Cycles of various makes—Total approximately 300 Nos.

2 PLACE OF AUCTION: Kanpur, Salvage Sub Depot (C.O.D.).
DATE AND TIME: 23rd., 24th and 25th January, 1950 (Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday) at 10 a.m.
PLACE OF DELIVERY: Central Ordnance Depot, Kanpur
STORES: Surplus—Cases Mattresses, 23000 Nos. Stocking Black, 8000 Pairs; Ground Sheets, 7500 Nos; Covers Water proof, 1200 Nos; Jackets Cotton, 900 Nos; Tape Newar 1", 152000 Yds; Cordage Jute all sizes, 271100 Pms; Cordage Hemp 2" and 3" 342000 Pms; Webbings of sizes, 268000 Doz. Yds; Mask Dust, 50000 Nos; Cordage Cotton 1.3/4", 27000 Pms; Duck Cotton, 2400 Yds; Ropes G. I., 150000 Pms; Steel Wire, 165000 Pms; Knives Clasp, 100000 Nos; Tin Openers, 67000 Nos; Cork Screws, 25200 Nos; Frying Pans, 31500 Nos; Basins Enamelled 6", 150000 Nos; Cans 3 Gall., 7550 Nos; Shovels, 5700 Nos; Dishes of sizes; Block Tackles; Levers Clamps Double Throat and Cooker Oil Components.
NOTE—Stores of like category will be lotted together and sold

3 PLACE OF AUCTION: Chheoki (Allahabad) Vehicles Depot.
DATE AND TIME: 29th., 30th and 31st January, 1950 (Sunday, Monday and Tuesday) at 10 a.m.
STORES: Surplus—Approximately 243 Vehicles—Makes and description similar to (1) above, in addition 4 Albion Lorries.

4 PLACE OF AUCTION: Raipur (C.P.) E.S.D.
DATE AND TIME: 2nd, 3rd and 4th February, 1950 (Thursday, Friday and Saturday—(Full day) at 10 a.m.
STORES: Surplus—Block Pulleys, 233 Nos; Valves of Types; Glass Substitute Cloth, 495727 Sq. ft; Drills Diamond of sizes; Coils Choke; Conduit Boxes and Fittings; G. I. Bolts and Nuts; Sodium Bichromate, 1377 Lbs.

AUCTIONEERS:
1. M/s. Ram Krishna Jaily & Co., Katra Nil, Delhi will conduct auction No. 1.
2. M/s. P. Stanwill & Co., Mahatma Gandhi Road, Kanpur will conduct auction No. 2.
3. M/s. Ram Das Agarwal & Brothers, Albert Road, Allahabad will conduct auction No. 3.
4. M/s. Gopi Chand & Sons, Thatheri Bazar, Banaras will conduct auction No. 4.

IMPORTANT:
1. Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction
2. Any stores may be held back from auction.
3. Octroi/Terminal tax, where in force, is payable by purchasers.
4. The stores can be viewed 2 days before the date of auction at the depots concerned.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS).
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AC/RCDK/83

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4, 6-45, 9-30. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
EVERGREEN Release.

5,000 Acres More Under Plough

POONA SCHEME

(From Our Own Correspondent)

POONA, Jan. 10.

Five thousand acres of land will be brought under cultivation in the district of Poona, as a result of small irrigation schemes which are being undertaken soon, under local initiative.

Giving this information to the press, Shri M. R. Yardi, Collector of Poona stated that fifty bunds will be raised in the district at a cost of a lakh of rupees. The villagers and the Government will share this expenditure equally. A non-official committee of experts is being formed to help the scheme. About sixteen lift-irrigation projects will also be undertaken.

Referring to the compost manure scheme, the Collector said that about 11,497 compost-pits have been dug throughout the district so far, and of them 1188 have been already used by the cultivators.

Mr. Yardi disclosed that the 'Rabbi' crop in the district has been adversely affected by the 'Khaira' disease, which has arisen due the failure of rains in November last.

MEDICAL SOCIAL WORK PROFESSOR

Mrs. Bhatt Appointed

(From A Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Jan 9: Mrs. Divya M Bhatt, B.A., M.Sc. (Social Work) U.S.A., who has been appointed Professor of Medical Social Work and Case Work Practice at the Post-graduate School of Social Work, Delhi University, will soon proceed to New Delhi to take up her appointment. Mrs. Bhatt, who is the first Indian lady to get the Watumull Foundation (U.S.A.) scholarship for studies in Medico-Social Work, is also the first Indian to specialise in this subject. In addition to her duties with the Delhi University, she is also entrusted with the work to organise social work units in Delhi Hospitals by the Health Ministry, Government of India, which is the first of its kind in Delhi.

Mrs. Bhatt is the daughter of late Gijubhai Badheka, the renowned educationist of India, who brought in a revolution in child education throughout Gujrat. Her work has also been amply helped by her husband, Dr. Mahendra Bhatt, Director of Public Health, Saurashtra. Dr and Mrs. Bhatt together have travelled extensively throughout the United States of America and the Continent to get a first hand knowledge of the systems of Medical and Social services prevailing there.

Elections To Indore City Municipal Council

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Jan. 9.

About 375 persons are reported to have filed as candidates for the mehbership of the Indore City Municipal Council. The constitution of the Council provides for 22 elected and 12 Government nominated members. The elections, which are to be held on the basis of adult franchise, will take place in March next. The list of candidates will be published on January 22.

The Congress Committee has not yet selected its candidates.

Tenancy Bill Passed By Frontier Province

PESHAWAR, Jan. 9 (PTI): The N. W. F. P. Tenancy Bill as amended by the Select Committee which, confers full proprietory rights on occupancy tenants was passed by the Frontier Assembly on last day of its four-day winter session here today. Soon after the passage of the Bill the Assembly adjourned 'sine die'.

The Bill also abolished "beggar system" (rendering of service to landlords without pay), made ejectment of tenants unlawful except under decree or order of competent authority and provided for summary trial of those who obstructed tenant in getting his due share of produce.

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Allahabad City	Kanpur
Ambala	Kanpur City
Amritsar	Khatauli
Auraiya	Kosi Kalan
Banaras	Kunch
Banda	Lahore
Bareilly	Lucknow
Bareilly City	Lucknow Aminabad Park
Barhaj	Lucknow City
Bindki	Ludhiana
Bombay	Lyallpur
Bombay, Kalbadevi Road.	Mathura
Buxar	Meerut
Calcutta	Mirzapur
Calcutta, Burra Bazar	Moradabad
Candausi	Moradabad City
Dehra Dun	Mussoorie
Delhi	Muzaffarnagar
Deoria	Nagpur
Dibai	Nagpur City
Etawah	Nainital
Faizabad	New Delhi
Fatehpur	Orai
Firozabad	Patna
Ghaziabad	Rae Bareli
Gorakhpur	Raipur
Gulaothi	Rajnandgaon
Hapur	Shahjahanpur
Hardoi	Siswa Bazar
	Sitapur

J. F. WOOD,
General Manager.

(2)

Madras Weekly Newsletter

Will Andhra Province Be Delayed?

REACTIONS TO NEHRU'S STATEMENTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS, (By Air Mail).

TO the Andhras who have been hoping that the Andhra Province would be an accomplished fact by January 26 next, the Prime Minister's statements in Delhi and in Madras on his way to Colombo have come as a damper.

The Prime Minister was not sure that the various issues connected with the formation of the new province could be fully considered before January 26, and his reference to "other parties" interested in the matter and other factors involved in it have produced the impression that the question will have to undergo further examination in spite of the recommendations in the report of the Partition Committee and of the Madras Government.

In his Madras interview to the press, Pandit Nehru specifically referred to the question of finances, which he said were "under the examination of the Finance Ministry". He seemed to feel that the constitutional procedure prescribed under the new Constitution for the creation of new provinces would not be much of an obstruction to the implementation of the Andhra province though the general impression is that it would involve considerable delay. The reference to other parties involved in the matter makes one feel that the agitation for the Karnataka province had made him feel that some amount of caution was necessary in taking a decision on the Andhra province. The one hopeful aspect of the Prime Minister's statement was, however, his observation that since "the question has already gained momentum", its future progress could not possibly stop at this stage.

LEGISLATURE'S MOVE

In the meantime, the Madras Government have introduced legislation in the Madras Legislature presenting an address to the Governor to request the Governor-General to issue an order or proclamation constituting a separate High Court for the Andhra Province. The motion has been adopted by both Houses of the Legislature and it took note of the desire of the Andhras as expressed by the Partition Committee, to have separate High Court for themselves. There was some opposition to the proposal from a section of the Legislature on the ground, firstly, that the principal seat of the High Court should not be outside the Madras city and inside the province to be and secondly, that the legislature was not taken into confidence in regard to the report of the Partition Committee and its recommendations. But the opposition was overruled, on the consideration that when the Andhras want a separate province to be constituted and desire that the existing High Court also to be divided, it was necessary that the principal seat of the Court should be somewhere within the jurisdiction of the new province itself. Otherwise, it was pointed out, there was no impediment to the same High Court exercising jurisdiction over the two provinces, as was done by the Patna High Court over Orissa for a long time.

Andhras are now awaiting very eagerly further developments in connection with the province question, though it is evident that nothing much would happen until Pandit Nehru returns to Delhi from the Commonwealth Conference. In the meantime, Delhi will be in full possession of the various reactions to the Prime Minister's statements and also of the viewpoints of the Madras Government and the Partition Committee and of the contents of the dissenting note appended to the Committee's report by Mr. T. Prakasam, one of the members of the Partition Committee, with regard to the location of the temporary capital of the Andhra Province in Madras and the need for Central Government arbitration on the division of assets and liabilities between Andhra and the residuary provinces.

COMPULSORY LOAN

The Madras Government's proposal to collect a surcharge of one year's land revenue as a compulsory loan from the agriculturists in the province, which was supposed to have been dropped, is now stated to be very much under active consideration. A volley of questions in the Madras Assembly on that matter have elicited the information that the question instead of being "shelved" is only awaiting finalisation.

Mr. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, produced the impression by a statement to the press sometime back that the proposal was not being considered, and a section of the press reported him as saying that it was "dropped". The Finance Minister has now come out with the explanation that the press did not report him correctly.

It was revealed in the course of the replies that the Government would finalise their scheme in this connection in the near future, and that in doing so, they would take into account the various points of criticism urged against it. They would also take into account the consideration that the Andhra districts were recently subject to a very severe type of cyclone havoc, which had involved the agriculturists in that area in great loss and suffering, and also the consideration that the southern districts are experiencing a drought. They would, in finalising the scheme, take into account the need to make exemptions in certain cases, so that the loan would not cause hardship to those agriculturists whose economic position has become unsatisfactory on account of natural calamities or otherwise.

While the general public regard the proposal for what is characterised a "compulsory levy" and as "a forced loan" by a section of the press on the agriculturists as "inopportune", there is also a recognition of the fact that the Government do require funds for carrying through some development works and essential capital expenditure on public works, which are capable of bringing in a return in the near future. And since the Government of India have advised them against either going into the open market for a loan or selling securities, there is no other way of getting the necessary funds except through making a direct approach to the public for voluntary contributions or by levying some such compulsory contribution as that now proposed.

FISCAL COMMISSION'S WORK

The chairman of the Indian Fiscal Commission, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, had gone a little out of his way in Madras when he invited Editors and representatives of the local press to discuss with him and the members of the Commission the scope of the work of the Fiscal Commission. He explained to them the terms of reference of the Commission, pointing out that there was an important difference between the terms of reference of the last Fiscal Commission and the present one, in that the latter were wider and more comprehensive. The Commission would thus have to report not only on the general principles that should guide the grant of protection to industries but also on the place protective measures would occupy in a co-ordinated plan of economic development for the whole country including the States and States Unions integrated with India. The Commission has issued a detailed questionnaire covering over a hundred points, such as the changes in the economic background of the country since the last Fiscal Commission reported, the actual results of the working of discriminating protection, the effect of tariff policy on the growth and development of industries, non-fiscal measures necessary for the development of industries, the place which cottage industries occupy in the industrial scheme and the need for measures to protect them against competition from outside imports and machine products, fiscal policy in relation to Commonwealth preference and so on. The Commission, said the chairman, expected to finish its work by the end of March and submit its report to the India Government by the end of April or the beginning of May.

NATIONALISATION

In reply to questions, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari said that the question of nationalisation of industries in general or of any industry in particular was not within the purview of the Commission's work, which is taking as its basis and guide the Policy Statement of the Government of India on Industrialisation. But that does not prevent the Committee from making any "radical recommendations" with regard to any particular industry, if it felt necessary, in view of the information coming into its possession in regard to that industry in the course of investigation. Specific mention was made in this connection to the sugar industry. The Commission would have very much in mind the need for the protection of the interests of the consumers in any measures it would recommend for the protection of industries. The Commission's mind was also working on the lines of suggesting a comprehensive body which would have control over various aspects of the working of fiscal policy besides the establishment of a Tariff Board, which would enquire into specific cases, so that the policies in that regard will be subject to continuous examination and scrutiny and revision instead of the ad hoc enquiries and remedies that have been the feature so far. The Commission is almost certain to advocate the establishment of a National Planning Commission.

FIGHTING TUBERCULOSIS

"I am terribly unhappy about the lack of accommodation for treatment of tuberculosis patients in the whole of India", said Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister in the course of a statement to the press in Madras. She said that there are on a rough estimate half a million sufferers from that scourge in the country while the number of beds available is only eight thousands. "I am working day and night to increase the number of beds" she added. The infection cannot be stopped unless the patients are isolated.

Referring to the treatment of cancer, the Health Minister pointed out, that she was glad that in Madras efforts are being made to increase facilities for cancer treatment. There was a huge amount of work ahead to improve the health conditions in the country in general, but the Rajkumari said that "she was not depressed" and they were doing their best to improve things.

While in Madras Rajkumari Amrit Kaur laid the foundation for the Nursing Home and Free dispensary organised under the auspices of the Andhra Mahila Sabha of Madras. In that connection she paid a tribute to the valuable services rendered by the Andhra Mahila Sabha to the cause of women's education in Madras.

BY-ELECTIONS TO PARLIAMENT

The selection of candidates for election to the Indian Parliament from Madras for the seats rendered vacant by the abolition of dual membership of Provincial and Central Legislatures, has given rise to a lot of criticism. It has been stated that the selection of candidates was made without references to the qualifications or merits of the candidates and purely on the basis of personal favouritism and party and group considerations. In fact some of the selectees are absolutely unknown to the public either for their work or other qualifications.

UNIVERSITY BODY REPORT

Advisory Board To Meet Again

CUTTACK, Jan. 9 (UPI): The sixteenth meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education which met at Cuttack, came to a close today, earlier than was originally expected.

The main subject for discussion before the Board when it resumed its deliberations this morning, was the report of the University Commission appointed under the chairmanship of Dr. S. Radhakrishnan.

The majority of the members of the Central Advisory Board of Education were of the opinion that they should be afforded more time to study and examine the report and recommendations of the University Commission before they could advise Government on them.

After some discussion, the Board agreed on the suggestion of the Chairman, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, that a special session of the Board may be held in the middle of April next for the consideration of the University Commission's report only.

Before dispersing the members adopted a resolution expressing their disappointment at the drastic reduction in the education budget of the Central Government and urged upon the Government of India as well as Provincial administrations the need for giving priority to their educational programmes.

AERO WORKERS IN CONFERENCE

Deputation To Wait On Mr. Kidwai

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Jan. 10.

About a hundred delegates representing nearly 15,000 airways employees assembled in conference at Khar during the week-end and passed a series of resolutions affecting their well-being. Speakers who took part in the Conference demanded an immediate enquiry into the "unhealthy development in the air industry". They urged that retrenchment, wage cut and other anti-labour measures, which were being enforced by the Air Operators, should be stopped forthwith.

It was also decided at the Conference that a deputation should wait on Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister of Communications in order to place their viewpoint before him. Mr. V. B. Raju, President of the Aero Employees Federation, said that the deputation would press upon Mr. Kidwai to issue an Ordinance stopping retrenchment and wage-cut pending the findings of the enquiry committee which the Government of India have promised to set up review the working of the Indian air companies.

U. P. SWITCHING OVER TO HINDI

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10 (UPI): Replying to a question in the U.P. Legislative Assembly today, the Premier's Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. Govind Sahai, said that the use of Hindi in Devnagri script was increasing in all Government departments but it would take some time to go over completely to Hindi. In the law courts also, he further said, Urdu was being replaced by Hindi.

The Police Minister revealed, in reply to a question, that 2,250 police cases had to be postponed by the courts for more than two times in 1949 in different districts of the Province because the police could not produce necessary proof against the accused.

Madame Joliot-Curie To Open Cancer Hospital

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (PTI): Madame Joliot-Curie, well-known scientist and daughter of the discoverer of radium, Madame Curie, will open the Chittaranjan Cancer Hospital at Chittaranjan Seva Sadan on Thursday next. Dr. B. C. Roy, West Bengal Premier, will preside.

The hospital which will be run by the Deshbandhu Memorial Trust will have the million-volt treatment service, the first of its kind in Asia.

Bihar Accords Priority To Education Schemes

RS. 4 CRORES TO BE SPENT IN CURRENT YEAR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PATNA, (By Air Mail).

THE Government of Bihar deserve to be congratulated for their decision to spend twenty per cent of their revenues on education this year. Bihar is perhaps the first Provincial Government to give such a high priority to education.

Shortly after proclaiming their programme of social education, covered in these columns recently, they have made an announcement that during the current financial year, the Government are going to spend Rs. 4 crores on education. Bihar has a revenue of Rs. 20 crores only. By this decision the Government have worked out the recommendations of the Sargent Committee, which had recommended to the Government of India that all the Provincial Governments should strive to spend at least twenty per cent of their revenues on education alone.

CHOTA-NAGPUR EPISODE

The Chota-Nagpur Raja, who had last week acted unwisely in defying the Government authority by refusing to hand over his state, had had to yield at last.

Meanwhile the Executive and the Judiciary seem to have lost all links connecting them. Within a week after the executive's axe fell on the unfortunate neck of the Chota-Nagpur Raja, the judiciary through a judge of the lower court of this province came out with an ad-interim injunction restraining the Government from taking over his estate. It was indeed a paradox in that it came after the Government had already taken over his estate.

LAND REFORMS

The Bihar Land Reforms Bill, which was intended to repeal the Zamindari Abolition Act of 1948, has been referred to a select committee for enquiry and report. One of the most important features of the bill lies in the fact that it makes it obligatory and optional on the part of the Government to pay compensation either in cash or in bounds and in instalments. This was necessitated in view of the fact that under the old law the Government were expected to compensate the outgoing zamindars in cash.

Another Bill, the Bihar Premises Requisition Bill got through the Assembly stage when it was passed this week. Under one of its clauses, clause 16, it shall no longer be within the purview and the jurisdiction of courts to challenge the righteousness of a requisition.

Justifying the necessity of the enactment of this Bill, Mr. K. B. Sahay, the Revenue Minister, declared that his Government did not want to see the headquarters of the Eastern Command removed to some other place.

The Government have so far taken over 90 estates, having a revenue of more than Rs. 50,000 a year, out of the 113 listed so far. They intend to take over the remaining 23 by the end of the second week of this month.

PROJECTS

According to the latest project, the Kosi dam is going to be 2,000 feet high at top and about 85 feet at the base. The foundation will be about three times the height of Kutab Minar. For once Bihar will be proud to show the visiting this country the "T.V.A. of India."

* * *

Within six months after that mission of purification launched at Bhagalpur in August last, Bihar is once again holding workers' training camps with a view to rejuvenate the dead and the over-clogged veins of the Congress organisation.

PEOPLE'S HEALTH GOING DOWN

Banaras Medicos' Complaint

BANARES, Jan. 9 (PTI)—The Banaras Medical Association at a meeting held yesterday expressed concern over the progressive deterioration of public health with special reference to the prevalence of epidemic dropsy and beri beri in the city.

WHERE BRITAIN LAGS BEHIND

Unfavourable Balance In Commerce Of Ideas

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (PTI): Sir Eugen Milling-Drake, Vice-President of the British Poetry Society, said here today that there should be a balance of trade in the "commerce of ideas" also.

But, he admitted that after his tour of India he was taking home more than he had sold, striking an unfavourable balance against England in this case.

Sir Eugen, now on a cultural mission in India, told Rotarians in Calcutta that one should know more about the ways and ideas of the other with whom he had to deal in many spheres of life, individual and national.

Speaking on "the commerce of ideas" he said that poetry—"the essence of the culture of a country"—was the best medium of exchange between nations.

He appealed to all to facilitate exchange of ideas and ideals between younger generations of various countries. "This will influence the future of mankind profoundly for the better", he assured his audience.

B. O. A. C. Traffic Figures For '49

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10: A preliminary estimate of B.O.A.C.'s traffic figures for 1949 shows that the Corporation carried nearly 150,000 passengers and flew 408,626,763 passenger miles during the year. The figures for 1948, were 119,060 passengers and 365,500,000 passenger-miles.

In 1949, B.O.A.C. carried 2,969 tons of cargo, including diplomatic mail and excess baggage, compared with 3,166 tons last year.

Notable events in Corporation's year included the introduction of Argonaut Speed-birds on many of the routes to India, the Middle East and Far East.

Socialists Released

(From A correspondent.)

JAIPUR, Jan. 10.

The three Socialist Party workers—Mr. Shantilal Duriabhji, Secretary city committee, Mr. Purshottam Uttam, Joint Secretary, Provincial committee, and Mr. Hafiz Ahmed, who were arrested at Khandela on the night of December 31, and were put under detention for a period of 15 days in the Central Jail, Jaipur, have been released unconditionally. It may be recalled here that these three persons were taken in without any substantial reason.

They were profusely garlanded by the general public while coming out from the Central Jail and a procession was taken through the main streets and bazars of the city in their honour and a public meeting was held in the evening.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 9, (UPI): The Ministry of Commerce, has called upon the Indian consumers of raw jute to restrict the future yearly consumption of jute bags to a level not exceeding 75 per cent of the 1949 consumption and utilise used or second-hand gunny bags to the fullest possible extent.

Mr. Noel-Baker To Visit Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, January 10.

Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, British Secretary for Commonwealth Affairs will pass through Madras on January 17, 'en route' to New Delhi. He will stay here for two days, leaving for London on January 19.

Among other engagements, Mr. Noel-Baker is expected to meet the Press in New Delhi. He will stay here with the British High Commissioner, Sir Archibald Nye.

Sir Percival Leisching, British Under-Secretary for Commonwealth Affairs is another delegate to the Columbo Conference who is expected to pay a visit to New Delhi. The impending general elections in Britain, however, would not permit either of them to make any prolonged stay in New Delhi.

The Permanent Secretary to the British Cabinet, Mr. Norman Brooks is also expected here after the Columbo Conference. His presence will be utilised for the reorganisation of the governmental machinery, it is learned.

Mr. N. Gopalswamy Ayyangar's plan of 28 ministers met with considerable hostility here. The need for reorganisation, however, it is felt here, is imperative. 'Pari Passu' the growing volume of opinion holds that the British Cabinet machinery has stood the test of time.

Mr. Pillai, lately India's Charge d'Affairs in Paris who has been earmarked for Cabinet Secretaryship has been kept free to hold discussions with Mr. Norman Brooks. Mr. Brooks is expected to stay here for about ten days.

Goods Not Licensed For Import

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

The following important articles were licensed for imports from dollar area during January-June, 1949 period, but not licensed at all for imports from that source during July-December, 1949

Diesel engines, petrol and kerosene engines, motors and generators, jute machinery and stores, textile chemicals, dyes, knitting machines, milk and milk food tobacco unmanufactured, mineral oils, building and engineering materials, hardware including garage tools, motor cars, mineral oils manures, wood pulp, agricultural implements, dairy machinery, industrial sewing machines, electrical instruments.

Grants For Intensive Cultivation

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

On the basis of discussions which the Minister for Agriculture, United State of Travancore and Cochin, held with officials of the Central Government in October 1949, the Government of India have sanctioned a grant of Rs. 32,24,700 to meet 50 per cent of the expenditure on intensive cultivation schemes in 1949-50.

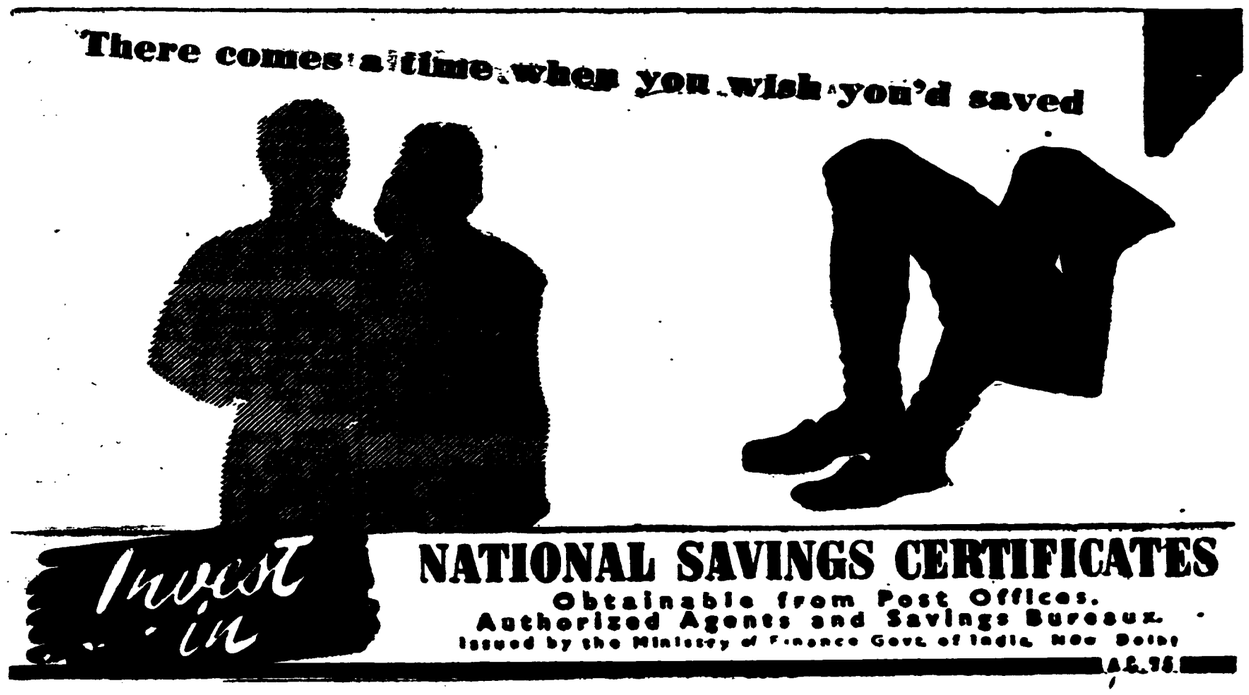
The major items are: Reclamation of grass land, Rs 9 lakhs; Minor irrigation, Rs 7-1'2 lakhs; Intensive manuring, Rs 10-3'4 lakhs; Expansion of comfort development, Rs 1.16 lakhs; Well sinking, Rs 3 lakhs.

Bombay-Sydney Radio 'Phone

AUSTRALIAN MOVE

MELBOURNE, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian post office is preparing radio-telephone tests with Indonesia and between Sydney and Bombay.

There is already telegraphic communication between Indonesia and Australia but arrangements for resumption of the telephone service, suspended early in the war, are complete at the Australia end.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A.S. 75

PETER PRINCE TO CLASH WITH CRANSTON OF BENGAL

Rangers Club Boxing At C. J. Hall Tonight

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Rangers Club, Bombay are staging yet another boxing meet tomorrow.

The programme for tomorrow night's boxing is well up to the usual Rangers Standard, and fans are assured of a good nights fighting.

Peter Prince, who holds the Western India and Ceylon Welterweight titles clashes with R. Cranston who holds the Bengal Welter title and represented India at the 1948 Olympics. They are an evenly matched pair and it is hard to predict a winner. They fight for the Dr. Bischoff Trophy Sharing honours ac a top liner is the Ralph Jansz vs. Ron Wilmer bout, in which the local Western India middles champion will be conceding the Ceylon Champion about 7 lbs. in weight. Both have won the "Best Boxers" trophies in their respective championships, and ought to serve up a grand fight. It will be a case of Wilmer's speed against Jansz's punch. B. Bose, the Bengal and Indian feather holder who fought at the Olympics clashes with Havelock Norris, and here again it is a question of the punch clashing with speed. S.

R. CRANSTON

Bengal Welterweight Champion and also holds the All India Railways welter championship. Represented India at the World Olympics at London in 1948, losing narrowly on points to Dias the Spanish champion.

Mazumdar the Bengal flyweight meets A. Thomas, the newly crowned Western India Champion.

The "Punching Copper" Janardan returns to the ring after a lay-off of 2½ years and Furtado, the popular Goan will also appear.

Pat Talbot (Burma feathers runner-up of 1948) will punch it out with Roquizino, who was the Western India runner up this year.

With Kothare, Kapper, Kelkar, Ballard, Sharma, Aaron, etc. on the bill, the fans are assured of a treat.

Mr. J. D. Nagarvala, Dy. Commissioner of Police, will preside.

Tickets will be on sale at the C. J. Hall from 10 a.m.

Programme For Wednesday

C. Carr (Nagpada) 135 lbs. vs. G. Rego (Tata) 134 lbs.

M. Aaron (Maccabi) 129 lbs. vs. P. Barke (Dadar) 128 lbs.

E. Reuber (MMV) 114 lbs. vs. B. D'Sa (Petits) 114 lbs.

Havildar Kelkar (Rangers) 110 lbs. vs. P. Khatau (Petits) 108 lbs.

B. E. Lobo (Nagpada) 134 lbs. vs. M. Carvalho (Dockyard) 133 lbs.

L/Stkr. E. Kapper (RIN) 116 lbs. vs. E. Kothare (Rangers) 116 lbs.

Stkr./Mech. Knowlayne (RIN) 115 lbs. vs. J. Salins (Petits) 114 lbs.

Havildar Janardan (Rangers) 135 lbs. vs. D. Lopez (Goans) 135 lbs.

L/E. M. Sharma (RIN) 132 lbs. vs. W. Parkinson (Jubbulpore) 135 lbs.

P. Talbot (Rangers-Burma) 122 lbs. vs. F. Roquizino (BEST) 126 lbs.

A. Thomas (BEST) 113 lbs. vs. Mazumdar (Ballygunj Inst., Bengal) 111 lbs.

F. Furtado (Tata) 136 lbs. vs. N. Ballard (Rangers) 129 lbs.

H. Norris (Rangers) 126 lbs. vs. B. Bose (Golden Gloves, Bengal) 125 lbs.

Ron Wilmer (Rangers) 147 lbs. vs. Ralph Jansz (Ceylon Police) 154 lbs.

Peter Prince (Rangers) 146 lbs. vs. R. Cranston (Golden Gloves, Bengal) 146 lbs.

Other Sport News On Page 11

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage:
2-30 p.m Ruia vs. Wilson (Inter College)
3-50 p.m. Young Comrades vs. Goan "B"
4-55 p.m. Times 'A' vs. G. B. Police (Provincial).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel
3 p.m. GIP Rly. 'D' vs. Ordnance
4 p.m. G. B. Police 'B' vs. GIP Rly. Carr. & Loco
5 p.m. Black Spiders vs. Thana District Police (Parel League)

Parsi Cyclists Ground:
3 p.m. Lever 'B' vs. Dockyard 'C'
4 p.m. Blue Wizards vs. Thos. Cook (Third Division)

BOXING

C. J. Hall:
9-30 p.m. Rangers Club Tournament.

BILLIARDS

Byculla YMCA:
6 p.m. I. M. Wilson (—350) vs. M. Shaffi. (—225).

TENNIS

Grant Medical College Courts
2-30 p.m. Men'sSingles First Round (remaining matches).

Tennis At Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, Jan. 10 (PTI): Seven more matches were decided today in the Hyderabad Hardcourt Tennis Championships this evening at the Mahdi Jung Stadium here.

In men's singles Ghulam Ghouse, local player, put up a grim fight against Janakiramiah of Bezwada, but was beaten in straight sets at 4-6, 3-6.

The following were the results of this evenings matches:—

Men's Singles

Bhujanga Rao (Bezwada) beat Asghar 6-4, 6-3; Nilakantan beat Murad 6-1, 6-3; Janakiramiah (Bezwada) beat Ghulam Ghouse (Hyderabad) 6-4, 6-3; Sajjad (Hyderabad) beat Afsar Latif (Hyderabad) 6-2, 6-1.

Men's Doubles

Sajjad and Parkunda (Hyderabad) beat A. R. Reddi (Hyderabad) and Prasad Rao (Madras) 6-0, 6-2; Nawab Ahmad Yar Jung and Krishnama (Hyderabad) beat Ibrahim and Lutfa Ali (Hyderabad) 6-3, 6-1.

Junior Singles

Narender Reddi beat Asif Qadri 7-5, 4-6, 6-2.

INTER-COLLEGE, TENNIS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Inter-collegiate Tennis Tournament which commenced yesterday, first round of the men's doubles event was decided this evening. The following are the complete results:—

M. R. Chowdhary and B. S. Panday (G.S.M. "B") beat Clerk and Shahani (G.M.C "B"), 6-2, 6-1; H. Merchant and M. B. Butani (St. X. "A") beat Mahesh Desai and M. L. Apte (E. C. & R. I. Sc. "B"), 6-4, 6-3; Krishnamurthy and Ananthram (V. J. T. I. "A"), beat D. Karai and M. N. Soman (Law "A"), 0-6, 6-4, 6-1; J. D. Vakeel and Arun Desai (Syd. "B"), beat G. H. Chandvani and P. B. Shah (Bhav. "A"), 6-1, 6-3; B. H. Khote and M. S. Aras (Wil. "A") w.o. Khalsa "B"; A. Pahilaj and Prem Mansukhani (Jai Hind "A") beat P. D. Bhat and R. L. Asher (Rula "A"), 6-2, 6-3; M. G. Pamnani and Padukone (Sid. "B") beat P. M. Modi and A. Kavarana (Podar "A") 6-2, 6-4; M. Dalsya and Y. Varawala (E. C. & R. I. Sc. "A") beat H. Patel and B. D. Dave (Sid "B") 6-1, 6-3; A. Chakravarty and O. Mehta (G.M.C. "A") beat P. B. Chhugani and B. Arasaradam (Khalsa "A") 6-2, 6-1; M. R. Desai and J. Wachha (Syd. "A") beat V. Mehta and P. B. Shah (Bhav. "B") 6-0, 6-0; A. Ajania and M. Sheikh (G.M.C. "B") beat E. M. Masam and S. H. Syed (Ismail "A") 6-3, 6-3; V. R. Jhaveri and D. M. Bhatt (Sid. "A") beat A. H. Syed and G. Kulkarni (Law "B"), 6-2, 6-3; H. H. Shah and M. G. Prabhu (Rula "A") beat N. H. Rawal and Madgil (Wilson "B") 7-5, 6-1; R. B. Tipnis and K. C. Mehta (N. M. C. "B") w.o. Jai Hind "B".

Princely Reception For Visitors At Kanpur

BANARAS, Jan. 10, (PTI): The United Provinces Cricket Association is bringing out a brochure (souvenir) in commemoration of the Fourth "Test" Match at Kanpur. It has been specially designed by an artist and the souvenir will contain photographs and messages from cricketers all over the world.

The U. P. C. A. will entertain the Commonwealth team to dinner on the Thirteenth and Fourteenth. There shall be an at home in honour of the President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, Mr. A. S. De Mello, at which an address will be presented by the U. P., test managing committee.

Three members of the Indian team and the Commonwealth team will reach Kanpur on the twelfth. The Commonwealth team will spend twelfth in Banaras and the Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagram will give a lunch in their honour at Vizianagaram Bhawan. They are specially coming to Banaras, it is stated, to see the memorable cricket ground at Vizianagram Bhawan, where the M. C. C. led by Douglas Jardine was defeated—the only defeat the M.C.C. suffered in India—and also some of the cricket bats specially autographed for the Maharajkumar by famous cricketers. The Maharaja of Banaras and the Maharajkumar will accompany the Commonwealth team to Kanpur on the twelfth evening.

Kanpur Proud Of Staging 'Test'

KANPUR, Jan. 9: Sir Har Govind Misra, President of the managing Committee of the Fourth Cricket Test Match, said in a statement here this evening that it was a matter of great pride that Kanpur was staging the Fourth cricket unofficial Test Match which in itself was a notable international event.

He said: "The match will give an opportunity to the public to see what we have achieved in the sphere of sports which forms the backbone of public life".

Sir Har Govind, appealed to he public of Kanpur and other places in the province to witness the cricket match from January 14 to 18. He expressed his gratitude to the railway authorities who had agreed to run a special train for the convenience of the Lucknow

PRINCESS PATS HER WINNER

Princess Elizabeth saw Monaveen, the horse she owns in partnership with the Queen, win a magnificent race by six lengths in the Queen Elizabeth Steeplechase at Hurst Park today (Saturday). She was first into the unsaddling enclosure to gree her 10-1 winner and affectionately patted the horse while she congratulated jockey Tony Gratiam. Crowds on the course roared Monaveen to victory against some of the stiffest opposition he has yet met. Picture shows: Princess Elizabeth delightedly pats her winner, Monaveen, in the unsaddling enclosure.

Shan-E-Hind And Jeanne d'Arc Top-Weights At 9st. 4lbs. Each

EVE CHAMPION CUP DAY RACES IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the handicaps for the Twelfth and Last Day of the Bombay Winter Races to be held at Mahalaxmi this Saturday:—

THE EVE CHAMPION CUP
DISTANCE—1 1/4 Miles

Shan-E-Hind 9-4, Jeanne d'Arc 9-4, Balam 9-3, Royal Crusader 9-1, Serenade 9-1, Kunigal Star 8-11, Fitna 8-8.

THE KHANDWA PLATE
DISTANCE—6 Furs.

This race has been declared void.

THE WAVELL PLATE
DISTANCE—6 Furs.

New Moon 9-4, Gay Pilot 9-2, My Pet 8-10, Full House 8-8, Doorani 8-5, Fair Haven 8-4, Flying Arrow 8-2, Happy Go Lucky 8-0, Snehprabha 8-0, Big Blaze 7-13, Abbess 7-11, Independence 7-11, Parting Summer 7-10, Pankaj 7-9, Adeline 7-8, Red Bird 7-6, Je Reviens 7-0.

THE BERAR CUP
DISTANCE—1 1/2 Miles

The Judge 9-3, Her Excellency 9-0, Desert Knight 8-13, Panditji 8-12, Masquerade 8-12, Pan Supari 8-11, Valiant Prince 8-10, Lira Malt 8-10, Riviera 8-8, D. Day 8-7, Filmindia 8-4, Mack 8-4, Par Excellence 8-3, Just Wait 8-3, Wet Bob 8-2, Triple Alliance 8-2, Sir Galahad 8-0, Untamed Prince 8-0, Fashion Parade 7-13.

THE BILKHA PLATE (Division I)
DISTANCE—1 Mile 1 Fur.

Baaz Bahadur 9-2, Mansoor Beg 9-0 Royal Flower 9-0, Blue Lotus 8-11, Summer Lightning 8-11, Truman 8-7, Manzoor 8-7, Your Majesty 8-5, Who's That 8-4, Shubh Laxmi 8-3, Dragon Seed 8-3, Spring Chicken 8-3, La Jawab 8-1, Once Again 8-1, Windsor Park 7-10, Find Out 7-9.

THE BILKHA PLATE (Division II).
DISTANCE—1 Mile 1 Fur.

Game Bid 9-2, Pay Master 8-13, Aan Baan 8-11, Repartee 8-7, Neola 8-7, Sweet Maryla 8-6, Dev Doot 8-6, Put All 8-5, Nirvana 8-5, Queen of Gwalior 8-4, Shah Jahan 8-4. Nasrullah 8-3, Taslaroon 8-3, Pride d'Antibes 8-3, Pavan 8-1, Windsor Knight 7-10.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE SARGODHA PLATE (Division I)
DISTANCE—7 Furs.

Pessu Pasha 9-6, The Conqueror 9-3, Shah Fredoon 9-3, Indra-Mohini 9-3, Revel On 9-0, Aafrin 8-10, Shivneri 8-9 Kotidhwaj 8-9, Raj Luxmi 8-6, Florida 8-2, Loyal Prince 8-1, The Cavalier 7-13, Shah of Iran 7-13, Maniana 7-10, Past the Post 7-9, Padhuma 7-6, Miss Pierrot 7-6, Lake Success 7-6, Ghaflah 7-6, Basilian 7-6, Little Star 7-5, Bentex 7-4, Red Spear 7-2, Montlort 7-0.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys, and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE SARGODHA PLATE (Division II)
DISTANCE—7 Furs.

Gwalior Express 9-4, Armina 9-2, Topflight 9-2, Chrissie Darling 9-2, Royal Highness 8-12, Cool and Collected 8-6, Striding Edge 8-5, Jahan Zaib 8-2, Solar Song 8-2, Parker Prince 8-2, Pick Pocket 8-2, Desert Queen 8-0, Won Thousand 7-12, Romantic 7-12, Botticelli 7-12, Midinette 7-12, Titina 7-12, Star of Iran 7-12, Gay Boy 7-12, Gipsy Lore 7-10, Amarnath 7-10, Santinella 7-7, Mumtaz Mahal II 7-7, Slap and Tickle 7-7, Kiss Miss 7-4.

To be ridden by Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE (Div. I)
DISTANCE—5 Furs.

Anasuya 8-12, Something Special 8-12, Laughing Lady 8-12, Wagh Mahal Flying Banner 8-12, Mexico 8-12, Cold Shoulder 8-12, Coral 8-12, Supa 8-12, Amorette 8-12, Fulana 8-12, Mohabat 8-12, Patricia 8-12.

THE GHATKOPAR PLATE (Div. II)
DISTANCE—5 Furs.

Gita Jali 8-12, Gay Girl 8-12, Harlem Day 8-12, Takaiul 8-12, Rumbita 8-12, Piarehind 8-12, Sheribeen 8-12, Fairy Gates 8-12, Short Story 8-12, Masked Lady 8-12, Madras 8-12, Nagarpalika 8-12, Musette 8-12, Atinette 8-12, Chandralekha 8-12, Beeds Luck 8-12, Red Carnation 8-12.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

R.I.N. SCORE 179 IN SERVICES CRICKET

R. I. A. F. Reply With 109 For Five

POONA, Jan. 10.

A sound 49 inclusive of seven fours by Lieutenant Madhok and a polished 45 by Lieut.-Commander K. K. Sanjana, a former Pentangular player, enabled the Royal Indian Navy to hit up 179 runs in their first innings, in the first semi-final of the All-India Inter-services Cricket Championship against the Royal Indian Air Force.

On a perfect turf wicket 15 wickets fell today for only 288 runs on the first day of the three-day fixture. The Royal Indian Navy made a disastrous start but Lieuntenant Madhok and Lieut-Commander Sanjana playing cautious cricket enabled their side to score 179 runs. Corporal Inamdar with his spinners had all the batsmen in difficulties and though he was accorded poor support on the field, he ultimately finished with an analysis of five for 80 runs. Flying-Officer Malani took three wickets conceding 43 runs.

When stumps were drawn at the close of play, Royal Indian Air Force had scored 109 runs for five wickets in their first innings. Group Captain Jaswant Singh, who led the Services Eleven against the Commonwealth at Delhi, scored 23 runs while Lac. Godbole hit up a quick 27 runs.

Principal scores: Royal Indian Navy 179. (Lieut. Madhok 49, Lieut-Commander Sanjana 45, Corporal Inamdar five for 80, Flying-Officer Malani three for 43).

Royal Indian Air Force: 109 for five (Group Captain Jaswant Singh 23, Lac. Godhole 27).

C. C. I. Team Against Commonwealth

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Following is the team selected to represent the Cricket Club of India, Ltd., in a match against the Commonwealth Cricket Team which is to be played, as I am sure you know, on the 27th 28th and 29th instant at the Brabourne Stadium.

K. Bose, (Capt.) M. K. Mantri, (W. K.) K. K. Tarapor, G. S. Ramchand, K. C. Ibrahim, U. M. Merchant, V. N. Raiji, M. N. Raiji, N. H. Colah, R. S. Modi, Gajendrasingh.

Twelfth Man: Madhu Amersey.

Bombay Area Sports On January 13.

BOMBAY, Jan. 9: The Bombay Area Annual Sports meeting will be held at the Brabourne Stadium, Cricket Club of India, Bombay at 2.15 p.m. on January 13, 1950. In addition to sports events, there will be a display of interesting items by military personnel.—P.T.I.

TATAS WIN EASILY

J. D'Mello And L. D'Souza In Scoring Mood

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Tatas scored a resounding victory in the Provincial Hockey encounter against General Motors when they beat by seven goals to nil. A completely one sided encounter where Tatas could score at will. In the earlier game B.B. and C.I. Rly. 'B' beat B.E.S.T. by two goals to nothing in the same tournament at the Cooperage.

The Motormen should have scored first but Jadhav who had Carvalho beaten in a penalty bully failed to convert. Thereafter Tatas opened their account through Lenny D'Souza when he converted a penalty short corner. Lenny D'Souza added a second before the breather when he sent home a pass from J. D'Mello.

Just before half time Newker of General Motors was injured and took no further part in the game.

J. D'Mello scored the third goal for Tatas on resumption. Then Lenny added another and J. D'Mello scored of a short corner. The goalgetting was no difficult job and Tatas were able to add two more before the final whistle one through J. D'Mello and the other through Lenny D'Souza.

The final score was seven-nil in favour of Tatas.

B. B. and C. I. Rly. 'B' prevailed over B.E.S.T. by two goals to nil scored by Foster and Lazarus in the first half of play.

PAREL HOCKEY LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Parel Hockey League at St. Xavier's College ground, Parel: this evening:—

SENIOR DIVISION:—Panchganni Parsi Old Boys 2, (Moodie, Soonawalla) G. I. P. Railway "B" 1 (Tambe).

FIRST DIVISION:—Dockyard "B" (Ivan Almeida) Young Rovers 0.

R. I. N. Pay Office 3 (Gonsalves, Francis, Sekkar) Ruia College 0.

THIRD DIVISION HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Third Division of the BPHA League at the Parsi Cyclists Ground.

B.S.N. Sports 2 (Mahon, Thornber) Metal Box 1 (D'Cruz).

Dolphin Sports Club 4 (Baretto, Captain, Fernandes, Joaquim) Christ Church and Barnes 0.

BARODA'S STRONG POSITION

Vichare And Powar In A Century Stand

BARODA, Jan. 10 (PTI).

With a lead of 212 runs and with nine second innings wickets intact Baroda were in a strong position at the end of the third day, today, of their West Zone final for the Ranji Trophy against Gujerat.

Gujerat continuing their first innings this morning at the overnight total of 141 for 2 wickets, were all out one hour after lunch for 284 runs, thus giving a first innings lead of 73 runs to Baroda. Their opening batsman, Uday Chinubhai and the India Cap., Kishenchand, were associated in a patient but solid partnership for the third wicket.

Baroda's attack though limited, was always accurate with Vijay Hazare and Amir Elahi bearing the brunt of their attack. Hazare, rarely off length, never allowed Gujerat's batsmen to take any liberties with his medium-paced swingers and claimed four wickets. Amir Elahi, who also kept an admirable length, bowled cleverly to secure four wickets while Patkar, who broke the Chinubhai-Kishenchand partnership by claiming both their wickets with his inswingers, would have been more effective if his length had been consistent.

With a lead of 73 runs in the first innings, Vichare and Powar, who opened Baroda's second innings were in an aggressive mood and were concerned in a century partnership for the first wicket. At close of play Baroda had made 139 runs for the loss of Powar's wicket.

BARODA (First Innings)	**357**
GUJERAT (First Innings)	
Nakhuda c Yuvraj of Baroda b Amir Elahi	34
V. Chinubhai lbw Patkar	66
H. E. N. Reshamwalla b Hazare	7
G. Kishenchand b Patkar	66
D. Medh c Ghorpade b Hazare	11
P. Khambatta c Hazare b Amir Elahi	9
J. H. Shodhan c Ghorpade b Hazare	6
W. D'Souza c Hazare b Amir Elahi	40
D. H. Shodhan st. Powar b Amir Elahi	31
Vinoo Desai b Hazare	0
Jesu Patel not out	6
Extras	8
Total	284

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/53, 2/68, 3/175, 4/184, 5/186, 6/200. 7/214, 8/273, 9/274, 10/284.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: V. S. Hazare 60-18-83-4, Gul Mohammad 25-11-45-0, Amir Elahi 45.5-12-101-4, D. K. Gaekwad 3-3-0-0, S. Patkar 14-3-47-2.

BARODA (Second Innings)	
S. K. Vichare batting	56
S. G. Powar c Chinubhai b Reshamwalla	73
D. K. Gaekwad batting	6
Extras 4 Total (for 1 wicket)	139

FALL OF WICKETS: 1-123.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: J. H. Shodhan 4-0-15-0, W. D'Souza 7-3-21-0, D. H. Shodhan 3-1-9-0, Jasu Patel 11-0-25-0, Kishenchand 6-0-30-0, D. Medh 4-0-20-0, Reshamwalla 4-1-15-1.

Leading Indian Players Gain Comfortable Victories

NORTHERN INDIA LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

Three Indian lawn tennis celebrities—Sumant Misra, Narendra Nath and Naresh Kumar, India's number two, three and four, respectively — were seen in action today in the Northern India Lawn Tennis Championships in which a card of twelve events was come through. All the three won their matches comfortably, as there was very little opposition.

The slightly-built youngster, K. K. Singh, was no match to Narendra Nath who drove at will and conceded only three games in the match.

The hard-hitting Sumant Misra finished his match against the veteran Dhawan, which he treated as a practice game, in a matter of minutes, though the loser managed to wangle two games in each set by his tenacity.

Naresh Kumar had an easy victory over M. L. Sondhi at 6-0, 6-2.

In contrast to the earlier events, the last match of the evening, the junior doubles between K. K. Singh and Harish Khanna and Pritam Mehta and Beri produced a keen fight. Harish Khanna was the best of the four and his strong service and accurate and forceful finishes at the net were the deciding factor of the match.

The foreign stars taking part in the Championships are expected to arrive tonight. At 1 p.m. tomorrow they will be presented to General Cariappa, India's Commander-in-Chief, at the Irwin Stadium at a ceremony at which the flags of countries from which players have come will be flown.

F. Ampon, who won the National Championship at Allahabad and is fancied to go far in this tournament has already arrived.

Following are today's results:—

MEN'S SINGLES (First Round)

Narendra Nath beat K. K. Singh 6-1, 6-2; Sumant Misra beat R. C. Dhawan 6-2, 6-2; Naresh Kumar beat M. L. Sondhi 6-0, 6-1; Prem Kumar beat N. K. Sondhi 7-5, 6-1.

MEN'S DOUBLES (First Round)

Sumant Misra and Naresh Kumar beat Prem Kumar and Pritam Hoon 6-1, 6-1.

Second Round: Sumant Misra and Naresh Kumar beat Sher Narain and R. K. Mendiratta 6-0, 6-2.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. Disbrey walk over Lady Kania and Partner.

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss Desbrey and Narendra Nath beat Mrs. Bharee and P. N. Singh 6-1, 6-1; Miss Framjee and Gulshan Pandhi beat Mrs. and Mr. Mahinder Singh, 4-6, 9-7, 6-2.

JUNIOR SINGLES (Second Round)

N. S. Bedi beat Vyas 6-2, 6-1; Rajeshwar Kumar beat S. N. Beri 6-1, 6-2.

JUNIOR DOUBLES (Second Round)

K. K. Singh and Harish Khanna beat Pritam Mehta and S. N. Beri 3-6, 6-2, 6-1.

DELHI'S HUGE TOTAL OF 544

S. Punjab Replies With 103 For 1

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI).

The Southern Punjab Cricket Association made 103 runs for the loss of one wicket at the close of second day's play in reply to Delhi and District Cricket Association's first innings total of 544 in the second round of the Ranji Trophy cricket match here today.

Delhi and District Cricket Association had scored 343 runs for the loss of five wickets yesterday. Their overnight batsmen Hiralal and Lakshmi chand added 104 runs to the total before Hiralal was run out for 48. Lakshmichand who was unbeaten with 68 yesterday went on to score 125.

At lunch the home side had scored 509 runs for seven wickets but within thirty minutes after resumption the remaining batsmen were dismissed for the addition of thirty-five runs.

The Southern Punjab commenced their first innings with Daljinder Singh and the Raja of Nalegarh to the bowling of Gyanchand and Hiralal. When the score was 28 Daljinder Singh was clean bowled by Hiralal. Prithviraj filled the gap and the pair took the score to 103 when stumps were drawn for the day. Prithviraj reached his 50 just before the close while Raja of Nalegarh was unbeaten with 43.

DELHI (First Innings)

J. N. Seth run out 179, Om Kishore st. Bhide b Swaraj 25, Tulja Ram c Bhide b William 53, Lakshmi b A. S. Khanna 125, Kishen b Rai Singh 0, Darshan c Prithviraj b Raisingh 9, Hira run out 49, Gian Chand b William 39, Omi Malhotra b Prithviraj 20, Hargopal c substitute b William 14, G. C. Jain not out 8. Extras 23. TOTAL 544.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/81, 2/224, 3/306, 4/307, 5/333, 6/447, 7/462, 8/516, 9/528, 10/544.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Rai Singh 28/2/103/2, William 45.4/10/140/3, A. S. Khanna 41/1/164/1, Swaraj 9/0/37/1, Prithviraj 21/3/68/1, Amar Inder Singh 1/0/9/0.

SOUTHERN PUNJAB (First Innings)

Raja Sahib of Nalegarh not out 43, Daljindersingh b Hiralal 10, Prithviraj not out 50, Extras 0. TOTAL (for one wkt.) 103.

FALL OF WICKET 1/28.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Gian Kapoor 6/3/11/0, Hiralal 18/4/34/1, Hargopal 21/4/42/0, Lakshmi Chand 7/2/11/0, Kishenchand 2/0/5/0.

Lucknow-Allahabad Baria Trophy Match Today

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10, (PTI).

The semi-final of the North Zone of the Inter-Varsity Cricket Championship for the Rohinton Baria Trophy between Lucknow and Allahabad Universities will begin here from tomorrow.

E. PROVINCE FACES INNINGS DEFEAT

Lindwall And Johnston In Deadly Form

PORT ELIZABETH, Jan. 9. (PTI-Reuter): Eastern Province needed 137 runs with nine second innings wickets in hand to avoid an innings defeat when play closed on the second day of their match against the Australian tourists.

Forced to follow-on after replying to the Australians' total of 418 with 137 the Eastern Province were 94 for one in their second innings when stumps were drawn today. The match ends tomorrow.

Accurate bowling by the Australian attack completely subdued the Province batsmen and finally collapses against some fiery bowling with the new ball by Ray Lindwall and Bill Johnston, who had spells of four for eight and four for 13 respectively. Lindwall's final figures were five for 25 and Bill Johnston claimed : four for 16.

Top scorer for the Province was Ken Dimbleby who batted three and a three-quarter hours for his 56 which included three fours.

Forced to follow on with 281 runs behind, Eastern Province made a good start in their second innings. R. Draper and Ken Dimbleby featured in the highest opening partnership against the Australians so far on this tour, making 91 before being separated by Noblet.

The previous best opening stand was 50 by Eric Rowan and Owen Wynne in the second innings of the First Test at Johannesburg which was won by the Australians.

Dimbleby made 42 before being caught at the wicket off Noblet. Draper was undefeated at the close with 46. Noblet's wicket was gained at a personal cost of 13 runs.

AUSTRALIANS (First Innings) 418

EASTERN PROVINCE (First Innings)

Connell b Bill Johnston 6. R. Dimbleby c Noblet b Lindwall 56. Draper b Lindwall 12. Waite c Langley b Bill Johnston 11. D. Dimbleby c Langley b Bill Johnston 1. Burrell b Bill Johnston 3. Curnick b Ian Johnston 4. Dutoit not out 20. Young c Miller b Lindwall 0. Mann b Lindwall 1. Liddle c Langley b Lindwall 5. Extras 16. Total 137

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/17 2/32, 3/53, 4/57, 5/57, 6/75, 7/121, 8/127, 9/129.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Lindwall 12.3/4/25/5; Walker 10/1/16/0; Noblet 11/2/21/0; Ian Johnston 11/1/24/1; Johnston 10/2/16/4; Archer 4/0/15/0.

EASTERN PROVINCES (Second Innings):

Draper not out 46, K. Dimbleby c Langley b Noblet 42, Waite not out 2, Extras 4. Total (for one wicket) 94.

FALL OF WICKET: 1/91.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Lindwall 4/0/17/0; Bill Johnston 7 3/16/0, Ian Johnson 4/0/17/0; Walker 4/0/25/0; Noblet 6 1/13/1; Harvey 2/0/4/0.

ALEC SEQUEIRA CUP BILLIARDS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Playing with a handicap of minus 375, George Durham started his Alec Sequeira Cup Handicap Billiards encounter against Peltz Mascarenhas very promisingly. Both Durham and Mascarenhas—the latter was given 225 in his handicap scale—were playing cautiously in the beginning. Having an advantage of a hundred and fifty points in the handicap, Peltz Mascarenhas ran Durham neck to neck practically throughout the game except for the closing stages.

After clearing his handicap, Durham had scored 14 points when his opponent had 39 to his credit, and from now onwards for nearly half an hour the pair ran each other very close and a missed stroke by Mascarenhas gave Durham an opportunity to finish the game, which the latter did not fail to utilise. Taking advantage of this timely opportunity, Durham made the required 48 points to finish the match, leaving his opponent at 206. Durham by virtue of this victory now enters the quarter-final round of this well-known billiards tournament.

The best breaks of George Durham were of: 37, 27, 40, 48, 38, 27, 23 and 48. While Mascarenhas had two of 31 each to his credit.

In the later match, defying a handicap of 350 points, M. Concessio played very consistently to gain an early advantage against his rival M. J. Framjee. The latter was handicapped at 175 points as compared to Concessio's 250. Having an advantage of 175 points, Framjee wiped out his handicap, when his opponent had still to score 59 points to clear off his arrears. This lead of Framjee was very shortlived, as once Concessio had reached the "scratch" stage, he went into a lead by scoring some useful breaks. Concessio increased his lead and never looked back from then onwards, despite a heroic effort by young Framjee to reduce the margin. Concession ultimately reduce the margin. Concessio ultimately won out a victor at 250 points to 191. He enter the quarter-final stage.

Best breaks compiled by Concessio were 20, 38, 27, 20, 23, 23, 28, 57 and 22, while Framjee had two tons each of 21 to his credit.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE I. L. O. IN ASIA

The workers in India have cause to be grateful to the International Labour Organisation which is the sole active survivor of the international organizations for peaceful and constructive development established at the end of the First World War, now nearly thirty years ago. While it is possible to doubt the motives of the then Government of India in receiving I.L.O. recommendations with greater enthusiasm in India than was offered by the U. K. Government for the same recommendations in their country, it cannot be gainsaid that but for the steady pressure of world opinion as organized by the I.L.O. the conditions of Indian Labour would not have improved as fast as they have done during the last generation. Even friends and admirers of the I.L.O., however, have for long expressed a feeling that the orientation of that body, as in fact of all international organizations, is too exclusively directed to conditions and problems of the Western world. In the initial stages this was perhaps inevitable. But latterly the I. L. O. has recognized the need of not only studying the special problems of Asiatic countries, which are typical of industrially under-developed nations, but of turning its more serious and continued attention towards these.

That this has been done none too soon is revealed by the fact that the recent session of the Governing Body of the I.L.O., which was held in Bangalore under the Chairmanship of the Indian Government member, Mr. Pillay, was the first one to be held in Asia, though it was the one hundred and tenth session of that body. Now that a beginning has been made it is permissible to hope that in future both the Governing Body and the General Assembly of the I.L.O. will meet more frequently in Asian countries. In fact the full session of the I.L.O. is scheduled to meet in Colombo, which is attracting world attention for a variety of strategic reasons, on January 16. We hope that the proceedings of the Colombo session will prove of positive assistance towards the improvement of the lot of workers in Asian countries. Occasional gatherings of international bodies held in Asian countries are, however, hardly adequate for the purpose of a continuous direction of steady and constructive effort for the amelioration and improvement of the lot of Asian workers.

Recognizing this weakness the I.L.O. has already agreed to set up an Asian Man-Power Committee like its American and British counter-part, though why the Middle-Eastern countries, for whom a separate committee is contemplated, should be separated from their natural continental affinities is not clear. An Asian Field Office has also been located for some time in Bangalore. In view of this welcome trend in the development and extension of I.L.O. activities in Asia, it is extremely disappointing to note that a proposal to set up an Asian Advisory Committee which was vigorously sponsored by all the Indian delegates was postponed on the ostensible ground of the need to explore the financial implications of the proposal. If the support to the measure from leading Non-Asian countries had been more positive than presumably it was possible to evoke at Bangalore, the postponment could have been interpreted as a necessary, though regrettable, evil. Rrepresentation of Asian countries on the I.L.O. executive tends to be inadequate and the existence of a body like the one suggested by the Indian delegates will go a long way in reassuring opinion among the workers of Asia.

In several important respects, the I.L.O. is turning its active attention towards aspects of the labour movement which affect the lot of Asian workers more vitally than that of workers in the more industrialized countries of the West. The problems of agricultural labour and the need and feasibility of utilising more effectively than has been done in the past the co-operative organization as an agency for the amelioration as well as the raising of the status of the worker are receiving increasing attention. Here more than in any other sphere the need for local study and advice is pronounced. While the sponsoring and support of the I.L.O. will go some way towards keeping these policies constantly before the reformers and the governments of the countries concerned, the evolution of the operative principles and measures will have to draw on local study and advice.

A subject of far greater importance and complexity which affects the lot of the more populous countries of the world is coming up before the next session. The relative densities of population in the different parts of the world can hardly be taken as 'frozen' by national boundaries. A historical as well as an economic perspective is needed in the solution of this vital problem. The human race has to expand both vertically, that is in the stage of its progress, and horizontally, that is from the more thickly populated to the thinly populated parts. Such has been the story of human civilization, and for nation states in political command of vast areas to shut out immigration is a sin against the destiny of the human race. The evil effects of such a policy are bound to create deep-seated hostilities among the different nations of the world, which the mere remedial action of international bodies like the U. N. which put a premium on the status quo, will not suffice to remove.

Even economically such a policy of usurpation and exclusive possession will not redound to the advantage of the world at large. Mr. David A. Morse, Director-General of the I.L.O., in his annual report has drawn pointed attention to two challenging problems of the day viz. the shortage of food supplies in the more populated states and the shortage of dollars in the more industrialized ones. The U.S.A. as the most industrialized and one of the most thinly populated countries, refuses to allow free entry either to goods or to men. While attention on the more directly economic aspects of a liberal trade policy is being increasingly promoted, the bare justice and the urgent necessity of permitting a more liberal immigration of people are yet being shunned from discussion. The one world concept is historically and physically a reality. To limit its application to the problems of peace will jeopardize both peace and prosperity. Let us hope the I.L.O. will induce a more realistic and just attitude on the subject.

Tibet

The preliminary accord between India, the United States of America and Britain regarding Tibet is an important decision. The autonomy of Tibet is thereby affirmed but the three nations were not prepared to go so far as to accept Tibetan sovereignty. But it is difficult to understand what is meant by the statement that the three Powers agreed that "It would be incorrect to disregard China's interests in Tibet, let alone obstruct them". Comments in the British Press on Tibet had indicated that Britain would be guided by India's attitude towards the Tibetan question, as she had no direct interest there any longer. Presumably, the present decision arises out of an Indian lead. The Government of India has tried hard to establish stable relations with Tibet but it has been thwarted by the presence of disturbed conditions in China itself. The conflicts of war-lords in China itself has prevented the Chinese Government from exercising that political influence in Tibet, which India, even under the British, was prepared to concede to it. Since 1914 when a tripartite conference between Britain, China and Tibet was negotiated and substantially accepted, the Government of India has tried to arrive at some agreement but inability to decide on the boundaries of Inner Tibet which was to be under Chinese government, prevented it. The Convention, however, given a fair measure of understanding and even establishing Tibet's autonomy; even China's authority was circumscribed and the Tibetan customs were respected. The Dalai Lama had proposed through the Indian Government's political agent at Lhasa that he should send "Ministers" to Britain and the U.S.A. but it has now been decided that these representatives would not be received as heads of a diplomatic mission. The implication of the three-nation decision is that they all desire to make it plain that the change of regime in China makes no difference to their attitudes. It is just to assume, however, that Communist China will not be in a better position to impose her will on Tibet than Nationalist China was. Since the other country interested in Tibet is perfectly willing to respect the Convention, it follows that China too must show a similar regard for past commitments. We mention this because there is a possibility of misunderstanding. The three-nation preliminary accord has all the appearance of having evaded the issue or of conveying a decision in an involved and indirect manner. India has rightly given proof of her desire to maintain friendly relations with Communist China but her will for peace should not be interpreted as acquiescing in a free hand for China in Tibet: and the danger is the graver because the Tibetans react sharply to any semblance of weakness.

Thought For The Day

A really great man is known by three signs—generosity in the design, humanity in the execution, moderation in success.

—BISMARCK.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

One of the three State coaches, used hitherto for drives on ceremonial occasions by the Rulers of Hyderabad, it to be presented to the first President of the Indian Republic by the Nizam. The coaches which, according to persons in close touch with the Palace are modelled on the State Coach in Britain used by the King while he drives in State to Parliament, were used by the Nizam only once—when he went to Delhi to attend the Durbar in 1911. The State coach, "landau", drawn usually by four horses, has been taken out of the palace garage and entrusted to experts to make it worthy of presentation.

—PTI report.

* *

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Congress, observed at Trichinopoly that some of the contentious items of the Hindu Code Bill, such as the breaking up of the joint family share to women though not divorced, might be held over till after the general elections.

Would it not be more honest to say that Dr. Pattabhi would like to see the Hindu Code Bill scrapped? The point of a code, let us explain in simple words, is that it is complete. It cannot be brought into effect by piecemeal legislation.

Incidentally, "the breaking up of the joint family share to women" makes neither sense nor grammar. And does the Congress President mean to suggest that he does not mind this strange operation being performed if the women are divorced?

* *

Replying to Pandit Jawaharlal's remark that the formation of Andhra Province before January 26 might not be found a "feasible proposition", the Congress President has said that should not be found difficult.

Has not Dr. Pattabhi said in his Jaipur presidential address that Congress leaders should be extremists, goading on the Government, whilst Congress Ministers should act as brakes on their enthusiasm?

* *

"The size of the family", observes a Madras contemporary, "has tended to dwindle with the march of time in more senses than one."

We thought that in this respect Time stood still.

* *

"The innumerable jokes against in-laws" it continues, "have no reference to real life".

But we are still asked to sanction leave for men whose mothers-in-law have taken suddenly ill, particularly during cricket matches.

In a legislature of nearly 400 members, says Rajkumari Amrit Kaur referring to the Indian Parliament, it does not seem just that there should not be even 25 women.

* *

Will the Minister for Health tell us what the 25 women propose to do, if and when they get their just share in the House? We must look before they leap.

SOCIAL SECURITY IN FRANCE

By C. R. Bhiwandker

SOCIAL SECURITY measures in France are more advanced than in many other countries and it has contributed greatly to the amelioration of the sanitary state of France. The object of social security is to protect the state and to safeguard the health of the subjects and to protect them from the risk of old age and maladies. It also protects the workers from the risk of accidental deaths and illegal strikes. Social security measures also give maternity benefits to expectant mothers and provides for family pensions.

All these benefits are given by the State out of the contributions made by the workers and employers' syndicates. This method of double contribution by the workers and employers has the effect of lessening the burden on the workers' unions and employers' syndicates. The responsibility for providing social securities is thrown on the state, which undertakes to distribute the benefits arising out of the social security measures. The state has to employ a vast machinery for the purpose to assure the proper working of the system and to prevent workers from taking undue advantages from the state.

The expenditure on social security has been increasing every year. Before the war the expenditure was 12 millards francs, but it has reached in 1948 the figure of 450 millards francs which is an increase in the ratio of 38 to 1.

Certain reforms have been suggested for putting an end to the enormous abuses. The administrative machinery is too expensive, and some economy can be effected in that direction by reducing the machinery, consonant with efficiency so that more amount would be available for social security measures and the gross abuses practiced, should also be minimised.

THE WORKING

The system of social security works, in the following way. The contributions are divided into three categories.

(1) The Primary funds.
(2) The regional funds.
(3) The national funds.

The primary funds are devoted for giving relief for maladies, maternity benefits and temporary incapacities.

The regional funds are utilized for relief of invalidity, old age, permanent incapacity.

The national funds are used for contributions to the various funds for the welfare of the workers.

The result of the social security welfare scheme is that private enterprise for social welfare is diminishing and the consequential burden on the state is increasing.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES

In order to reduce the expenditure due to sickness the state is making propaganda for preventive therapy and for social hygiene. It is essential to uproot the causes of illness rather than pay for sickness insurance. Moreover the state even pays for minor maladies to all paid workers. The best way to reduce the expenses on this head would be to confine the sickness insurance to lower paid workers. But on the contrary, there is a tendency to extend the benefits to every category of workers.

Family allowances to the family of workers who are incapacitated for some reason or other is also on the increase. The costs have increased to 134 milliards francs last year as against 2 milliards in 1938.

MORTALITY FIGURES

The advantages of the social security in France have been apparent since the war. As more and more persons are getting advantage of the scheme, the general health of the inhabitants has improved. The workers get free medical aid and thus many sufferers escape the grave consequences of the diseases. The mortality figures indicate a decrease in death rate as can be seen from following figures.

Year.	Thousands.
1938	647
1939	642
1940	760
1941	674
1942	657
1943	631
1944	744
1945	658
1946	542
1947	533
1948	506

LESS T. B. CASES

Similarly there is a decrease in death due to tuberculose.

Years.	Lakhs.
1907	227 out of 100,000
1938	143
1945	117
1947	76
1948	73.50

CHILD CARE

Infantile mortality has also diminished on account of pre-natal care and post-natal welfare, advice on proper nourishment and the distribution of milk, etc., as can be seen in the following table.

Years. Number of children in thousands:—

	Births.	Deaths.	Result.
1938	612	647	— 35
1940	559	760	—201
1943	613	631	18
1946	836	542	294
1947	863	533	330
1948	864	506	358

From the above tables it can be seen that France has benefitted to a great extent in health as a result of the social security and as the scheme is being extended gradually it is going to help still further towards a healthier and happy state.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Unseemly Wrangle

Whilst Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Lucknow is striving hard for Congress unity and is asking Congressmen to hold together for the sake of the institution and to sink their differences, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya in the South is going about stirring up the Andhras by asserting that the Andhra Province can be easily formed by January 26, and this a day after the Prime Minister has indicated the difficulties and counselled patience. Nor is this all. Dr. Pattabhi has also commenced a campaign of sabotaging the Hindu Code Bill. He has declared that parts of the Bill might be held over till after the general elections. When the President of a political organisation tries to resort to agitational politics to get his will against the Government of his own party, it seems rather futile to talk of unity in the party. Others will naturally be tempted to follow his example and there will be little discipline left. Some of this confusion is due to the failure of the Congress leadership to reach clear-cut decisions; there has been too much vacillation and a desire to accommodate differing views which are irreconcilable. But the Congress President ought to be able to resist the temptation to exploit the vagueness in party decisions. The public can only infer that inability to face up to objections and answer them leads to these tactics.

A Suitable Memorial

The meeting convened under the auspices of the Bombay Union of Journalists in memory of Mr. S. A. Brelvi on the first anniversary of his death, ended with the adoption of a resolution for erecting a memorial in the shape of a building to house the Union. The building is to be called the Syed Abdulla Brelvi Memorial Building and an influential committee of citizens and of members of the B.U.J. executive committee has been set up. It is curious how, when we think of setting up a memorial for one dear to us, our minds run automatically to property. It is nothing wrong for the B.U.J. to wish to have a building for its work; it is in a way too a compliment that the men behind the move should desire to perpetuate Brelvi's memory by naming the building after him; and the act is specially appropriate because of Brelvi's long connection with the B.U.J. But it should be possible to find some way of perpetuating the memory of one who was not only a working journalist but also a man greatly interested in the future of the profession and of journalists, than the erection of a building which after all is but a thing of stone and cement We trust that the Committee will consider this suggestion.

Slow Progress Of States

Though the majority of Indian states has been merged into India the impact of democracy and the glow of freedom is yet to be felt by the states people. The transition from autocracy to popular Government is not always smooth or speedy. The people and their leaders must be fit to run the democratic machinery. The standard of administration in the States has been so low that the men who have stepped into their masters' shoes, have not had much to look up to. Very often untried and the wrong type of men have been saddled with responsibility and they have failed to rise to the occasion. But unless there has blatant misuse of power, the Centre cannot ring too many changes in interim administrations. Appointed by an outside authority, it may be partly true representatives of the States people but in the circumstances one cannot see what better course there was for the Government of India States Ministry. They chose persons who have been popular leaders and had led the people's struggle against the Rajas and Maharajas. If they have not come to up expectations it is no fault of the States Ministry. Till the people of the States are made more familiar with their democratic rights, elections may throw up the same type of leaders to run the Government. In such circumstances one cannot blame the Centre for not hurrying up with the elections.

Vindhya Pradesh

The Police firing in Rewa, agitation against merger of Vindhya Pradesh and deportation of Dr. Lohia from Rewa has turned the limelight on that part of India. Shorn off all unsavoury adjectives Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan's statement claims that the merging of the Vindhya Union into the provinces of U. P. and C. P. without consulting the people is undemocratic. Dr. Lohia went to the scene to lead the agitation and defy the ban. Jayaprakash objects to this being called partisan propaganda or stunt making. We fail to see how it can be othewise. Socialists refuse to see that we have democracy in this country and that they should follow recognised democratic methods to right a wrong. No merger will be confirmed unless it comes up before the country's Parliament. If not now there have to be elections in the very future and the Socialists can win if the voters support them. Perhaps the Socialists find democratic methods slow and unspectacular.

Pacific Defence

Whilst most political students will differ from Mr. Bevin's optimistic appraisal of the Western nations' success in meeting the Communist challenge, there will be general acceptance of his conclusion that a military pact would not be very helpful in the Pacific. Though a great deal has been said of the great value of the North Atlantic Pact, it cannot be denied that that pathchwork did little to improve relations between the nations. The American willingness to give military aid was limited by reluctance to place her atomic weapon at Europe's disposal, for understandable reasons; but the aid was for all that, only assistance to help Europe to keep up resistance until American troops could come to her help. The efficacy of the Pact even in achieving this very limited purpose has been questioned. Certainly there has been little slowing down in the clashes between Russia and the Western Democracies. As for Mr. Bevin's assertion that the Western powers had staved off crisis by economic measures, why not admit straight off that American aid had done the trick? Mr. Bevin evidently suffers from the illusion that we in this part of the world are ill-informed about European developments. But our problems, as Pandit Jawaharlal reiterated, are economic not political, and they have to be solved without wasting time on diversions. The opinion of the New Zealand and Australian representatives that a military pact might be useful if it carries definite commitments by the Big Powers, is itself the greatest argument against it. We do not desire that South-East Asia, like Europe, should be turned into an arena for the world gladiators.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"The Salaried Employee And Income-Tax"

Amongst those who pay taxes the salaried employee is perhaps the most honest and also most unfairly taxed. For in his case except in very rare circumstances where the period of service is broken, the tax is always paid directly by the employer even before the salary is paid to the employee.

But there might be cases where the employee for reasons beyond his control might not have paid the tax where in one financial year there is a break in his service and the amounts received by way of salary in the two broken periods separately might not come within the taxable limit hence the employer might not have deducted tax thereon. Except in such cases almost all the employees will have paid tax.

The basis of tax being on the gross salary and there being no other form of deduction allowed the salaried employee stands in a most peculiar position in that his whole income is taxed whereas businessmen where they do business in a proprietory business get the same 'Earned Income' concession of 20 per cent as the salaried man out of their net-income, that is the balance of profit remaining after incurring all expenses on their business very often intermingled with their personal expenses also, thereby getting a much bigger relief than the salaried employee. As a matter of fact an employee has to do travelling to and from his residence to the office just as any businessman has to do, whereas the employee is not allowed this deduction from his income when he spends after receiving his salary, that is if he is paid his salary by the employer in the usual manner and his travelling expenses are borne by him out of the salary, whereas when he gets a conveyance allowance from his employer over and above his salary it is exempt from tax, thus it is clear that an unfair discrimination is made. So also when a man spends from his pocket for medical charges for his family this sum is not allowed to be deducted from his income, whereas if the employer pays this, this sum is exempt. Thus when a man spends from his salary for travelling, medicine and food he has to pay tax where if the employer provides food, medical aid and conveyance this is tax free. Is it not really strange that when a man gets additional help he is left tax free whereas when he spends from his own he is taxed? Moreover when we pay doctor's charges and the doctor also is taxed on his income is it not taxing the same money twice?

May I therefore, ask you to take up the matter and ask for the following relief in the case of the salaried employee.

Apart from the 20 per cent earned income allowance which is given to all tax-payers, the following relief measure is suggested by me.

A deduction of 5 per cent of the monthly salary or the actual amount spent on medical relief whichever is higher must be allowed, to the individual employee. 5 per cent or the actual conveyance charges incurred by an employee must be deducted from the salary.

If an employee is thrown out of employment, then for the period he is unemployed he should be given the following relief. If the income in any one comes within the taxable limit even after his unemployment, then out of the taxable amount he should be allowed to deduct for each month or part of month of unemployment (if the days are more than 15, then one month and if less than fifteen and more than a week half a month) a sum equal to the salary last drawn for every month of unemployment. For as you know when a man is unemployed he has to live on his savings resulting in a double loss. One, loss of the salary, the other loss of the savings, to the extent of his salary.

I do hope the Hon'ble Finance Minister of the Government of India will be this relief. Also the minimum should be raised to Rs. 5,000 per annum and not Rs. 3,000 per annum as at present.

—SALARIED EMPLOYEE.

Is Astrology A Science

Astrology is now coming to the fore and forms a regular feature in some periodicals. But with all the publicity it has one wonders whether astrology can be regarded as having the status of an exact science. With all the trumpeting about it, we had no predictions about some of the most astounding events in the world, to wit, Mahatma Gandhi's assassination that shocked the whole world or about that other horrible tragedy of Hiroshima and Nagasaki turned into ashes by atom bombs or Calcutta killings or mass massacres and migrations of millions of men who have terribly suffered as victims of India's vivisection—not to say about Subash Bose about whom all prognostications have so far proved to be a bunkum. These are unchallengeable facts constituting a sad commentary on this pseudo-science And yet what a colossal amount of make-believe and humbug is being purveyed in the name of what the stars foretell about the future Can any astrologers convince us to the contrary?

We are now told that Mars and Saturn will both be retrograde in Leo from 22 March to 30 May next and that that may bring about some big untoward event. What precisely is that event going to be and where? Will any of our astrologers kindly enlighten us in clearest terms about the nature of this coming catastrophe and thus prove concretely in this instance the worth and value of astrology being an exact science? Or shall we say —nothing is so certain as the most uncertain?

MULCHAND DEOMAL.
"Mulchand Mansion",
Nanpura Main Road,
Surat, Jan. 9, 1950.

Frozen Rents

The Property Owners Association has shown that after deducting the municipal and income tax very little remains with the property owners, even if rents are increased 25 per cent for residential and 50 per cent for business premises. Recently landlords have presented their case for increase in rent, which has been supported by the Bombay Municipal Corporation. The Tenants' Association is shortly going to hold a conference protesting against the demand for increase in rents and condemning the municipality for passing that resolution. All this tenants propaganda is contrary to the existing facts. How can the increase in rents make the condition of tenants miserable when thousands of them are spending lavishly on cinema shows, plays, excursions and other entertainments? A visit to cinema houses and theatres will prove my point.

The above facts show that opposition of tenants is artificial. The same can be said about business premises. In their case "Pugree" has been legalised under the Rent Act and is called by the name of "Goodwill". Many businessmen have taken heavy amounts from their sub-tenants even when they are not doing the same business. When Delhi, Bengal and Madras have allowed increase in rents it seems unfair that the Bombay Government should not do the same. Why penalise the landlords only when tenants can take legalised "Pugree" in the form of goodwill?

Also why exempt tenants from the riot and prohibition taxes and make the landlords pay? How can the property owners be held responsible for riots when it is in their own interest to maintain law and order? More often the rioting element comes from the tenants class. None of your readers has been able to justify in this matter the exemption of tenants and persecution of landlords.

—SUNDERRAO D. NAVALKAR.

OPEN AIR

The cold weather has brought a great number of migrant birds back to us, and these come to stay with us like tourists just for the few winter months before returning to the North for the serious business of life during the Summer.

BUNTING

"Wherever we go we see number of wagtails, most of them visitors which run haphazardly about on the ground searching for insects. Near any patch of water we see hundreds of swallows gracefully swooping and dipping overhead or skimming along the surface of the water as they catch the insects which abound in moist localities This winter has brought new and strange visitors to my suburban garden also, for one day I was called out by the children to see a bird which looked like a sparrow but was almost completely yellow. This was the black-headed bunting, and it was indeed a new bird to us though it is quite common in the open country outside Bombay during the cold weather. It is slightly larger than the sparrow and its tail is a little longer and is more noticeably forked. It has the typical heavy bill of the family so well adapted breaking the tough coats of seeds and grain which form the main items of food for these birds. In colour the male has a black head and bright yellow under-parts and a certain amount of the same colour in the dark upper plumage. As is so often the case the female is duller in colour and the yellow is tinged with green.

—D. R.

AIRWAYS MAY BE NATIONALISED

Government Examining Possibilities

MR. KIDWAI'S DISCLOSURE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Government of India was considering the possibilities of nationalising the air transport services in India, observed the Hon'ble Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai India's Minister for Communications, who arrived here this evening on a three day official visit, in an interview to the United Press of India.

The Government, he added, was at present incurring a daily expenditure of Rs. 15,000 which was being paid to the airline companies in India due to the All-Up Scheme of the Government; and the question of nationalisation of the airways was being considered by the Government as a not altogether improbable modification.

The hon'ble Minister further said that the Government of India had decided to set up an enquiry committee to investigate into the whole question of civil aviation, which would be announced by him at the next session of the Assembly, and as far as the Night Air Mail was concerned, no long term license would be given to any company, the present licenses being only extended for a period or so because of the possibilities of nationalisation of the whole service.

TELEPHONES

Mr. Kidwai also said that the new subscriber's scheme for telephones in the Province of Bombay had proved a great success as it would definitely stop retrenchment in the telephone workshop in Bombay, which he would visit during his stay in the city and it had also enabled the immediate implementation of the expansion of telephone services in Bombay at the rate of 200 installations per month which would complete the whole scheme of having 7,000 new installations by the end of the year.

Of the Rs. 70 lakhs which would be required to install these new lines, Rs. 58 lakhs had already been made available to the Government through this new subscribers' scheme, and the rest would also be available in the same way, he added.

PROMISES

His opinion being invited on the recent situation arising out of the strike threat by the postal workers on the issue of the two-point demand envisaging payment of strike wages for the period in 1946 and additional interim allowances of the postal employees, Mr. Kidwai said that the Central Government was actively considering the two demands put forward by the All India Postal Workers' Union. "If I have given any promises on these two points, I shall keep them," he added.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader and the President of the All India Postal Workers' Union is likely to meet the Communications Minister tomorrow when the demands of the postal employees will be discussed.

MORE RESEARCH ON HYBRID MAIZE

Mr. Jairamdas Plea

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI).

The Food and Agriculture Minister, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, today stressed the need to strengthen the existing machinery for compilation of agricultural statistics. He suggested extension of random sampling for assessment of crop yield and also expansion of research schemes on hybrid maize.

The Food Minister, was addressing the Governing Body of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research which started its session here this morning.

Those present included Agriculture Ministers of West Bengal, Mr. P. C. Sen, of East Punjab, Sardar Gurbachan Singh Bajwa and of Rajasthan Mr. R. D. Goel; Col. Baldev Singh, representing the Government of Jammu and Kashmir; Mr. K. L. Punjabi, Agriculture Secretary, and Sardar Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

Referring to the research schemes which were before the Governing Body for approval, Mr. Jairamdas said that the scheme of hybrid maize, which was in operation in the East Punjab and a few other centres for the last few years, might well be extended to a very much larger number of centres.

Sardar Datar Singh Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, informed the Governing Body that the Government of India and sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,96,500 for crop cutting experiments of wheat and paddy under a five-year scheme sponsored by the I.C.A.R. The scheme was intended to undertake crop cutting experiments in most of the Provinces of random sampling basis to assess the yields of agricultural crops.

Stop Press

RUSSIAN DEMAND

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Russia tonight demanded the expulsion from the Security Council of the Chinese Nationalist Delegate Dr. T. F. Tsiang who was sitting as chairman of the Council.

U.S. ARMS TO CHINA

LIMA (Ohio), Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United States has sold 200 combat vehicles—tanks and armoured cars—to the Chinese Nationalist Government for shipment to Formosa, a reliable source reported here today.

EXPEL CHINA NATIONALISTS

Red Demand To Trygve Lie

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The demand from the Chinese Communist Government that the Nationalist delegates be expelled from the United Nations Security Council was received at United Nations headquarters today.

The demand was made in a cablegram from Peking on January 8, signed by Chou En-Lai, the Communist Foreign Minister, and addressed to Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General and the members of the Council.

ENTERTAINMENTS UPTO 4 A. M. ALLOWED

City Concessions On Republic Day

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has authorised the Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, to permit clubs, institutions, hotels, etc., to hold dances and other entertainments up to 4 a.m. on the nights of January 26 and 27, on the occasion of the inauguration of the Indian Republic.

Applications for holding such dances and entertainments should be addressed to the Commissioner of Police.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): A crowded Senate Hall meeting presided over by His Excellency Dr. K. N. Katju and attended by eminent public men, resolved today to raise a fitting memorial to perpetuate the memory of Prof. Benoy Sarkar in the form of a Research Institute in Economics and Sociology.

DISTURBING NOISE

LONDON, Jan. 10 (U. P. I.): Complaints from about two-thirds of Britain's flat dwellers, whose early-morning sleep is disturbed by noise from neighbouring apartments, have led the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research to equip a mobile laboratory to carry out investigations.

The laboratory has been visiting homes and flats in all parts of the country. It records the impact of sounds by means of cables run from the laboratory to houses and flats near by.

Noise by babies crying, heavy footsteps, loud radios and moving of furniture can all be calculated and recorded by machines. Steps can then be taken to find the best methods of deadening sounds in future buildings.

ECONOMIC TALKS IN CEYLON

Steady Progress

COLOMBO, Jan. 10 (PTI): Steady progress is being maintained at the Commonwealth Economic Conference which has been meeting for the past two days on official levels side by side with the political meeting at ministerial level, writes P. S. Gopalan, P.T.I. special correspondent.

Away from the limelight, these experts of the nine Commonwealth countries—Southern Rhodesia is taking part in these discussions in addition to the eight Dominions—have been examining a mass of information on economic questions furnished by each member.

Unlike the political meeting where the leader of the host country was invited to preside, the economic experts called on Sir Henry Wilson Smith of the United Kingdom Treasury to guide the deliberations.

This is regarded in Conference circles as an acknowledgement of the unique position which he holds as an economic expert and also the special position of Britain in relation to sterling, around which the Commonwealth economy largely revolves.

DACOITS CHASED

BANARAS, Jan. 10 (PTI): Villagers armed with lathis drove away last night an armed gang of dacoits who entered the house of a wealthy merchant of village Chandpur in Banaras District, according to a report received here.

The report said that about a dozen dacoits armed with pistols and other weapons reached the village in a car and entered the house of the merchant and asked him to surrender all his valuables. The inmates of the house, in the meantime, raised an alarm and the neighbours rushed and outnumbered the gangsters.

LATHI CHARGE ON PROCESSION IN CALCUTTA

Bombs Thrown At Police Van

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10, (PTI).

A police officer and another person were injured when some bombs were thrown at a police van near the College Street market this afternoon. The police made a lathi charge and then fired several rounds of tear gas shells to disperse the crowd. About a dozen persons were injured.

Nearly 40 persons were taken into custody in this connection.

Following a meeting in the University lawn, a procession shouting slogans proceeded through College Street towards Shambazar. Near the College Street market a bomb was hurled at a police van coming behind. A sergeant was injured.

The police then made a lathi charge and the processionists dispersed in different directions. A few more bombs were then dropped, presumably from the roadside buildings, but none was injured. Several tear gas shells were then fired by the police to disperse the crowd.

Immediately after the incident, a State bus was attacked with stones and brickbats near the Thanthania Kali temple on Cornwallis Street and a burning rag was thrown inside the bus. The fire however was quickly extinguished by some policemen of a flying squad, passing along the route. One passenger was slightly injured as a result of stone throwing.

The police also dispersed a crowd by firing tear gas shells near the crossing of Grey Street and Circular Road in North Calcutta, where some people had attacked a State bus and set fire to it, causing some damage to its cushions and glass panes. Four persons were arrested in this connection.

DEFEND RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP

Unity Call To S. African Coloured People

CAPETOWN, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): A convention of coloured organisations were today unanimously passed a resolution calling on all coloured workers to organise into strong trade unions to defend their rights as workers and citizens.

Eighty delegates—representing about 80,000 people—are attending the two-day convention.

Goldin..., a member of the Government-nominated Coloured Advisory Council declared that the coloured people of South Africa strongly protested against an attempt by the Government to interfere with their political rights.

The idea of white supremacy and white guardianship was not only annoying but was extremely distasteful, Mr. golding went on.

NEHRU PLEADS CAUSE OF NEW CHINA

(Continued from Page 1.)

Communists until he returned home in mid-February.

POSITION IN U.N.

The discussion on recognition is said to have led delegates to analyse the position in the United Nations Security Council, where the Chinese Nationalist Delegate Dr. T. F. Tsiang, is due to take over the chair today.

A brief official communique was issued after today's sessions.

Mr. K. Viathianathan, Permanent Secretary of Ceylon's External Affairs Department and Colombo Conference Secretary, said all delegates took part in today's sessions, which were in the nature of round-table talks.

When and whether Australia, New Zealand, Canada and South Africa would recognise the new regime in China would depend on consultations delegates would have with their Governments in the light of the conference discussions, he said.

JAPANESE TREATY

Discussion on China is regarded as practically complete and tomorrow, the Conference is expected to pass on to the Japanese peace treaty. Observers believe that the main points for discussion would be whether immediate steps should be taken to reach a peace settlement with Japan and, if so, what should be the procedure and what should be the terms of the settlement.

This subject would take the Ministers back to the Canberra Commonwealth Conference of August 1947 when certain tentative conclusions was blocked by the Soviet attitude that a peace treaty should be for the Big Four —the United States, Russia, the United Kingdom and China only— and not for the 11 power Far Eastern Commission.

NEW CHINA ACCEPTS U. K. OFFER

LONDON, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Communist China's acceptance of Britain's offer to establish diplomatic relations reached London tonight, the Foreign Office announced

It also agreed to the appointment of Mr. J. C. Hutchinson as Charged' Affaires in Peking.

Don John Carlos de Silva Ramos, is to be asked to take part in a detailed reconstruction of his young wife's death. He is accused of murdering her with curare, and Indian arrow poison, or with drugs, and the reconstruction is expected to be held in his luxurious villa, Fasenda, near the front at Biarritz. The picture shows Don Carlos with his baby daughter Pamela.—Keystone.

Work Hard For Prosperity

AZAD ASKS PEOPLE TO BE PATIENT

CUTTAK, Jan. 10 (UPI): India's Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, declared here today that the people should be prepared for hardship for sometime to come in order that future prosperity of the country might be ensured and the country might be placed on firm foundations. Maulana Azad said that the fair name and honour of India was more important than anything else and that would depend on the patience and forbearance with which the people conducted themselves during these difficult times ahead.

Maulana Azad, who was addressing a large public meeting here this evening said that there were numerous problems facing the country and all of them were difficult to solve. Some of these problems were the off-shoot of India's slavery under the British rule and some others were the result of the war and the partition of the country. But, he said, with the attainment of independence, the opportunity had now come to chalk out a plan of action so that the problems might be solved.

The capitalists, he said might try to enrich themselves by profiteering and black-marketing. But that was no reason why the people in general should assume an attitude of helplessness and sit quiet without producing all that they could by their effort. It was the duty of the people, he said, to remove the scarcity and place the country on a footing of self-sufficiency.

Continuing, Maulana Azad said that the Ministers had to set an example to the people by denying to themselves those things, such as sugar, whenever the people were not getting them. The Ministers should in their own spheres set an example by assisting in the 'grow more food' campaign.

In conclusion, he advised the people to have "faith and confidence in the Government", and the Ministers to "keep in touch with the people".

Shri Biswanath Das, President of the Utkal Provincial Committee presided over the meeting.

CONGRESS HAS BETRAYED THE POOR

Socialist Leader For Equitable Distribution Of Wealth

AGRA, Jan. 10, (UPI):— "Decentralization of capital for the benefit of the poor is the chief method by which the Socialist Party wishes to improve the lot of the 'masses", said, Mr. Damodar Swarup Seth, M.C.A., Socialist Leader, addressing a public meeting held yesterday evening at Motiganj Agra.

Mr. Seth said that the Congress Government, which is in power has now forgotten the sacrifices made by the poor and is supporting those rich people who sabotage their fight for freedom and had in the past supported the British rule for perpetuation of slavery in India. The result is that the rich have become richer and the poor poorer in free India today."

"The 'Quit India' slogan of the Congress" Mr. Damodar Swarup added, "had with it a promise that in free India the real authority would lie with the kisan and the labourer but it seems that the past promises have been forgotten and the public is suffering from a state of helplessness They believe that the aims for which they had fought and sacrificed have now been discarded.

Even Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister, who was Chairman of the Economic Commission of the All-India Congress Committee, had endorsed the Commission's view that the industries of India should be nationalised within five years. But now nationalisation in India, it seems, is impossible for fifteen years."

Mr. Damodar Swarup criticised the expenditure incurred on the import of foodgrains and the loss suffered by the India Government because of the devaluation of the rupee. He added that the deliberate allignment of India with the British Commonwealth is a negation of those solemn promises which the Congress took when the people were asked to fight for freedom."

Referring to the various difficulties through which India was passing, Mr. Seth said that the economic difficulties had overtaken the masses. The solution was that the capital should not be concentrated in a few hands, he declared.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan 10.

Previous Closing	30.93
Today's Opening	30.92
Difference	—1
Today's closing	30.98
Difference	+5

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan 10

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
Silver Forward	175	8	0
Gold Forward	114	0	0
Silver Bullion	175	8	0
Silver Mint	175	12	0
Gold Ready	114	4	0
Gold Ready	114	4	0
Sovereign	75	4	0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Jan 10

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining	30-3/4
General Motors	71-7/8
United States Steel common	27-3/8
United States Steel Pref.	unquoted.

BOMBAY WANTS BIGGER SHARE OF INCOME-TAX

Memo To Sir C. Deshmukh

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A demand for an increase of two per cent over Bombay's present share of 21 per cent of the total income-tax allocations made available to the Provincial pool has been pressed before Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, former Governor of the Reserve Bank of India in a memorandum submitted to him by the Government of Bombay, an authoritative source disclosed to the United Press of India.

The Government of India, it may be recalled, had announced towards the end of November last year that an "impartial and expert" enquiry would be made by Sir Chintaman Deshmukh into the question of re-allocation of taxes to provinces.

It has been pointed out in the memorandum that, under the Nieymeyer Award, Bombay's share of income-tax was fixed at 20 per cent, while the United Provinces and Madras were respectively allotted 15 per cent of the total amount available in the provincial pool.

REVISED

After the partition, however, Government revised these figures and allocated 21 per cent to Bombay, 19 per cent to the United Provinces and 18 per cent to Madras, even though Bombay's contribution was immeasurably larger than that of either of the two other Provinces.

Quoting figures, the source revealed that in the 1948-49 budget estimates of the Government of India, Bombay's contribution was shown at Rs. 61 crores as against those of Madras and the United Provinces, which amounted respectively to nearly Rs. 11 crores and Rs. 7 1/2 crores.

If, he continued, the decision of Sir Chintaman went against Bombay Government would be compelled to cut down on its expenditure, as a result of which some schemes, bearing on national reconstruction, would be adversely affected.

NEHRU BEATING A RETREAT

Sarat Bose's Charge

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (UPI): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has issued the following statement on the announcement that the previously decided interim general election in West Bengal would not be held:

"The Prime Minister of India has beaten a retreat. I expected he would. After the defeat of the Congress in South Calcutta in spite of the efforts and statements issued by him and his colleagues in the Central Government and in the Congress Working Committee and the election campaign conducted in Calcutta by one of the General Secretaries of the Congress, the Prime Minister lost his balance and hastily threw out to West Bengal the challenge of a general election within six months on the basis of the extremely limited franchise under the Government of India Act 1935.

"What I felt then has happened. The Prime Minister has given a long string of smooth excuses as to why his large promise could not be redeemed. His smooth excuses fail to carry conviction.

"The Prime Minister says that the Governor of West Bengal consulted Province. Will the Governor of West all sections of public opinion in this Bengal deign to tell us whom he consulted?"

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI): The executive of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee in a resolution today decided to sent a deputation to meet and represent to the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, their views regarding the future administration of Delhi

A TITLE FOR SHAW

LONDON, Jan. 10 (UPI). Mr. Bernard Shaw, 93, was [illegible] day awarded the title of "Honorary Till Eulenspiegel" in recognition of his "grand sense of humour" by the town of Mecln, Schleswig Holstein. The legendary medieval jester, Eulenspiegel, is supposed to have his grave there.

Last month the title went to M. Stalin in recognition of his efforts to establish "a true eulenspiegel peace".

RE-DISTRIBUTE LAND EQUITABLY

Socialist Members Plea In U. P. Assembly

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10, (PTI). Mr. Roshan Zaman Khan, Socialist member of the United Provinces Assembly, accused the Government of adopting "British methods in the collection of the Zamindari Abolition Fund" in the Provincial Assembly today.

Speaking on the Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Bill as amended by the Joint Select Committee, Mr. Khan pleaded for the re-distribution of land.

"Unless inequalities in the area of landholdings of big and small cultivators are removed, there can be no peace in rural areas", he said.

The Socialist member charged the Government with attempting "to stifle democracy in gaon panchayats"

He cited instances to establish that panchayat members were threatened with removal for participation in Socialist agitation against the Zamindari Abolition Fund. He took objection to the methods adopted for the collection of the fund.

STRIKE THREAT IN BURMA

RANGOON, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter) Mineworkers employed by the Burma Corporation at Namtu in the Northern Shan States today called a general strike in protest at the Corporation's retrenchment scheme.

Prominent labour leaders are to discuss the situation with Prime Minister Thakin Nu at Lashio.

Export Quota Of Sewing Thread Allotted

BOMBAY, Tuesday

A quota of 1,00,000 lbs. of cotton sewing thread has been allotted for the year 1950 for distribution among established shippers of cotton sewing thread for export to all permissible destinations excluding Pakistan. The quota will be distributed on a percentage basis.

Established shippers of this commodity should submit applications in the revised prescribed form, with consignee's orders duly checked by the Office Appraiser so as to reach this office on or before January 31, 1950.

Forward Bloc To Boycott Republic Celebrations

POONA, Jan. 10, (PTI). Pandit Sheelbhadra Yajee, Chairman of the all-India Forward Bloc today announced that his organisation would observe January 26 as 'Anti-Constitution Day.'

In a statement issued today Mr. Yajee called upon "the toiling masses in fields and factories, the youth and students of the country" to boycott the Republic celebrations on January 26 and to observe the 'Anti-Constitution Day' by organising processions and public meetings.

Dollar Talks Again

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter): The British-American-Canadian dollar talks will probably be resumed this spring, officials stated today.

The Finance Ministers of the three countries will then discuss the continuing study now being made by the Treasuries of the three countries to help Britain bridge her dollar gap and increase exports to the United States and Canada

They last met in Washington in September shortly before the devaluation of the pound.

Lucknow Normal

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): The city has returned to normal today after yesterday's communal clashes, says the District Magistrate in a press note. Almost all shops in the affected areas have opended and business was carried on normally The curfew imposed last night after some shops have been looted in Hazratganj has been relaxed The police are however, vigilant and full precautionary measures are being taken.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Baptista of East Africa.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Mr. Cecil Mendosa.

Rani Maharaj Singh attended the United Women's Organisation Committee Meeting at the Congress House.

Shri and Shrimati J P. Narain came to lunch.

The Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh gave an "At Home" at Government House to Members of the Municipal Corporation which other guests also attended.

Kunwar and Kunwarani Kamleshwar Dayal have arrived.

PROF. K. T. SHAH

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): Prof. K. T. Shah, Secretary of the National Planning Committee and Member of Indian Constituent Assembly, is arriving here on the January 14 on a three-day visit. He is to deliver three lectures on the national planning in India, nationalisation of industries in India and international economic cooperation, under the auspices of the Osmania University and the Hyderabad Economic Association.

MR. V. L. MEHTA

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Government of Bombay, will have Bombay on January 13 for Luchyan in the Bijapur District and will return to Bombay in the morning of January 15.

M. PAUL RAMADIER

MADRAS, Jan. 10, (PTI): N. Paul Ramadier, ex-Premier of France, arrived here this evening by plane from Mysore after attending the I.L.O. Conference

He will visit Pondicherry tomorrow, returning here on Thursday. He will proceed to Colombo on Saturday in connection with the Commonwealth Foreign Ministers Conference.

HYDERABAD LABOUR STRIKE TODAY

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): The general labour strike organised by the Socialist-dominated State Mazdoor Sangh will "positively" come off tomorrow, no further attempts for re-approachment between the government and the a labour having been made till 12 o'clock in the night.

Essential services like telephone, drainage, waterworks etc. will be affected by the general strike.

TANKS FOR FORMOSA

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): Ninety car loads of tanks and armoured cars consigned to the Chinese Government at Formosa were loaded aboard a Turkish freighter at a Philadelphia pier today.

Loading was begun this morning abroad the 8,077 ton freighter Mardin, of Istanbul. Agents of the ship, the B. H. Sobelman Company, said the ship will leave next week. They declined to give detailed information on the consignment.

PICKING BANDS
LEATHERS OF
M/S. COOPER ALLEN & CO.
(NORTH-WEST TANNERY)
SOLE AGENTS for:
Bombay City & Province.
THE UNITED INDIA TRADING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
SHALE BUILDING.
Bank Street, Fort, BOMBAY

R
SALE OF GRAMDAL
Gram, Gramdal and Besan are now available at all the Ration Shops including Government Grain Shops in the Bombay rationed area. Cardholders can, on presenting their Head of Family s foodgrains ration card, obtain 12 lbs. of either commodity or all the three commodities subject to the maximum of 12 lbs., in all, per week at the rate of Re 0-2-0 per lb from the ration shops where their foodgrains ration cards are registered
Permit holders can similarly now obtain 25 lbs of gram or gramdal or besan or all the three commodities subject to the maximum of 25 lbs. per month on production of their permits.

LONDON NEWSLETTER

Lunch To Honour Great Indian Lawyer

SPEECHES CRITICIZE DELHI'S EXTRAVAGANCE

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: "If Gandhiji were alive today he would ask the people to stop all eloquence and harangue and devote themselves to constructive work", said Mr. Matters, London editor of the Hindu, and a former M. P. in the course of a brief speech at the first Indian social of the New Year.

It was a lunch given by Prof. Dara, the indefatigable secretary of the Gandhi Society to bid farewell to its president, Mr. Subba Row on the eve of his departure for India. Mr. Subba Row is a wellknown barrister who has practised at the bar of the Privy Council for over two decades. India having cut her link with the Privy Council he sees no purpose in staying on in this country. Mr. Matters referred to his great talent and experience and hoped he would be elevated to the bench of a High Court if not the Supreme Court when he returned to his country so that she might have the benefit of his great legal knowledge.

Mr. Subba Row considered it as his good fortune to have been associated with a group that bore the name of the great Mahatma. When he thought of Gandhi he was reminded of Buddha. If Gandhiji had not dabbled in politics and devoted himself to things spiritual, he might have been hailed as a Messiah.

Mr. Matters saw no parallel to Gandhiji who was the greatest man of the century. Buddha, Christ and other religious leaders were followed by legions after their death. Gandhiji had the unique privilege of having millions of followers in his own country and hundreds of thousands outside India in his own life-time. There was no parallel to this phenomenon.

DEVIATIONS

Both Mr. Subba Row and Prof. Dara regretted that India was deviating from the path of Gandhiji and felt that there was never greater need for stressing the fundamental teachings of the Mahatma than today when under the stress of times the nation was leaving the right road of the Mahatma. Mr. Matters had no doubt that only by following the tenets of the Mahatma could India achieve her greatness and fulfil her destiny. Indeed, if India merely became an imitation of the West, whether Capitalist or Communist, it would have abandoned its real mission of proving the efficiency of non-violence and humility. Austerity and humility, on which the Indian prophet laid great emphasis, had been almost forgotten by most of his followers.

Had Gandhiji been alive, he would have halted the Government's career of extravagance. One cannot say that the present leaders are deliberately pursuing the path of extravagance. But they are being led into activities, through a false sense of the greatness of India, that must add to the enormous cost of administration.

COMMUNISM IN INDIA

The British press is paying great attention to what it calls Red menace in Asia. But most of the scribes seems to be concerned with the fortunes of people of Asia and more with their influence in that part of the world. A writer in the Glasgow Herald complains that Asian countries are not trying hard enough to defend themselves against Communist strategy. "India", he says, "appears as much concerned with the feud with Pakistan as with defending the eastern approaches to India, and yet Pakistan is the key to India's defence on her most vulnerable frontier. India cannot defend herself unless Pakistan takes the Eastern marches on her shoulders."

The Manchester Guardian does not think that Far Eastern Communism will try to carry out its threat by armies. It will operate through the Communist Party. The Communist Party of India, says the journal, still seems to be the accepted leader of Communism in South-East Asia. But the membership of the Party has been falling and its recent "peace demonstration" was a failure. Yet, as the Manchester Guardian observes, Communism remains danger to India, "partly because the Indian Socialist Party has failed to strike out in a way which attracts restless and idealist young men."

Torchlight Procession In London

LONDON, Jan. 10 (UPI): London yesterday had its first torchlight procession since the war in a great outdoor peace rally within a few yards of the U.S. Embassy and the military mission headquarters in Grosevenor square.

The meeting and the procession were organised by the British Peace Committee and was supported by wide sections of women and youth organisations. Among those who spoke were Lester Hutchinson, M.P. and Rev. Stanley Evans.

A unanimously passed resolution demanded the banning of atomic weapons reduction in other armaments.

GERMAN INDUSTRIES FAIRS, 1950

Preparations Afoot

Preparations for the German Industries Fairs 1950 have been almost concluded. The distribution of the Official Entrance Ticket to the German Industries Fairs will commence shortly after the New Year Holiday. Forty-eight representatives throughout the world will receive Entrance Tickets for sale together with detailed publicity material.

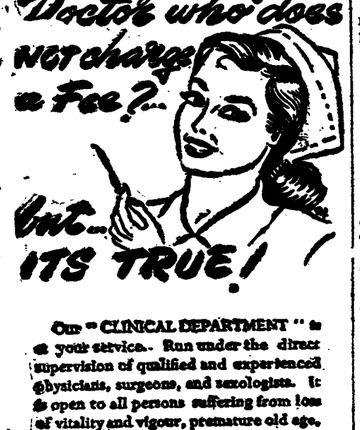
The Deutsche Messe-u-Austellungs—A. G. entertains correspondents in the following places: Cairo, Buenos Aires, Melbourne, Antwerp, Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Chile, Havana, Copenhagen, Guayaquil, Paris, Athens, London, Guatemala-City, Den Haag, Bombay, Jakarta, Dublin, Reykjavik, Milan, Beyrouth, Mexico, Oslo, Vienna, Lima, Teheran, Lisbon, Stockholm, Zurich, Bangkok, Madrid Johannesburg, Istanbul, Montevideo, New York and Caracas.

The admission of foreign exhibitors to the German Industries Fairs which will be held from March 29 to April 2 as the Light Industries Fair, and from May 3 to 14 as the Heavy Industries Fair has met with great interest in European and overseas countries. Numerous applications for exhibition-space to both events came in during the past week which could be satisfied without exception. Several countries booked collective exhibitions of their national produces and manufactures through their representatives sent to Hannover. On the strength of this direct contact with the organizers of the German Industries Fairs the successful conclusion of arrangements have been considerably simplified.

During the past week the Deutsche Messe-u-Asstellungs—A. G. received various reports from German exhibitors of the Trade Fairs 1949 at Hannover stating that business relations established at the Fairs of late became very active. This again is a clear proof of the ever-increasing roll the German Industries Fairs play in the development of international commercial relations among all natives.

EARTH TREMORS IN CALAIS

CALAIS, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter) People rushed into the streets frightened when Calais was violently shaken by earth tremors lasting four seconds at 1943 hours (GMT) tonight.



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Plea To Help S. E. Asia

PROF. DE VRIES' VIEW

BENTVELS (HOLLAND), Jan. 9, (PTI-Reuter): If ten per cent of the Marshall aid sent to Europe had been diverted to economic reconstruction in South-East Asia it would have been three times as effective as the whole amount of aid given to Europe, Professor E. de Vries told the International Socialist Students South-East Asia Conference here today.

Professor De Vries, formerly a member of the Dutch Overseas Territories Ministry, thought there were no grounds for industrialisation in South-East Asia, except in thickly populated areas.

Exploitation of the natural resources of these areas was "far more obvious".

Before the war Indonesian products—tin, rubber, Copra, palm oil and spices had captured world markets. Other Asiatic countries should keep this example in mind when defending their economic interests in a common trade policy.

The Professor said Asia was dependent on other countries for transport, banking, technical development, and other services, and said it was of world importance that South-East Asia should be helped in its economic reconstruction.

"Europe and Asia cannot do without each other and together they will go very far" he added.

CANCELLATION OF AID TO BURMAH OIL CO

Discussion May Be Held In Colombo Conference

LONDON Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter) Britain's cancellation of financial aid to the Burmah Oil Company is likely to lead to a full discussion at the Colombo Conference of Commonwealth aid to Burma, it was considered in diplomatic quarters here today.

According to British official sources, the cancellation has been decided on grounds of economy.

The exchequer has already paid the company between one and two million sterling for rehabilitation, in 1948 and 1949.

It is understood that the cutting off of aid to Burmah Oil Company is without prejudice to Britain's taking a share in any scheme for Commonwealth financial aid to the Burmese Government which may later be devised.

Plans for a Commonwealth loan to Burma, which have been in the hands of a Committee of Commonwealth Ambassadors in Rangoon, have hung fire all this year.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN S. AFRICAN PARTIES

LADYBRAND, Orange Free State, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter): South African Finance Minister Nicolaas Havenga, Leader of the Afrikaner Party, admitted here tonight that there were points of difference on some major political issues between his party and the Nationalist.

But he said that he and Dr. Malan the Nationalist Prime Minister, had agreed not to force these in the immediate future. It would not be in the best interests of South Africa to do so.

Mr. Havenga's statement was made in reference to a recent announcement by the Government that legislation to disfranchise coloured voters would not be submitted to Parliament this session.

MURDER TRIAL ADJOURNED

QUEBEC Jan. 0, (PTI-Reuter): The murder trial of J. Albert Guay, Quebec city jeweller, alleged to have arranged the placing of a time bomb in an airliner which crashed near here on September 9, killing his wife and 22 others aboard, was adjourned here today until February 13.

His lawyers protested against the adjournment declaring that the crown had created a "special Assizes term" to try Guay.

India Passing Through Anxious Days

MONGHYR, Jan. 8 (PTI): Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Bihar Premier addressing the Monghyr Home Guards here said that India was passing through anxious days after the achievement of freedom as we saw around us wave of fear, hatred and suspicion pervading the entire humanity." He said "It is our duty and privilege to carry aloft and to act on Mahatma Gandhi's message of ahimsa."

New Saurashtra Regional Commissioner

RAJKOT, January 10 (PTI): Mr. D. V. Rege officer on special duty in Hyderabad is succeeding Mr. N. M. Buch as the Regional Commissioner for Saurashtra from January 12, when he will take over charge, it is learnt.

Mr. Buch who is relinquishing his post as Regional Commissioner will take up his post as Joint Secretary, States Ministry, at New Delhi.

Land Encroachment Bill For Bihar

PATNA, Jan. 9 (P.T.I.): The Bihar Prevention of Land Encroachment Bill 1949 introduced in the Provincial Assembly today by Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Revenue Minister was referred to a select committee for report.

The bill on the lines of the Madras Land Enroachment Act, seeks to provide for checking unauthorised occupation of public lands.

Britain Not Sincere

NIGERIAN LEADER ON IBADAN TALKS

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Dr. Namdi Asikiwe, Member of the Nigerian Legislative Council, said today that 'discrimination against Nigerians geographically" was among the reasons why the National Council of Nigeria and the Cameroons, of which he is President, had boycotted the conference at Ibadan, to revise the Nigerian constitutions.

He considered the conference would "result in a rubber stamp affair". His organisation also objected to the use of 18 British officials "to influence public opinion in the north".

"If the British Government was sincere in seeking to revise our constitution, he declared "they should not have allowed the officials on the spot to bungle matters and create an impasse, making us boycott the conference."

There has been no hatred against the British, but the recent shooting of 28 miners at Enugh "was grave enough to ignite the tinderbox", he added.

Indonesia Asks For Loan

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The newly created United States of Indonesia has asked the Export Import Bank for a Loan, Dr. Soemitro, the Republic's first Charge d'Affaires in the United States, announced.

Dr. Soemitro disclosed the request after he had presented his credentials to Mr. Dean Acheson. He said negotiations with the Bank had already started, but no amount had been mentioned. More detailed information might be available when the Indonesian Minister for Economic Affairs, Mr. R. Juanda, arrived in the United States later this month for an "orientation trip."

The loan, if granted, would be used to restore the country's food production to prewar levels, to increase electric power production for industrial purposes, and to repair and modernise its transport system.

EIRE PLANS PROSPERITY

DUBLIN, EIRE—Eire's Coalition Government is starting the New Year with plans to give comparatively large financial hostages to the future in an effort to achieve the degree of prosperity and social betterment which appears to have eluded the country since it began to govern itself over 25 years ago.

In the next ten years, the Government will provide capital totally £250,000,000 sterling to assist private enterprise in the development of a social and economic programme which, it is hoped, will double the present earning power of the population and provide a house, at a reasonable rent, for every family needing one. In addition, modern hospital and sanatoria are to be provided for who need treatment.

Key to the programme is the country's 12,000,000 acres of arable land, for Eire has no other real asset which can be used to strengthen her economic position.

Working is going forward on a £60,000,000 rural electrification scheme and several of the 25-square mile units into which the country is being organised under this plan, have already been given current.

ANOTHER MILL CLOSURE

SHOLAPUR, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): The Jayasankar Spinning Mill, Barsi, has closed down from today, according to information received here.

The management of the mill—which employed about 1,100 workers—had earlier notified its decision to close down from today due to shortage of cotton.

The Barsi Old Mills, another mill in the locality, had also notified its decision to close down, but afterwards withdrew the notice. The Lokamanya Mills close down early this month.

Training the weavers of Banarasi silk sareer in fast dyeing in bright shades will shortly be undertaken at the Government Central Weaving Institute, Banaras, by the Government of U.P., it is learnt.

Indian Republic Stamps

GREAT DEMAND FROM ABROAD

BOMBAY, Monday: Orders from philatelists abroad are pouring in at the Philatelic Bureau in Bombay for supply of Indian Republic stamps series. Ethiopia, United Kingdom and United States of America have so far sent their initial orders.

Side by side with the issue of these Inauguration Day stamps on January 26, the Government of India are issuing to the public the same day, a first-day cover and folder containing a full set of stamps of all the four denominations.

The price of the first-day cover is one anna and of the folder complete with stamps Rs. 1-9-6 each. A concession has been allowed to purchasers of first-day cover in bulk of Rs. 1-4-0 for a packet of 25 and Rs. 5 for a packet of a hundred.

The stamps will be in four denominations—two annas, three and a half annas, four annas and 12 annas—coloured red, blue, violet and maroon, respectively.

These Republican Day stamps series are printed on water mark paper with a five pointed star multiplied all over. Each stamp has thirteen perforations and has been printed by the "offset process". Except the stamp of the value of three and a half annas, which is vertical in design, the remaining three values are horizontal, each measuring 1.14 inches by 1.54 inches. The words "Republic of India" and "Inauguration January 26, 1950" are inscribed along the borders of each stamp. The word "postage" and the value of the stamp in English appears on one of the sides of these stamps whereas the word "Bharat" and the denominational value in Hindi (Devnagari) script appear on the top righthand corner of each stamp.

The designs symbolise the jubilation of the masses, the educational programme of the country and the chief pursuits of the people, namely, agriculture and cottage industry.

These stamps will remain on sale until stocks are exhausted. A specially designed catchet will be used by the Philatelic Bureau in Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Simla, New Delhi, Lucknow, Patna, Shilong and Nagpur on the day of the issue of the new stamps series.

JAPANESE DESIRE FOR PEACE

Swiss Author's Impressions

BOMBAY, Tuesday: "The people in Japan have suffered so much in the last world war that they don't want war now, and there is among them a sincere and an intense desire for peace," observed Dr. Zimmermann, a Swiss educationalist and author, who recently arrived in India after a visit to Japan, in an address to the Bombay Rotary Club today.

Dr. Zimmermann, who was speaking on "Impressions of the New Japan", said that Japan was making a quick recovery from the disastrous effects of the war. "They are a wonderful people. They are trained to work and obey. They are a hard-working nation and are determined to re-build the country. Unlike other countries, there is no political unrest in Japan, though there Communists and other political parties. They are much better off than the Chinese", he added.

STRIKE FEVER IN HONG KONG

HONG KONG—A trial of strength between the British authorities in Hong Kong and Communist-dominated Chinese labour unions is fast moving to a climax.

Strike fever in the colony is increasing and a tense, explosive atmosphere is being created. The outcome of the struggle may have a profound influence on the political future of Hong Kong, for undoubtedly the return of the colony to China is in some minds.

The struggle has grown out of industrial unrest which, originally, at least, appeared to have a purely economic basis. Now it seems to be passing from the economic to the political sphere although there is no evidence as yet of any direction from outside Hong Kong territory.

Principal participants on the workers' side are the large utility company unions together with the staffs of the Royal Naval and three private dockyards. They have a total membership of about 15,000 men and women.

These unions belong to the powerful and expanding pro-communist Hong Kong Trade Union Federation, one of the colony's two groups of trade unions

CANADA'S RECORD PEACETIME DEFENCE BUDGET

More Men And Installations

OTTAWA: Canada's defence budget increased more than 50 per cent to a peacetime record of 383,000,000 dollars (about £ 127,600,000) in 1949.

The regular forces, with past recruiting difficulties over, were increased by the addition of some 8,000 new men and were only some 3,000 to 4,000 men short of a total standing strength of 50,000 at the end of the year.

Construction of barracks, homes and installations, such as hangars cost some 100,000,000 dollars (about £ 33,330,000). Orders for new combat planes and naval craft and for repairs and modernisation of those now in use probably exceeded that total.

The Royal Canadian Air Force established its first regular fighter squadron and an Air Defence Group set up headquarters in Montreal to direct defence preparations. A radar warly-warning system to protect vital approaches was got under way.

The addition of Newfoundland to the Confederation added a great defence bastion to the nation. Canada made no effect to disturb United States military rule at three bases on the island but pressed for modification of certain privileges given under the existing 99-year lease.

The forces united to establish a joint communications system linking through relay centres not only all military bases in Canada but also defence headquarters in such capitals as Washington and London.

The defence framework is taking shape in the radar system, the communications, regular and reserve fighting squadrons, the continued training of elements of the army's airborne brigade and the navy's anti-submarine preparations.

U. S. To Send Observers To I. L. O. Asian Conference

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter): The United States has accepted an invitation from International Labour Office to send observers to its first Asian Regional Conference. It is to be held in Ceylon from January 16 to January 28.

The State Department announcement said that considerable importance was being attached to the conference because of the consideration it would give to the social progress and industrial development of the Asian countries.

The conference was called by the I.L.O.'s Preparatory Asian Regional Conference held in New Delhi in November 1947. The I.L.O.'s governing body gave its approval in July last year.

MRS. PANDIT MEETS DEAN ACHESON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter): The Indian Ambassador, Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, and the chief of the Indian Department of External Affairs today paid a 50-minute visit on United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson.

Mr. Girja Shankar Bajpai, who is Secretary General of the Department of External Affairs, told reporters: "We talked about matters of general common interest."

Asked if Kashmir had been discussed, he replied "yes".

Mrs. Pandit said she had come to say farewell to Mr. Acheson before she left for a short visit to India. She is due to fly to London on Friday on her way to India.

Singapore Bandits Kill Chinese Driver

SINGAPORE, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter)—Terrorists ambushed a hospital jeep north of Raub Pahang today, killing the Chinese driver.

A Sikh Hospital Assistant, who was wounded, was rescued by a British Army patrol.

A three-man mission, headed by a Siamese police chief, will arrive here on January 19 to discuss closer coordination of plans to suppress terrorism along the Siam-Malaya border.

KILLS SHARK WITH KNIFE

DARWIN— Because he was annoyed with a shark for damaging his fishing net, Ted Fitzgeral 25, a Darwin man, killed it single-handed with a diver's knife.

His friends say Fitzgerald, who lives among boats on the waterfront, in not afraid of sharks or anything else.

He was out fishing from a launch with a friend when he saw a shark break his net. Enraged, Fitzgerald went over the side with a 9-inch diver's knife and swam after the shark.

He caught it by the tail thrust the knife into its side. In a few minutes there was blood and dead shark all over the water.

Fitzgerald's friends said: "He is a very mild man, but he doesn't like these injustices". P.T.I.-Reuter.

SARDAR TO VISIT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, is expected to arrive in Calcutta on January 14 next on a short visit. He will stay here till January 16 and is likely to meet representatives of the rival groups of Congressmen in the Province. He may also address a public meeting.

DANES LIKE INDIAN STUDENTS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI): The Danish-Indian Society wants to encourage visits by students of the two countries on a reciprocal basis.

In August 1949 the Society had arranged for about 20 Indian students from England staying with Danish families. Members of the Society told Mr. M. N Kaul, Secretary of the Indian Parliament, during his recent visit to Denmark that the Danes liked Indian students "very much"

PRODUCING MEN OF SOUND JUDGMENT

India's Educational Policy

CUTTACK, Jan. 9 (UPI).—Outlining the educational policy of the Government of India in the course of his informal talk to pressmen at the Government House here this evening Dr. Tarachand, Secretary, Education Minister, Government of India, observed that the Government policy was to "produce an independent-minded educated class in the country—a class which has and can exercise sound judgment and which will not be stamped into action of one type or the other".

The Education Secretary added that all aspects of education, including the medium of instruction during the British period were so shaped as to serve the British interest. The result was that even our industrialists were more of speculators than businessmen. The main aim of the Indian industrialists was, he said, immediate profit, and they were incapable of making long term plans.

MORALISE EDUCATION

He continued "We have to moralise education. Pre-1947 education was demoralised. When we talk of spiritualising education, we do not mean narrow dogmatic religious education."

The Education Secretary then gave an outline of how the Government of India was planning the educational system. He said that the foremost requirement was training of teachers with new spirit and outlook.

The Central Institute of Education in Delhi was so conceived as to cover all the aspects of education and act as a research institute.

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MASSIVE TREAD gives EXTRA mileage.
RIBBED SIDEWALLS give EXTRA protection.
REINFORCED CONSTRUCTION gives EXTRA strength.
LATEX-BONDED CORD gives EXTRA dependability.
NON-SKID PATTERN gives EXTRA grip.
MILES AHEAD

NO FEAR OF RUSSIAN DOMINATION IN CHINA

New Government Better, Says Mr. K. R. Sabarwal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE view that there is no fear of Russian domination in China was expressed today by Mr. K. R. Sabarwal, a former British-Indian political exile who arrived in Bombay recently after more than 30 years' stay in China and Japan.

K. R. SABARWAL

Mr. Sabarwal declared himself vehemently against any kind of imperialism. He revealed that was the reason why he was exiled by the British Government in 1915 and interned by the Japanese in Weihsien and Shantung during the World War II.

Mr. Sabarwal proceeded to give his story about the Communist regime and the present day conditions obtaining in Peking and Tientsin. He asserted that Chinese were a hard nut to crack and would not allow themselves to be easily dominated by their Russian neighbours. He added: "For the past several years efforts have been made to buy over China. They have proved futile and China has stood firm like a rock. She has sufficient inner strength to stand like that and will always remain erect for all time to come".

INFILTRATION

It was true that Russians exercised a good deal of influence in Peking and Tientsin. The Chinese Communists were fully conscious of this fact. They however knew where and when to stop and keep the foreigners at arm's length.

The Hammer and Sickle and the Five-Star were prominent over Russian or Communist establishments. The foreign Consulates flew their own national flags. Since the occupation, Russians and Japanese had infiltrated in the North China cities in large numbers. Many of them were absorbed as technicians by the government.

Mr. Sabarwal frankly admitted that he had no sympathy with Chinese politics. He was however of the opinion that the new regime was more honest than any other Chinese government. Red tape was limited to the minimum. He was also impressed by their methods of administration.

Mr. Sabarwal further revealed that the Communist government circles were least concerned whether their regime was recognised by foreign powers or not. They went their own way and were busy with the work of national reconstruction. They were confident that sooner or later recognition would come of its own accord.

NO BEGGARS

Mr. Sabarwal proceeded to give his impressions of the new China that was slowly coming into existence. There were no beggars in the streets. Elaborate programmes for the liquidation of illiteracy, which had found favour with the masses had been drawn up. Inflation was checked and severe measures were adopted to control the blackmarkets.

A "moral campaign" started with a view to curbing the evil of prostitution had achieved wonderful results. No girl was allowed to visit a male friend without being accompanied by any elderly member of the family. Foreign business tended to become monopolised by the administration. Import-export trade was however encouraged.

Mr. Sabarwal said that though the days of making "big money" were over, the underdog appeared to have a better chance to make good under the new regime. The Chinese masses were unconcerned. To the majority it was only a change of the government.

Asked whether Subhas Chandra Bose was alive, Mr. Sabarwal replied with an emphatic "no". "I am sure he is dead as was reported soon after the war", he added.

INDIAN COMMUNISM

To a question whether there was any hope for the Communists in India, Mr. Sabarwal replied that he did not think so. He added: "The Communist ideology can hardly be expected to find favour with a people who were predominantly religious in outlook. Religion is in the very blood of the Indian people, and as such they would definitely oppose Communist principles and methods of tackling problems" he said.

Mr. Sabarwal was exiled from India by the British Government in 1915 for taking part in the underground movement which had as its object the overthrow of the British rule in India. He went to Tokyo and remained there till 1936. Thereafter he stayed in Dairen and Peking till 1947.

In Japan he came into contact with the well-known Chinese leader Dr. Sun Yat-sen, when the latter visited that country. During the Japanese war he was interred by the Japanese for refusing to work on their behalf. He returned to India in 1947. In 1948 he again went to Peking to arrange for the disposal of his property there, and soon returned to India for settling down permanently in the country of his birth.

Mr. Sabarwal who arrived in Bombay last week will shortly be leaving for Delhi where he expects to meet the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Nehru.

Gun Money Authorised

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Congress has authorised the United States Government to spend 1,100 million dollars on foreign military aid between June 30, 1950 and June 30, 1951.

Of this, 645 million dollars will go to North Atlantic countries. From the remaining 455 million dollars will come aid to Greece and Turkey and any supplementary allocation.

SCIENTISTS REACH CALCUTTA

Series Of Lectures Arranged

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (PTI): Three Nobel Prize winners—Sir Robert Robinson, Prof. Frederick Joliot and Madame Joliot Curie—arrived here today by air from Bombay on a short visit.

Interviewed at Dum Dum airport Prof. Joliot said that he still believed that atomic research would benefit humanity more than harm it, and added: "I am optimistic about it." He emphatically declared atomic energy secrets should be shared by all nations and not by two or three alone.

Sir Robert Robinson, the famous organic chemist and President of the Royal Society of England arrived by an earlier plane.

Prof. J. D. Bernal, of Birbeck College, London, who along with Prof. Joliot and Madame Curie attended the 37th session of the Indian Science Congress held last week in Poona, also arrived here today.

The scientists will deliver here a series of lectures under the auspices of different science organisations.

No Large-Scale Coal Smuggling To Pak

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): It is authoritatively learnt in Calcutta that there has not been any large-scale smuggling of coal from India to Pakistan.

U. S. Should Ask Nationalists To Stop Fighting

SENATOR SMITH'S PLAN TO AVERT BLOODSHED OVER FORMOSA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9, (PTI-Reuter): Senator Alexander Smith, a Republican of New Jersey, said in the United States Senate today that America should ask the Chinese Nationalists to stop fighting the Communists as a condition of American intervention.

Submitting a plan to prevent a threatened battle between the Nationalists and the Communists for Formosa, now the seat of the Nationalist Headquarters, Senator Smith proposed that America should consider a joint occupation of the island with the nationalists "until such time as the ultimate sovereignty of the island is determined."

Speaking during a debate on China policy, he said he had first broached his idea to the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, by letter on December 27.

Senator Smith, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, who recently toured Formosa, made it clear that United States occupation would mean only the establishment of a joint political authority and would not involve sending American troops to the island.

He also specified that suspension of hostilities by the nationalists would include the lifting of their blockade.

He said his plan would mean the United States would guarantee the non-aggressive status of Formosa and would be to deter the Communists from invading the island.

"The United States could pursue its policy of friendship and support for the free Chinese people without assuming a dangerous and unlimited military commitment," he said.

ECONOMIC AID TO FORMOSA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9: Chinese nationalists have submitted proposals to the United States for the use in Formosa of economic aid still available to them under a 1948 United States programme.

Officials said here today that the proposals covered the 94,200,000 dollars worth of aid still remaining from the 275,000,000 dollar programme.

President Truman last week ruled out the possibility of military aid to the Nationalist Government. He said that economic assistance would continue to be sent in accordance with E. C. A. legislation. E. C. A. legislation makes it clear that these funds must be spent by February 15 or they could not be used.

Chinese embassy officials said they had not exhausted the last of the funds for military aid, authorised by Congress in 1949. The orders had been handed over to the United States defence establishment for procurement of the military aid. Some of the equipment on this programme however had not yet been dispatched to Formosa.

The United States budget sent to Congress today by President Truman stated that sizeable quantities of commodities intended for assistance to China had been diverted for safe keeping to Japan, Korea and Hong Kong from the mainland of China now occupied by the Communists.

It said the disposal of these created "a disposal problem of considerable proportion. Efforts have been made to utilise these commodities to the fullest extent possible in non-Communist areas.

"Where this is not feasible the balance is being disposed of by sale at the most favourable terms available.

ENGLISH CALENDER IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): The Hyderabad Government have decided that with effect from January 1, 1950, only the English calendar will be used in all official correspondence and records, according to a press note issued today.

According to the present practice English dates as well as fasli dates are used in official correspondence and records.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 9 (U.P.I.): Mr. A. F. M. Abdur Rahman M.L.A., West Bengal and formerly a minister in undivided Bengal, has resigned his membership of the West Bengal Legislative Assembly, and left for East Pakistan.

GOLD COAST QUIET

Business Paralysed By General Strike

ACCRA (Gold Coast), Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Gold Coast was quiet today, second day of civil disobedience campaign to support the demand for Dominion Status.

Shops in Accra and elsewhere were reopening, but leading engineering firms were paralysed by the general strike which began on Sunday and is expected to end tomorrow.

The strike was called to support the Dominion Status demand and for reinstatement of 61 dismissed Government workers.

DUTCH CAPTAIN RUNNING A PRIVATE WAR!

A Problem For Indonesia

JAKARTA, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter).

DR. Mohammed Hatta, Indonesian Prime Minister and Dr. Max Hirschfield, Dutch High Commissioner, have exchanged notes about the activities of a former Dutch captain in the Dutch-controlled Indonesian Army, said to be running a private war, it was authoritatively learned here today.

The captain, whose name was given as Westerling, has been variously reported as organising a private army of his own or as assisting Dar-ul-Islam, the fanatical Moslem group in West Java, which is still in arms.

The Sultan of Jogjakarta asked Dutch Crown Representative, Dr. A. H. Loving, before the transfer of power to deport Captain Westerling from Indonesia by exercising special powers.

Dr. Loving refused on the plea that there were not sufficient grounds for deporting him.

Dr. Hatta declared today "Westerling's activities are dangerous because they give support to all forces like Dar-ul-Islam working against the Government".

If Westerling was in Djakarta—he was reported to have been seen here late last night—the Dutch Army authorities would "take care of him", Dr. Hatta added.

DAR-UL-ISLAM PROBLEM

Dr. Hatta announced after a meeting this morning that a three-Ministry—Home Affairs, Defence and Religion— Commission had been set up to find a peaceful solution of the Dar-ul-Islam problem in West Java. The problem could be solved politically and in a peaceful way, he added.

Westerling's private army was reported to have sent an ultimatum to the Indonesian authorities in West Java three days ago that they would retaliate if the army did not call off its campaign against them.

The message was said to have set January 12 as the deadline for an answer. The Dutch Army authorities at Bandung arrested a Dutch lieutenant named Reihiner who was believed to have delivered the ultimatum. He denied doing so, but is still in custody.

His arrest was reported to have followed a letter to the High Commissioner from Dr. Hatta's Government which an Indonesian Army spokesman said, declared "Netherlands citizens still in Indonesia should not get into complicated situations which would endanger friendly relations between the two countries."

Before the transfer of power the Dutch Army, and since then the Indonesian Army, has clashed with the Dar-ul-Islam groups which two days ago reportedly asked for a cease-fire and offered to surrender provided they were allowed to retain the right to exist as an independent army.

An Indonesian Army spokesman said "such offers would never be acceptable. No private armies will be allowed to function in Indonesia".

Madhya Bharat Resignation

GWALIOR Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): The resignation of Mr. T. S. Gokhale, revenue and Labour Minister, Madhya Bharat States' Union, has been accepted this afternoon by the Premier of Madhya Bharat, it is officially announced here.

Own-Your-Phone

Good Response In Bombay

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI). The new "own-your-phone" scheme is stated to have met with good response in Bombay and Calcutta.

So far, over Rs. 90 lakhs have been deposited by the applicants for telephone in the cities concerned, with Bombay topping the list.

In Bombay 2,201 applicants for owning telephones have so far been received, and about Rs. 55 lakhs have been deposited with the Government.

There are 812 applicants in Calcutta who have deposited altogether Rs. twenty lakhs. In Delhi, the applications number 296 with a deposit money of Rs. 2,000 each while at Madras, the number of applications for telephone exceeds 230.

Lowest in the list is Amritsar with 13 applicants while Kanpur and Ahmedabad have 81 and 108 respectively.

YARN PRICES

U.P. Government Order

KANPUR, Jan 10 (PTI): The Provincial Government have decided that the maximum retail price of yarn other than sewing thread yarn produced by a producer having a spinning plant and packed after October 31, 1949 shall be twelve and half per cent over the ex-mill price as specified by the Textile Commissioner for all yarn sold beyond a radius of ten miles from any district headquarters town or from any other place within the district to which yarn is directly imported from any place outside the district, says a press note issued today from the office of the Provincial Textile Controller U.P.

The press note further says that the corresponding maximum retail price of such yarn will be only ten per cent above the ex-mill price or all yarn sold in the headquarters town or any place within a radius of ten miles from the headquarters town or from any other place to which yarn is imported from any place outside the district.

An administrative charge at the rate of one per cent will be levied on all yarn issued on purchasing authority by the Government or the Textile Controller.

BEST AIRMEN'S MESS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (UPI): No. 1 mess of the R.I.A.F. Station, Jalahalli, has been adjudged the best Airmen's mess in the R.I.A.F. Consequently, it becomes the first winner of the "Mukherjee Trophy" recently instituted by the Air Headquarters with a view to improve the preparation and presentation of food in the Indian Air Force messes.

GENERAL STRIKE IN ITALY: ARMOURED CARS IN ACTION

ROME, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter).

ARMOURED cars and jeeps loaded with armed police roared from the barracks to take up strategic positions today to combat a 24-hour general strike ordered by trade unions.

The unions last night called for a one-day stoppage to protest against the killing of six strikers yesterday when they tried to storm four steel foundries, from which they had been locked out near Modena, in Northern Italy. About 60 demonstrators and two policemen were hurt.

All last night strong man Mario Scelba, Minister of the Interior, conferred with his officers and when the police set out today, they were given orders to be firm.

Trouble is expected most in the northern provinces in Northern Italy—particularly Turin, Bologna, Genoa and Venice.

ASSAM LOCAL BOARD ELECTIONS

GAUHATI, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): It is officially announced that the local board elections in Assam will be held and completed by March 10 next.

A press note issued by the Government of Assam says, "elections will be held on joint electorate basis with reservation of seats for scheduled caste and tribal population."

NEWS BRIEFS

ARRIVAL

Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck, former Supreme Commander of the armed forces of India and Pakistan, has arrived in Bombay by air from New Delhi. He will stay in the city for about five days.

SUCCESSOR

Mr. D. V. Dege, officer on special duty in Hyderabad, is succeeding Mr. N. M. Buch as the Regional Commissioner for Saurashtra from January 12, when he will take over charge.

PARTY

The Governor of Orissa gave an evening party to meet Maulana Azad in Cuttack Monday. The 81-year-old Maharaja of Jeypore (Koraput district) presented to the Maulana Sahib a copper plate to be preserved in the National Museum of India.

RESTRICTION GOES

Holland has lifted the restriction on the import of textiles from a number a countries as from next Monday, according to Hilversum Radio. These countries include Britain and the Commonwealth, France and her overseas territories.

TELEPHONE RUSH

Nearly six lakh rupees has so far been deposited by prospective subscribers in Delhi for installation of telephones under the new system introduced with effect from January 1.

PLEA

Before the Indo-Pakistan Boundary Disputes Tribunal in Dacca on Monday, Mr. S. M. Bose, counsel for India, reiterated his plea for the inclusion of the entire Patharia Hills reserve forest in Patharkandi P. S. of Assam.

ACCEPTANCE

The United States has accepted an invitation from the International Labour Office to send observers to its first Asian regional conference, to be held in Ceylon from January 16 to 28.

BIHAR BILL

The Bihar Prevention of Land Encroachment Bill, 1949, introduced in the Provincial Assembly by Mr. Krishna Balabh Sahay, Revenue Minister, on Monday was referred to a Select Committee for report.

RED ARRESTED

A well-known Communist of PEPSU, Ghumman Singh of Ugrahn (Sangrur District) has been arrested by the District Police, Sangrur, under the Safety Ordinance.

RENTS CONTROL ACT

Part II of the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging House Rates Control Act, 1947 has been applied to Prantij and Modasa Municipal areas, in Sabarkantha district, in respect of all premises let for residence, education, business, trade or storage and to premises let to the Government or a local authority for the purpose of setting up an office or a public hospital or dispensary.

Italy Claims Right Of Defence

GENEVA, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Italy claimed the right to have defence forces and installations in Somaliland when a United Nations Trusteeship Council Committee today began the task of drawing a treaty for her to take over her old colony as "caretaker" for ten years.

The Committee will report to the Twelve-State Trusteeship Council when it meets here later this month.

Hyderabad Weekly Banned

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 10.

The Government of Hyderabad have prohibited the publication of "Swatantra Veer", a weekly Hindi paper, for two months under Section 99 of the Hyderabad Press Act.

The Order is stated to be the result of the publication in the paper of prejudicial reports "Calculated to endanger public peace and safety".

The Hyderabad Government have decided that with effect from January 26, 1950, Sunday will be observed as a weekly holiday, instead of Friday, in all Government offices, it was officially announced on Tuesday.

The Hyderabad Government have decided that with effect from January 1, 1950, only the English calendar will be records, a Press Note issued by the used in all official correspondence and Hyderabad Government stated on Tuesday.

A Change In Name

MADRAS, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): The Premier of Madras will be designated as "Chief Minister" from January 26, the date on which India becomes a Republic, according to a press note issued today.

This is in pursuance of the provision in the new Constitution laying down that the term "Chief Minister" shall be used for the Head of the State Cabinet.

RAISE STANDARD OF LEGAL EDUCATION

Degree And Diploma Courses Suggested

CHAGLA COMMITTEE REPORT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE institution of a Council of legal Education under the presidentship of the Chief Justice of Bombay for standardising and controlling legal education in the Province, a three-year degree course in law and one year diploma courses in Insurance, Income Tax, Banking, Labour, Company and Mercantile Laws, are recommended by the Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to suggest the reforms in the system of legal education.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee also suggests that the number of subjects for diploma courses, which should be taught in a Law College or in other classes recognised by the Council of Legal Education, may be increased as further need is felt. The admission stage for these courses should be the Matriculation or the S.S.C. Examination and the examination for the diploma should be held by the university or the Council of Legal Education.

MEMBERS

The other members of the Council, the Committee suggests, should be: the Deans of the Faculties of Law of the Universities, the Advocate General, the Government Pleader, the President of the Incorporated Law Society and one member from Teachers of Law in the Province, two Judges of the High Court, two representatives of the Bar and one representative of the Bar Council, all these to be nominated by the Chief Justice.

The function of the Council should be to advise the Universities in the matter of Law courses and text-books; to bring about co-ordination between the work of instruction and examination carried on by different professional bodies and the Universities so that overlapping may be prevented; to hold Diploma examinations and confer Diplomas in Law; and generally to supervise legal education in the Province so that a uniformity of standard may be maintained.

The Committee says that Law must now be treated by the Universities as an educational and cultural subject, leaving it to the professional bodies such as the Bar Council or the Council of Legal Education to look after the practical and professional training of a student of Law and that legal education must include the study of social science either at the pre-legal stage, or simultaneously with the study of Law.

ADMISSION

The stage of admission to the LL.B. course should, the Committee recommends, be the passing of only the Intermediate Arts or the Intermediate Commerce Examination and the course should be of three years' duration after admission to the study of Law including the professional and practical course which should be of one year's duration after the LL.B. Examination. This course should be taught in a Law College and the LL.B. Degree examination at the end of the two years' Law course should be held by the Universities and the professional examination at the end of the third year's Law course by the Bar Council or the Council of Legal Education.

The Committee also recommends a three years' pre-legal course after the Matriculation or the S.S.C. Examination; the first two years' of this course up to the Intermediate Arts or the Intermediate Commerce Examination to be taught in an Arts or a Commerce College, and the last one year's course in a Law College.

POST-GRADUATE COURSE

Regarding post-graduate studies in Law, the Committee recommends an LL.M. Degree which should be either by papers or by thesis. The duration of the LL.M. course should be two years after the LL.B. Examination. As for the LL.M. Degree by thesis, a student should submit his thesis in any legal topic two years after the LL.B. Examination and there should be a 'viva-voce' examination to test his knowledge of the subject.

The Committee also makes recommendations regarding advance studies in Law and research. It suggests that the University of Bombay should set up an institute for Advanced Studies in Law, or there should be two centres in the Province for such studies and research—one in the Poona Law College under the aegis of the Poona University, and the other in the Government Law College, Bombay, under the aegis of the Bombay University and the Government should share the financial burden of the two Universities involved in the creation of the two centres. It further says that the Historical Legal Research should be the concern of the Poona University and that the Comparative Legal Research should be the concern of the Bombay University.

The Committee is in favour of retention of the present method of teaching Law by formal lectures but suggests the synopsis of lectures should be given to students in advance. It also prescribes qualifications for teachers of Law.

G. G. SUMMONS PARLIAMENT

Session To Be Held On January 28

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10, (PTI). The Governor-General Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has summoned a session of Parliament on January 28, according to a Gazette Notification published today.

The Governor-General draws his authority for calling the session from Clause (1) of Article 379 of the Constitution which empowers him to summon the provisional Parliament to meet for the first time after the commencement of the Constitution.

The notification is made under an order entitled the "Constitution (Removal of difficulties) Order" published in the same gazette. The order besides enabling the Governor-General to summon the provisional Parliament provides for the administration of oath to the President of the Union by the Chief Justice of India, and to Governors of States by the Chief Justices of High Courts of States even though they might not have made and subscribed to the oath prescribed for them in the Constitution before that date.

VOTING SURPRISE IN MADRAS

Government Caught Napping

MADRAS, Jan. 10, (PTD. A warning that the Government party should be more vigilant in piloting bills was administered today in the Madras Council (Upper House) by the President, Mr. R. B. Ramakrishna Raju, before the House adjourned till Jan. 20 after passing the bill for paying fifty per cent advance compensation to Zamindars.

The warning followed a piquant situation that arose during voting on the first reading of the Bill.

When the Government motion for passing the first reading of the bill was put to vote, no "aye" voices were heard although Congress members were present in a majority. The Opposition Party's "no" was pronouncedly loud and the President declared that the Government motion had not been admitted.

After a while, a Congress member called for re-voting which resulted in the Government motion being admitted.

The House then completed the further stages of the Bill and passed it into law.

NEHRU DISCUSSES CITIZENSHIP

COLOMBO, Jan. 10 (PTI): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru spent over two hours this evening with a select gathering of Ceylon Indian leaders including members of the Working Committee of the Ceylon Indian Congress.

The occasion was provided at an evening party given by Mr. V. V. Giri, Indian High Commissioner, at his residence. Informal discussions took place over the problems facing Indians in Ceylon in relation to the Ceylon Government's attitude towards citizenship rights of Indians.

It is thought likely that such discussions may be continued on a later occasion before Pandit Nehru leaves the island.

ILO Chief In Madras

MADRAS, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.). Dr. David A. Morse Director-General of the International Labour Organisation, arrived in Madras this evening from Bangalore. He is staying at the Government House, Guindy, as the guest of the Governor of Madras.

Free Tutorial Classes

Under auspices of Nav Sanskar Kendra, Bombay, free tutorial classes are to held from the February 1. Those who seek admission to these classes should submit their names to the Secretary before January 15 at Vanmali Hall, Dadar (B. B. & C. I. Rly.), between 6 p.m. and 7-30 p.m.

Voluntary Food Sale

MIRAJ, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.) Two hundred bags of foodgrains were voluntarily sold by villagers, to Government at Kurundwad yesterday when the Commissioner of Southern Division visited the town for the purpose of encouraging the levy of foodgrains from the south district.

Partial Recovery In Steels After Early Drop

GOKAK SHARES MOVE UP ON GOOD DEMAND

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

The local Share Bazar was quiet today with increased profit taking. As anticipated the market has now developed corrective reactionary tendency. The present liquidation is likely to improve the technical position of the market.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1652 and declined at Rs. 1620 under increased profittaking. At this level there was scattered support and the market steadied at Rs. 1622. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 337/- and after improving at Rs. 338 declined at Rs 332 and steadied at Rs. 333.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1155 and declined at Rs. 1137. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 313 and after improving at Rs. 314 declined at Rs. 309 and steadied at Rs. 310. Swadeshi Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 284 and Tata Mills were quoted at Rs. 60. Scindia Shares were placed at Rs. 14/7.

Thereafter there was further liquidation and Tata Steel Defds. after declining at Rs. 1610 steadied at Rs. 1615. Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 332/8. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1135. Bombay Burmas after being quoted at Rs. 390 declined at Rs. 372/8.

Towards the close there was renewed buying and Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1625 and Ordinary Shares changed hands at Rs. 333. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1140 and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 311. Gokak Shares were in keen demand and advanced at Rs. 288. The market was steady at the decline.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1145	0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	311	0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	285	0
Central India Mills (6)	261	0
Simplex Mills (9-8) XD	211	8
New Great Eastern (8)	164	0
Indore	127	8
Gokak Mills (12)	289	0
Century Spinning (15)	250	10
Swan Mills (20)	326	0
Indian Bleaching (6)	147	0
Finlay Mills (15)	276	0
Morarji Goculdas (S) 7d	440	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	240	0
Meyer (12)	110	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3	0
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	12	8
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 15	6
Khatau Makanji (5)	190	0
Podar (S)	145	0
Khatau Makanji (5)	180	0
Swadeshi Coupon	68	8
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	334	6
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1627	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	137	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	163	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-3) XD	387	8
Belapur Sugar (9)	237	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	33	0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14	10
Premier Construction	98	0
Tata Chemical	13	0
Tata Oil (2)	54	8
Indian Iron (As. 12)	32	14
Bengal Steel (0-12)	23	9
British Indian Corp. (9-9)	9	6 6
Indian Copper		2 6
Wimco	216	4
Alcock	285	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1540	0
Tata Hydro (3)	156	0
Andhra Valley (25)	1442	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5)	62	0
Phoenix (50)	142	8
Indian Mfg.	2920	0
Kurla XD	125	0
Colaba (12)	120	0
New City (11)	185	10
Reserve (12)	140	
Bradbury (12)	520	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)		6
Bharat Mills (2)	33	12
Mysore (4)	182	
Model Mills (12-8)	178	
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	696	
Vishnu Cotton (8)	232	8
Western India (40)	892	
Standard (15)	227	
Shamrock Mills (200)	2860	
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	
Industrial Mills (40)	4000	
Tata Mills (2-4)	59	8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240	
New Ahmedabad	195	
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	32	
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	14
Madhusudan (2-8)	35	
Shrinivas Mills (S)	171	4
Raja Bahadur (4)	62	0
Berar Mills	250	0
Victoria Mills	225	
ELECTRIC (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	130	0
Ahmedabad New	77	0
Surat Electric	131	4
Kerguli Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	11	6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	141	4
Bombay Suburban (3)	166	14
Bombay Suburban New	85	0
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1793	12
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	440	0
Central Bank (1-8)	83	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	84	12
Bank of India (4-	179	8
Union (0-3)	7	2
Baroda (2-8)	121	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37	4
United Commercial (1-8)	50	8
Jaipur Bank (1-5)	35	
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0
INSURANCE SHARES		
Oriental (125)	4250	
Empire (10)	571	4
New India (1-7)	62	0
Jupiter (0-12)	13	0
Vulcan (0-10)	12	0
Indian Mercantile (2)	36	0
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B. I. G. (1)	14	12
Industrial and Prudential	26	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	12	12
RAILWAY SHARES		
G.P. (1-14) XD	113	8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (103)	242	8
Bombay Burma New (5) XD	127	8
Burma Petrol	1 5	6
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (3)	60	8
Kemp and Co. (30)	362	8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	88	4
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	42	0
Mukund Iron	13	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	17	0
Alembic (15)	148	12
Supreme Industries	72	8
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	145	0
United Motor	28	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (37)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Sarabai Carbonic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Gujarat Motor	28	0
Estrella Batteries	30	8
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	56	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200	0
Andhra Valley (7)	1241	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1317	8
Hydro Electric (7)	130	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	320	0
Central India (5)	655	0
Swedeshi Mills	130	
Vishnu Mills (7)	650	0
Lakshmi Mills	267	8
Khatau	100	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	
Podar Mills (4)	105	10
Srinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130	
Pre Construction First	100	8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	98	0
Amalgamated	115	
Baoir		
Tata Chemical	128	12
Walchandnagar	130	
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	102	8
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	90	0
Ahmedabad Advance	152	
Mysore Mill	60	
Standard	98	
Madhusudan	72	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	76	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	0
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	8
Indian Hume Pipe	101	8
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	8
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	11
New Victoria	2	4
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4	4
Palton (8)	118	0
Gold Monor	302	8
New Kaiser Hind	325	0
Sajjan Mills X.D.	150	0
Osmanshahi (16)	250	0
Azamshahi	280	0
Air India Tata	68	0
Air Services	4	7
Hind Motors	5	3
Indian Steam	8 3	6

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

MILLS

Apollo 3.
Bharat 33-12.
B. Dyeing 1153-12 58-12 38-12 41-4 35 45.
C. India 262 64 59 61.
Colaba 120-8 20.
E. Textiles 240.
Elphinstone Ord. 62.
Finlay 278 75 76.
Gokak 283 82 89.
I. U. Defd. 1-15-6.
I. U. Ord. 12-7 12-8 12-4 12-8.
Indore 128-2 28-12 27-8.
Kohinoor 314 7-8 11.
New City 186-4 85-10.
New Great 165 64.
Podar 145.
Simplex 215 9 11-8.
Svadeshi 286 87-8 82-8 84 81 85.
Swan 326.
Tata Mills 59-8 60 59 59-8.
Vishnu 232-8.
C. P Rly. 113-8.
B. Steam 242-8.
Scindia 14-11 14-13 14-7 14-8 14-5 14-10.
Baroda 120-8 21.
Central 83-4 83 83-8 83.
Central New 84-12.
Imperial Old 1800 1793-12.
Imperial New 440.
India 179-8 79 79-8.
Union 7-2.
U. Commercial 51-4 50-8.
Ahmedabad 130 30-10 30.
Andhra 1445 42-8.
Hydro 155 56.
Hydro Pref. 130.
Power 1542-8 40.
Power Pref. 1317-8.
B.I.G. 14|12
New India 62|4, 62
Vulcan 12
B. Steel 23|15 23|8 23|10 23|5 23|9
I. Iron 33 33|2 32|9 32|14
Tata Defd 1650 53|12 17|8 27|8 10 26|12 27|8
Tata Ord 338|8 31|8 33|8 30|8 34|8
Tata 1st Pref 200
Tata IInd Pref 127|4 37|12 37|8
Alcock 290 85
A.C.C. 163|8 63|12 61 63
Belapur 235|8 35 37
B. B. Old 380 87|8 77|8 87|8
B.B. New 127|8 26|4 27|8
B.B. Petrol 1|6|6 1|5|6
B.I.C 9|7 9|8|6
Dhramsey 43
I. Copper 2|6|6 2|6
I. Bleaching 147
P. Const 99 97|8 98
P. IInd Pref 96
Shivrajpur 33|8 33
Tata Chem 13|2 12|15 13|2 13
Tata Oil 55|8 56 53 54|8
Wimco 218|12 19|6 16|4

SPECIALL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 77

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

The local bullion market was quiet today under scattered selling. Maha delivery Silver opened at Rs. 176/2 and declined at Rs. 175/5 on moderate liquidation. Thereafter there was some buying and the market steadied at Rs. 175/8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 175 Maha delivery Gold opened at Rs. 113/13 and after declining at Rs. 113/7 steadied at Rs. 113/9. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/14 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75/4.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

Trading was again suspended in the produce market and the Committee is making all efforts to find out some satisfactory solution. Groundnuts market is manipulated but bulls remain firm. In the meantime there were rumours to the effect that there is a move to ban dispatches from Hyderabad State. Groundnut oil local mills were quoted at Rs. 21. January was quoted at Rs. 20/15 and February stood at Rs. 21/5.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	4	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	10	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	2	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973	96	0	0
3 per cent Con.	97	15	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1952-55	102	0	0
3 per cent 1957	101	12	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	5	0
3 per cent 1962-65	100	6	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	5	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	2	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	8	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	4	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	101	12	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent. 1958 66	113	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	1	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	1	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	8	4
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	99	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent C P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	6	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

Tata Ordinary 334-8, Tata Deferred 1627-8, Indian Iron 32-14, Steel Corpn. of Bengal, 23-9, Bombay Dyeing 1145, Central India 261-14, Gokak 289-6, Kohinoor 311-4, Simplex 211-8, Swadeshi 285, Tata Power 1540, Associated Cement 163-12, Belapur 227-8, Bombay Burma (Old) 387-8, Scindia 14-10, Central Bank 83, New India 62, Tata 2nd Pref. 137-8.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

120 Ready Japan	5	0	0
150 Ready Japan	4	6	0
120 Ready Italy	4	12	6
150 Ready Italy	4	5	6
150 D. Box Jan.	870	0	0
150 D. Box Feb.	875	0	0

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 6th January 1950, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 48,50,000 (Rs. Forty-eight lakhs and fifty thousand only) were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 9.

KARNAK Jan.	80.95—45
Mar.	80.25—25
May	79.95—85
ASHMOUNI Feb.	75.25+35
Apr.	74.60+35
Jun.	73.35+25

LONDON STOCKS

London, Jan. 9.

	£
2-1/2 p.c. Br. Consols	69-1/4
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	92-3/4
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	106-1/8
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	91-1/4
Chartered Bank of India	10
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	91
National Bank	32-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 8,893.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 upto 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Bank, Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 156 3/4.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8, London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. not quoted. London/Alexandria, Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4, London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35, London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 129.90-140.10, London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36, London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 13/16 1/2 29/32, London/Iran Cross Rate Rs. 90.20, London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Karachi Cross Rate Rs. 2/1-84-2/1.94, London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07-3/4-3.08 1/4, London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8, London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981 London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141 London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/32 2/4 5/32, London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23-12.26.

London discts. 2 Mos. 5/8 p.c.
London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 10. (PTI-Reuter). With Britain's political parties mustering their forces for the coming election fight, interest in the London Stock Exchange is small. Market men were today awaiting announcement of the polling date and with it start of the battle for political control. Stock and share trading was meagre and prices were sensitive to the smallest order.

British Government Stocks were without support and sagged to lower levels. Losses of quarter per cent were widespread.

In the industrial market, however, there was some resistance to the prevailing trend. Leading issues were occasionally firmer and closed with minor gains on the day.

Uncertainty was shown by European bonds. Germans moved within narrow limits and were finally fractionally down. Japanese loans were dull. Offerings of leading oil shares depressed prices by 1/32nd to 1/16th. rubbers, however were better, where changed.

Higher Cape advices gave the Kaffir market a firmer tone at the opening. Local sales erased this later and the section closed with a long list of small declines.

CONTINENTAL STOCK EXCHANGES

PARIS, January 9.

Domestics continued their upward movements with profittaking well absorbed although where advances were particularly wide some ground was given. French rentes, however, were heavy. Among internationals, Belgians and Argentines declined slightly after the recent advances. Riotinto underwent a selling movement while kaffirs and oils were hesitant although scoring gains in curb dealings.

AMSTERDAM, January 9.

With buyers of American certificates mostly satisfied, interest in this department was reduced. Prices, however, improved slightly. Most of the other sections weakened although among plantations, rubbers were steady reflecting the stable price of the commodity.

BRUSELES, Jan. 9.

The course was mostly irregular with restricted trade although there were some firm spots among constructions, motors and oils. Coals, electricities and textiles moved narrowly both ways.

NEW YORK PEPPER STEADY

NEW YORK, January 9.

BLACK PEPPER: Black pepper was steady with prices of spots held at 1.27 dollars a pound. Stocks of black pepper in licensed warehouses still remained low during December but it was held likely that an increase will be recorded this month unless material pickup in buying occurs. Following are today's closing prices:—Black Pepper spot 1.27 asked, January 1.25 nominal, March 1.19 nominal, May 1.18 nominal July 1.18 nominal, September 1.16 nominal, October 1.14 nominal. White pepper spot. 2.40 asked.

Mills Buy Near Months In N. Y. Cotton Market

STEEL SHARES STEADY IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.

After small early losses prices steadied, some deliveries establishing further newseasonal highs. The renewed demand reflected optimistic export prospects with Japan reentering the market for 60,000 bales and India reported to be still marketing for supplies. Bullish textile news and expectations of a tightening of free supplies later in the season were additional factors. The upturn, however, met increased profittaking attracted by the recent advances.

In the afternoon the market receded from the seasons high on commission house and New Orleans selling prompted by the weakness of grains but a modest reaction uncovered renewed demand for nearbys for mill and export prospects. The session closed steady with sales estimated at 145,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

March	30.93—
May	30.89—01
July	30.53+03
October	28.62—04
December	28.50—03
Middling Spot	31.77+02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	30.85—01
May	30.84—
July	30.42+01
October	28.54—04
Middling Spot	30.65—

New York Cotton March Highest 30.98 at 12-05 hours, Lowest 30.88 at 13-57 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

Carryover of public participation brought new 1949/50 peaks before corrective forces pared gains to mostly fractions. First hour sales reached 660,000 shares. United States steel retained a small advance at 27-3/8 despite news that its 30 coal mines in Pennsylvania, Westvirginia and Kentucky were closed by a strike. The averages were Industries 201.05 and rails 54.54.

In the afternoon, although the market could show only evenly divided mostly fractional changes either way, occasional profittaking and other offerings were rather well absorbed in most sections. Truman's budget message exerted negligible influence since its contents were mostly previously indicated. Steels particularly were steady. Despite the walkouts in some mines, steel operations this week are scheduled at the eigth month peak of 97.2 per cent of capacity. Late hardening brought a minor gain generally. The session closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.

GRAINS —Developed a weak understone fairly general selling reflecting slow domestic flour business and the failure of improvement in foreign demand for United States grains with demand limited to short covering on the scaledown. The only export business reported over the week-end and today was a sale of 340,000 bushels maize to Holland and a small quantity of lowgrade flour to Jamaica.

CHICAGO WHEAT

March	2.15-7/8
May	2.09-5/8
July	1.90-5/8
Sept.	1.91-1/8

NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, Jan. 9.

American Telephone and telegraph	147-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	34
Anaconda Copper Mining	30-7/8
Chase National Bank	36-1/8
Firestone Tyre	55-1/2
General Electric	43-1/4
General Motors	71-7/8
Ingersol Rand	89-1/2
International Nickel of Canada "A"	29-3/8
National City Bank	45
New York Central Rail Road	13-1/8
Sinclair Corporation	23-7/8
Socony Vacuum Oil	16-7/8
Texas Corporation	61-5/8
Union Corbide	46
U. S. Smelting and Refining	39-3/8
U. S. Steel Common	27-3/8
Western Union A	23

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 2,530,000 shares.

Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 27-3/8 and 27-1/8 respectively.

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, January 9.

Silver: The market again enjoyed a brief consumer demand with about 350,000 ounces changing hands at unchanged price.

LONDON BULLION

London, Jan 9.

London: Silver Spot and Forward 64 d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £12/8/0.

INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY FACING A "CRISIS"

Shortage Of Theatres And Dwindling Markets

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Indian film industry is to take one more stride in the way of progress by consolidating itself into a single well-knit organisation, according to Mr. Chuni Lall, President of the Motion Picture Society of India.

Mr Chuni Lall in an interview here today said that this process of consolidation would take the form of a Federation of Film Associations.

Towards this end, representatives of over 20 film Associations from all over the country will meet in Bombay on January 20 to discuss a draft constitution of the proposed Federation. They will also consider various problems affecting the motion picture industry.

"We are alive to the rightful part which film industry should play in the new India". Mr. Chuni Lall said. "Our industry is at present second only to America in production, although it may not have developed to the same extent in technique and in the international sphere", he added.

GRAVE CRISIS

Mr. Chuni Lall said that the film production today was "in the midst of a grave crisis due to a multitude of problems facing producers". There was an acute shortage of theatres in the country. Trade between India and Pakistan was "virtually at a stand-still and our market is dwindling day by day". Production of films which was maintained at a high level of about 275 features a year was, according to Mr. Chuni Lall, at a low ebb at present. He said that most of the studios were working partially and "unemployment and depression are fast enveloping the entire industry".

Mr. Chuni Lall pointed out in this connection that "nothing has been done by Government to solve the difficulties of the industry" since the protest closure of cinemas on June 30 last year. He welcomed, therefore, the endeavour of the industry to consolidate itself by forming itself into a Federation.

Mr. Chuni Lall disclosed that the Chairman of the Film Enquiry Committee had agreed to take financial and technical experts as advisers on the Committee. He said that there was "no enthusiasm in the industry" about this Committee, when it was appointed four months ago, there being no representative of the industry on it. Now that the industry would be represented on it, he hoped that it would extend its whole-hearted cooperation to make the enquiry a success.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Jan. 10.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

GOVERNMENT LOANS: Three per cent Paper 97/13, Do. Three per cent 1986 97/15/3, Do. 1970/75 100/1, Government of Travancore Loan Three per cent 1952/54 100/12, Government of Madras Loan Three per cent 1960 100/1/6.

BANKS: Travancore 14.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 2, Chembra 4/14, Cochin Malabar 4/14, Devasahola 14, Midland 4/1, Nelliampathy 1/2, Ouchterlony 6/5, Pullangode 1/3/3, Thirumbadi 1/15/6, T., R. and T. Co. 5/14 Vaikundam 6/2.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 158 S, Bangalore Woollen 245, Cambodia 12, Coimbatore CM 133/8, Do. Pioneer 120, Do. Spg. 51/4, Lakshmi 67/8, Mettur 225, Radhakrishna 156, Rajalakshmi 68/8, Ranga Vilas 52/8, Trav Rayons 4/7, Trichinopoly 10.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 67. F. A. C. T. 4/8. India Cement 17/12, Mettur Chem 6, Mysore Chem. Fert 8/6.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quieter Tendency

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (PTI-Reuter): The speculative stocks were rather a shade quieter market today due to profit-taking. Other stocks remain unchanged.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. paper 96 Three per cent loan 1986 97/14 6 Three per cent loan 1951-54 101-12 S Lot three per cent loan 1957 101-13 Three per cent loan 1966-68 100-7 S. Lots Three per cent loan 1970-75 100 S. Lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7-8 Hind 31-8 Hindustan Commercial 28 Imperial (fully paid) 1745—(ex-div.).

COTTONS: Bengal Nagpur 16-12 Kesoram 15-1 New Victoria Ordy. 2-8 New Victoria Pref. 4-8.

COALS: Bengal 510 Burrakpur 12-14 Katras Jherria 30 Raneegunje 11-3 South Karanpura 20-10 Western Bengal 5-2.

JUTES: Anglo-India 186 S. Lot Cheviot 232 Champdany 179 Fort Gloster 342 Howrah 29-2 India 150 Kamarhatty 247 Naihati 112 Reliance 21-11 Lansdowne 143 National 24-4 S. Lot Kelvin 277-8 Lothian 185-8.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 8-12 Brit Engineering 12-12 Indian Iron 31-10 Jessop and Co. 15-2 Marshalls 8-12 National Iron 4-5 Saraa Eng. 9-4 Steel Corpn. 23-9 Steel Corpn. Pref. 122 Textile Machinery 7-8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 2-10 Indian Copper 3-8 Tavoy Tin Aa. 10, Assam Bengal Cement 7-8 Sone Valley Cement 6-14 Alkali and Chemical 10-12 Calcutta Electric 16-2 Aluminium Corpn. 5-2 C.T. Angelo Bros 26-9 Bic 9-5 Dunlop Rubber 4o-8 F. and C. Osler 6-12 Indian Cables 48-8 Indian National Airways 3-8 Martin Burn 16 National Insulated Cable 9-1 National Tobacco 18-4 Rohtas Industry 5-4 British Burma Petrol 1-6 Bengal Paper 42-8 Titaghur Paper 34-12 Assam Saws 8-11 India Steamship 8-2.

SUGARS: Belsund 4-14 Carew and Co. 9-4 Cawnpore 27-8 Ramnagger Cane 14-10

TEAS: Amluckie 114 Atal 4-3 Bagdemari 15-11 Bateli 16-8 Bishnauth 38-4 East India 17-12 Teloijan 9-7 Tezpore 22-8.

CRIPPS CAUSES NO SURPRISE

Scaling Down Sterling Withdrawals

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

City circles in Bombay evinced very little interest in the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps' statement, reiterating the British Government's intention to scale down sterling releases, writes the P.T.I. city correspondent.

India's sterling balances which were £1,350 million early in 1947, now stand at £850 million, out of which anything in the neighbourhood of £350 million may be retained in London as a reserve.

India is not expected to exceed the stipulated amount of withdrawal, namely £50 million during the period July 1949 to June 1950, and on the other hand, she has accumulated £30 million since devaluation.

It appears that India had of her own accord, offered to cancel the Open General Licence as early as February, which would have had the effect of a voluntary scaling down of her withdrawals, but the British Government then suggested it was not necessary, and would adversely affect British exports to India.

PROBLEM FOR BRITAIN

Apart from this, city circles question the grounds on which the releases are proposed to be scaled down. Assuming that a cut could be made in goods and services pertaining to sterling or soft currency countries, it is argued it may not be easy to divert Britain's exports to the dollar markets where they may not after all be needed. The United Kingdom has to find a market for her goods, in order to maintain full employment at home and this can only be done if sterling is made available to countries which need British goods and services.

INDO-AFGHAN RADIO TELEGRAPH LINK

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The inauguration ceremony of the first direct radio telegraph service between India and Afghanistan will be performed in Bombay on Thursday by the Hon'ble Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister for Communications, Government of India, who arrived in the city today on a two-day official visit.

The Minister is also likely to visit the General Post Office, the Central Telegraphs Office, the Overseas Communications Service and the District Telephone Workshop offices.

B. B. C.'S NEWS ROBOT MONITOR

Britain's Revolutionary Invention

LONDON, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter) The British Broadcasting Corporation tonight demonstrated its new robot monitor, acclaimed to be a revolutionary invention which only Britain possessed, and which checks interference and distortion in broadcasting more sensitively than any human being.

It will, it is claimed, free engineers tied down in dreary routine listening for more interesting jobs.

Four robot men have been on successful service tests for more than nine months.

By the end of 1950 it is expected that eight of the existing 20 human monitoring positions in the home service network would have been changed over to automatic monitoring, releasing 28 men from the home service alone for other work.

The automatic monitoring scheme was being applied also to the European and overseas networks and within 12 months would be checking broadcasts to India and the Far East.

Plague In Jubbulpore

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 10.

Jubbulpore has fallen into the grip of plague. There had been 74 cases of attacks and 12 of deaths from plague in the city until January 4 Mahalinganj, Saraff Motinalla and Hanumantal wards of the city have been affected by the epidemic 36,000 persons have hitherto been inoculated against plague and 1,200 houses disinfected in the city.

**LONDON P

INDIAN SHIPPING MUST BE INDIAN OWNED

Mr. Master On Only Way To Prosperity

MADRAS, Jan. 10 (PTI).

MR. M. A. MASTER, Bombay shipping magnate, said here today that if Indian shipping were to succeed, it should be owned controlled and operated by the nationals of the country.

Mr. Master, who was addressing the members of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce, said that for a maritime country like India with a long sea coast and occupying a strategic position, a well developed navy was vital for her defence.

Mr. Master arrived here this afternoon from Bombay by air on his way to Colombo to attend the Asiatic Regional Conference of the ILO.

Sea power was the most supreme issue of the modern world, he said and added: "After the last two wars, countries lacking adequate shipping are building up their shipping industry to suit their requirements".

India, he said, could not afford to neglect this vital question and should view the shipping industry from the all-important angle of the preservation of her newly-won independence.

NATIONAL BASIS

Mr. Master referred to the recommendations of the Shipping Policy Committee and said that the Government of India had fully endorsed their view. The Committee while pointing out "that India possessed distressingly small number of deep sea ships, considering its size and the length of its coasts and the strategic position it occupied, recommended that India, like other maritime countries, should adopt a dynamic policy with regard to her shipping".

Quoting Pandit Nehru as saying he was impatient to see ships flying the flag of India across the seven seas to far away countries Mr. Master said: "To achieve this ideal, we have to develop the industry on a national basis".

NO HASTE

He referred to the International Shipping Convention and said that no hasty action should be taken by the Government of India to ratify the same. The International Convention did not accept the resolution that particular nations should be allowed the privilege to carry their cargo, on the ground that it involved flag discrimination.

Indian shipping could thrive well, he said, if only the Government encouraged it by assigning their cargo traffic to it. The Government spent large amounts on freight annually, easily exceeding Rs. 25 crores on their cargo alone.

Mr. Master declared: "Economic and security considerations demand that Indian shipping must be owned, controlled and managed by the nationals of the country".

He invited the Government of India to make a categorical statement on the subject to dispel doubts among the shipping interests in India.

CEYLON TROTSKYITES CALL A MASS RALLY

Protest Against Colombo Conference

COLOMBO, Jan. 10, (PTI): The Bolshevik Samasamaj Party of Ceylon, one of the country's two Trotskyist Communist parties, has called a mass rally in Colombo tomorrow to protest against the "imperialist conspiracy" of the Commonwealth Conference.

The Samasamaj Party, which with the other Trotskyist Party has the biggest Communist following in Ceylon, was first in the fields with political action against the Conference.

The Communist Party of Ceylon, which is smaller, was organising an all-Ceylon Peace Conference for January 14 and 15, expected to develop along the lines of the Communist-organised "peace conference" in Paris last year.

Tribute To Railwaymen

TRICHY, Jan. 10, (PTI): Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister for Railways and Transport, today paid a tribute to the loyalty and efficiency of Indian railwaymen.

INDORE RED DETENUS ON FAST

More Facilities Demanded

INDORE, Jan. 10 (PTI): About 20 Communist detenus and undertrial political prisoners in the Central Jail here have gone on a "fast unto death" since yesterday as a protest against the Madhya Bharat Government's refusal to concede their demands it was learned today.

In a representation to the Government they had demanded, among other things, increased maintenance allowance, family allowance to their dependants, and free supply of newspapers.

It was also learnt here that about 50 Communist detenus in other jails of Madhya Bharat have also started hunger strike simultaneously.

MARATHI LITERARY MANDAL

Opened At Karwar

KARWAR, Jan. 10 (PTI): The Samyukta Maharashtra Parishad (Dakshina Bhag), which had concluded its two-day session on Sunday, was also made the occasion of opening of a "Marathi Vangmya (literary) Mandal", at Karwar.

Mr. Laljee Pendse, a Socialist leader of Bombay, performed the opening ceremony of the Mandal and Mr. S. S. Navare, editor of the daily, 'Prabhat', Bombay, spoke on the close inter-relation between literature and linguistic provinces.

Mr. B. V. Pataskar, Member of the Constituent Assembly addressed a public meeting held under the auspices of the newly formed Marathi Mandal, on Sunday at Karwar, on the new constitution of India. Senapati Bapat presided.

CENTRAL CABINET RESHUFFLE

Postponement Till April

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10: The reshuffle of the Central Cabinet has been postponed, but not abandoned, it is stated here. There were definite reasons for its postponement.

The Union Parliament is being reconstituted. There will be at least one hundred new members, in the new Parliament, who will widen the scope of selection. It would be unfair to the new members if the Cabinet is reconstituted now. Then again it would be unwise to change the horses in mid-stream.

The new Parliament will commence its strenuous budget session on January 26. It would be well nigh impossible for the new Ministers to master their subject and face Parliament in two days.

Lastly the basis of reconstitution has not been agreed upon. One basis of reconstitution was the Gopalaswamy plan. That plan having been rejected, it would be futile to reshuffle the Cabinet till some other plan has been evolved. The Cabinet reshuffle is therefore regarded as a certainty after April next, by which time the reorganisation scheme, it is expected, will be finalised.

PARTY CIRCULAR FLOUTED

U. P. Congress Minority Protest

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10, (PTI): The minority group in the U.P. Legislature Congress Party, which walked out of a joint meeting of the Council of the U.P.C.C. and the Executive Party on January 8 as a protest against the appointment of a seven-man Committee to select 25 Congress nominees for by-elections to Parliament, has sent a memorandum to the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

The memorandum, it is understood, draws the Congress President's attention to the Congress High Command's circular regarding procedure in the selection of candidates and says that "the majority group has flouted the circular both in spirit and form."

"According to the circular", the memorandum adds, "the entire Congress Party plus the members of the P.C.C. Executive should have selected candidates. They had no authority to delegate their power to any Committee".

IRAQ'S RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN

BAGHDAD, Jan. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Iraq "may take steps to replace the existing Anglo-Iraqi Treaty" in the light of any new Anglo-Egyptian Settlement following the Wafdist victory in the Egyptian General Election, Iraqi Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Muzahiri Amin Pachachi stated today.

The Regent and political leaders of Iraq refused in January 1948 to ratify the Anglo-Iraqi Treaty signed at Portsmouth a few days earlier on the grounds that it "did not realise the country's aspirations".

Several lives were lost in rioting in Baghdad in the days between the signing of the treaty and the decision not to ratify it.

The Deputy Premier declared today: "We believe our relations with Britain should be based on mutual understanding and on an equal footing."

YEAR OF DECISIVE CHANGE IN WORLD AFFAIRS

West Consolidates Against Russian Threat

By W. N. Ewer, (of the 'Daily Herald' London)

The year 1949 will, I think, be seen in retrospect as one not of dramatic but of decisive, change in the world situation.

M. Stalin and his associates had seen 1948 as a year of spreading the "Revolution"—or, rather, Soviet ascendency in Europe. It was not so much that they were dazzled by the romantic coincidence that this was the centenary of "The '48". It was rather that all their analysis assured them that the West was both politicall and economically on the verge of a collapse.

There was a "revolutionary situation". The moment was ripe for an offensive. Believing in the prognostication, M. Stalin opened his offensive on four fronts. On the north, the blockade of Berlin was put into force. In the centre, Czechoslovakia was seized without a blow. In the south, an intensification of the Greek Civil War was ordered. While, 'behind the lines', strenuous efforts were made to bring about a collapse in France and Italy On the flanks, the war of nerves beat against Scandinavia and Turkey.

FAILURE OF OFFENSIVE

In the summer, the offensive was in full swing. Anxiety in the West equalled Moscow's confidence. There were many who believed that before another 12 months had gone by the Western Allies would be forced to evacuate Germany and that Russian armies would be on the Rhine. Though the airlift to Berlin had, in fact, been a decisive counter-stroke, the pressure of the attack was still maintained when 1948 ended or 1949 opened. At the close of 1949, it has failed, or been abandoned for the time being, all along the front. The change is complete.

During 1949 the Berlin blockade was lifted and the Greek Civil War ended. The Communist offensive in France and Italy had failed and were called off. Even the war of nerves had died down. The theme of Soviet propaganda had changed to peace and a professed fear of attack by Western imperialists. Even the expected attempt to coerce recalcitrant Yogoslavia has come to curiously little.

The reasons for this complete change have been two. Firstly, there has been the steadiness and consolidation of the West. The Western European countries have made it clear that they would not be intimidated into a policy of appeasement, and that they would certainly resist any further agression. The United States had made it plain that if a conflict came, American aid would be 'without stint'. If the Berlin airlift was the first decisive counter-action, the signing of the Atlantic Pact was the second. In 1947, at the founding of the Cominform, Russia had declared a cold war between the "two camps". In 1948 and 1949 the West accepted the challenge; and M. Stalin wisely had more cautious second thoughts.

There has, however, been another and by no means unimportant reason for the change. If the West has proved stronger, the Soviet Empire has proved weaker than M. Stalin foresaw in 1948. The revolt of Marshal Tito has succeeded beyond expectation. The rest of the satellite countries are riddled with discontent, with nationalist resurgence, and with a growing hatred of Russian domination and Russian exploitation. M. Stalin is forced to think not of extending but of consolidating his Empire, of repression instead of aggression.

TROUBLE BREWS

The purges and treason trials are the most dramatic symptoms. The trouble is, however, both widespread and deepseated. The satellite Governments have to threaten ruthless action against all opposition. Even the Communist Parties are unreliable. A Soviet Marshal has to be put in charge of Poland's armed forces and there are signs (as in M. Malenkov's PRAVDA article on M. Stalin's birthday) that there is no little discontent and unrest in the Soviet Union itself. It is no time for adventurous or risky foreign policies.

It may be objected that this analysis ignores the Far East and the great Communist victory in China. Surely all that has happened is that Moscow has swung its offensive from the West to the East, from Europe to Asia.

SIGNIFICANT VICTORY

I think not. The victory of the Chinese Communists is an event of tremendous world significance. The Chinese Communists, however, like the Yugoslavs, won their victory themselves with singularly little aid from the Soviet Union. M. Stalin's preoccupation at the end of the war was not to help his Chinese "comrades" but to recover for himself the territory and dominant situation of the Tsars in North-East China.

The greatest handicap of Mao Tse-tung's armies has been their lack of aircraft which the Russians could have given them, but did not That is a very significant fact. Another is that Mao, at the Moscow birthday celebrations, spoke of M. Stalin as "teacher and friend." "Teacher and leader" is the phrase required of the satellites. It was a quiet declaration of independence and equality.

There are now in the world two great Powers whose Governments profess devotion to Marxism. One is Russia, the other China. I would add that just as the one is now very Russian, the other is, and will be, very Chinese. The essential point, however, is that they are two, not one.

The year 1949 has been as definitely a year of defeat and failure for M. Stalin as it has been a year of victory and success for Mao.

VIET-NAM STUDENTS CALL FOR A STRIKE

Shooting Aftermath

SAIGON, Jan. 10. (PTI-Reuter): Viet-namese medical students called a three-day strike today in protest against Viet-Nam Government measures to disperse student demonstrations yesterday.

According to an official statement, one student was killed and 22 injured in demonstrations outside the French Governor's residence. Unconfirmed reports said three other young Viet-namese had died from wounds.

The students demonstrated demanding the immediate release of five fellow students arrested recently on political grounds.

Twenty-two French and six Viet-namese police were also injured in the clashes, the official statement said.

Aboard The S. S. "Jal Azad"

By Vatsala Mehta

I WAS sitting in my hotel room in Naples on the 19th July 1949 when the phone rang. "Jal-Azad has arrived and I shall come personally and fetch you" was what I heard on the phone. It was the Italian Officer from the Scindia Steam Navigation Company in Naples. In five minutes' time he arrived and took me to the harbour. This was the first time I was going to travel by an Indian ship and so naturally I was apprehensive, having heard a few things against Indian ships. However, my first glimpse of the beautiful white ship anchored in the harbour, disarmed me completely. I saw the flag of Independent India flying over the ship and it brought pride and joy to my heart.

Every one of the officers of the Scindia Co. was extremely courteous and helpful. My husband and my little son, who had boarded the ship at London, a week before, waved to me. I went up the gangway and found smiling faces around me.

Our cabin on "A" deck was a de luxe cabin with a private bath. It was beautifully furnished and clean. Next to our cabin was the huge drawing room with modern furniture and a small but compact library. There were a number of drawing room games — chess, carrom, draughts and cards. A huge piano stood in the corner. Everything, as far as I could see, was Swadeshi and I was proud of it. On the "B" deck downstairs was the large dining room which could easily accommodate 150 first class passengers. That night, too tired to look around, and meet people, we went to sleep early.

The next morning at seven, there was a knock on the cabin door. Sleepily, I opened, and to my delightful surprise found the steward with three cups of tea and some biscuits. We had tea in bed and dressed up, when the bugle sounded for the children's breakfast. I took my little son downstairs. Breakfast for children as well as adults included a choice of tea, coffee or milk, cereals, toast, many a preparation of eggs, bacon, and special breakfast dish for vegetarians. Either fruit or fruit juice was served at the beginning. When the children had finished, we had our breakfast. We were sitting at the captain's table and I being a newcomer, having joined from Naples, was introduced to the captain who had a great sense of humour.

MEALS AND GAMES

After breakfast I went round to see the ship. It was really a beautiful ship, well equipped. On the "A" deck, besides the drawing room there was the card room, the smoking room, the lounge, and the small swimming pool, put up temporarily. The hospital was very well equipped and had an efficient doctor. The children's nursery had paintings of children from all parts of the world. There were a number of toys, both for the tiny tots as well as the older children.

Just as I was walking round the ship, I heard the call bell. It was 11 o'clock and I wondered why the bell was ringing. I went to the drawing room and found to my delight, that ice-cream was being served. It was delicious and all the children, greedy as they were, had two helpings each.

The secretary of the sports committee approached me and asked me to run the daily sweep. I readily agreed.

At 12 noon, I took my little boy downstairs for lunch. It was delicious. Vegetarian Indian food, vegetarian English food, non-vegetarian English food, wonderful salads, fruit juice, three different types of pickles, papad, fresh fruit and nuts. Coffee was served upstairs in the drawing room. Supari etc. was served after each meal.

In the afternoon the carrom, bridge and deck tennis tournaments started. Those tournaments were the most enjoyable part of the whole trip.

At 4 o'clock tea was served in the dining room. One had a choice of hot or cold coffee and hot or iced tea. There were biscuits and hot toasts. As tea it was getting warm so we went into the swimming pool. The screams of little children whose enthusiastic fathers dragged them into the water, filled the air. After swimming we all had orange squash or lemon squash which were sold at a reasonable rate. At 7 o'clock it was time to take the children to dinner. Tiny tots had special soft foods prepared for them and special chairs and a stewardess was always there to feed those children whose mothers could not come down.

After children's dinner, we put our boy to bed and went down to dinner. It was a custom to dress up for dinner and the dining room glittered with the jewels of the ladies. Dinner was on the same scale as the lunch. After fruit and nuts we all gathered upstairs in the drawing room and had coffee. That time was the best part of the day. All the children were asleep So it was very peaceful. We all relaxed and talked and made friends with each other There was always some entertainment. Either some one played the piano or the flute or the accordion, or someone sang or some one told jokes or there were discussions. We had two concerts on the ship.

OUR SHORTCOMINGS

"I must now say something which would sound rather unpleasant. I have not come across any race in which so many people quarrel so often on such petty points as the Indian race. No discussion was ever continued for long without two or three people quarrelling bitterly over some silly points. I was in America for a year. I travelled round the world for six months but never have I come across such people as the Indians who are always ready to find fault with others and be very personal in ordinary conversation. When it comes to letting foreigners rule over us, we are remarkably tolerant—tolerant to the extent of our own detriment. But when it comes to putting up with our next door neighbour, we are critical regardless of the other person's feelings. Pleasantness and an agreeable nature in social life is something we must learn from the west. Quarrels in carrom tournaments, quarrels over bridge, quarrels while playing deck-tennis these were daily occurrences. Poor captain was an unwilling victim of these petty quarrels and was always asked to appease these quarrels. I always compared him with a mother who wastes a lot of her time settling her childrens' quarrels; except that in this case the "children" were all grown up and so the quarrels were all the more deplorable. As a rule we Indians are grown up children anyway. Conquest of petty mindedness, jealousy and bad manners, which is a sign of maturity is essentially confined to the westerner.

GOOD-BYE

The last dinner on board the ship was given by the captain, and we were his guests. After dinner there was dancing on the officers' deck.

We arrived in Bombay, on the 3rd August in the evening. At about 11 p.m. we were thrilled to see the first lights of Bombay. We docked in Bombay harbour at 11 p.m. and went to sleep. In the morning, just as we were ready to have our breakfast, "Jana Gana Mana" was played and it was wonderful to see all the passengers and all the staff standing up to attention. After breakfast we said our farewells and went down the gangway, praising the excellent service on board the ship.

INDIAN DELEGATION TO U.N.E.S.C.O.

MUDALIAR TO LEAD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (PTI): Mr. A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar will be Representative and Leader of India's Delegation to the tenth session of the United Nations' Economic and Social Council which is meeting in New York from February, 1950, an External Affairs Ministry press note said today.

The delegation will be composed of Rani Lakshmibai Rajwade, Mr. R. K. Saksena, Consul-General for India in New York, Mr. B. K. Nehru, Financial Adviser to the Indian Embassy in Washington and Mr. R. P. Adarkar, Head of the Economic Affairs Section of the Ministry of External Affairs.

EXTENSION OF THE CAPITAL

Plan Discussed In Delhi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): Representatives of 28 diplomatic missions and United Nations agencies in New Delhi met in the External Affairs Ministry today to discuss the details of the proposed south-western extension of the capital, a portion of which has been reserved for the Diplomatic Corps.

The proposed scheme covering an area of 1,500 acres was explained at the meeting by means of a large-size model, indicating the portion of the area, reserved for the Diplomatic Corps. It is proposed to develop this area immediately so that about 200 acres of building plots could be made available for the diplomatic missions.

POSTMAN'S DEMANDS TO BE CONSIDERED

Waiting For Nehru's Return

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): The two principal points raised by the Socialist leader Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan in his statement announcing his decision to go on a fast for an indefinite period from February 5, will be considered by the Prime Minister on Communications, and the Finance Minister on the Prime Minister's return from the Colombo conference, it is learned here.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, President of the All India Postmen's Union, had demanded that postmen should be paid wages for the 25 days that they were on strike in 1946 and that they should get increased dearness allownce without any cut in their special pay as at present.

U. K. RECOGNITION OF NEW CHINA

Reply Not Yet Received

LONDON, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter): Britain has not yet received notification of Chinese Communist acceptance of British recognition as announced by the Communist New China News Agency, a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

He was unable to confirm if notification had yet reached British representatives in Peking.

According to the news agency report the Chinese Communist Foreign Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai said China was willing to establish diplomatic relations on the basis of equality, mutual benefit, and mutual respect for territory and sovereignty.

MADAME CHIANG FOR FORMOSA

NEW YORK, Jan. 10, (PTI-Reuter): Madame Chiang Kai-shek left America today to join her husband in Formosa in his last stand against the Communists.

She was flying by way of San Francisco and Manila. Her route from the Philippines to Formosa was not disclosed here. She was accompanied by her secretary, K. W. Yu, the Chinese Ambassador to Italy, Yu Tsung-chi, and another whose identity was not disclosed.

She declined reporters' requests for an interview, declaring that she had nothing to add to her statement on Sunday, in which she pledged unending guerilla and propaganda warfare against the Chinese Communists and attacked Britain for recognising the Communist Government.

Lever Bros. Sports

RASQUINHA WINS THE PENTATHLON

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the complete results of the Annual Athletic Sports of the Lever Bros. Sports Club held on Sunday at the St. Xavier's College Ground at Parel.

MEN'S EVENTS

100 METRES: E. S. Quin 1. S. Pereira 2. W. P. Rasquinha 3. Time: 12 seconds.

BROAD JUMP: V. K. Raman 1. W. P. Rasquinha 2. G. Noronha 3. Distance: 19 ft. 8 inches.

110 METRES HURDLES: G. Noronha 1. S. Peretra 2. J. P. Gomes 3. Time: 19.6 seconds.

SACK RACE: G. K. Kunder 1. C. D'Costa 2. J. P. Gomes 3. Time: 13.5 seconds.

HIGH JUMP: V. K. Raman 1. W. A. Jackson 2. G. Noronha 3. Distance: 5ft. 1-1/2 inches.

200 METRES: W. P. Rasquinha 1. S. Pereira 2. E. S. Quin 3.

400 METRES: W. P. Rasquinha 1. G. Noronha 2. E. S. Quin 3. Time: 56.5 seconds.

1500 METRES: C. Furtado 1. M. D'Souza 2. A. Braganza 3. Time: 4 minutes, 24.5 seconds.

400 MEDLEY RELAY: M. K. Mendon, J. P. Gomes, C. A. Bell, and S. Pereira (Bombay Offices), winners. A Vieyra, A. Pereira, G. Noronha and R. Mercado (Engineers), runners-up.

PUTTING THE SHOT: Lajpatrai 1. W. A. Jackson 2. S. Moreshwar 3. Distance: 26ft. 11-3/4 inches.

800 METRES: R. Rodrigues 1. W. P. Rasquinha 2. A. Pereira 3. Time: 2 minutes, 20 seconds.

OBSTACLE RACE: J. P. Gomes 1. P. Bhattacharjee 2. A. Peers 3.

1600 METRES MEDLAY RELAY: Engineers 1 Soapery 2. Bombay offices 3.

TUG-OF-WAR: Process 1. Engineers 2.

ONE MILE CYCLE RACE: R. L. Mercado 1 J. E. Nichols 2.

WOMEN'S EVENTS

50 METRES: Leila D'Souza 1. Mary D'Souza 2. Lucy Vaz 3. Time: 7.6 seconds.

75 METRES SKIPPING: Mary D'Souza 1. Leila D'Souza 2. Effie Dias 3. Time: 12 seconds.

LEMON & SPOON RACE: Miss Saroja 1. Miss H. Batliwalla 2. Mrs. Parbstine 3.

400 METRES MEDLAY RELAY: Soapery 1. Offices 2.

50 METRES (GUESTS): Miss M. Gaedar 1. Miss Thelma Dias 2. Mrs. Hoskyns-Abrahall 3.

VETERAN'S EVENTS

100 METRES: Hoskyns-Abrahall 1. K. G. Krishnan 2. A. Peers 3.

200 METRES: Mascarenhas 1. Doraiswamy 2 Leonard 3.

CHILDREN'S EVENTS (UNDER 12)

BOY'S RACE: Benny Lobo 1. Albert Joseph 2. Edward D'Souza 3.

GIRLS' RACE: S. Pathare 1. Diana D'Souza 2. Shelin D'Souza 3.

W. P. Rasquinha of the Head Office won the Director's Challenge Cup for the best average athlete having won the Pentathlon, scoring 1280 points.

Runners-up S. B. Amin—1058 points.

The Company's Challenge Shield for the Team obtaining the most points was won by HVM Factory—Engineers scoring 83 points.

Management Challenge Shield for the Team Championship Runners-up was won by Branch Office scoring 23 points.

Management Challenge Cup for Ladies' Team Championship was won by Soapery scoring 30 points.

Runners-up: Offices scoring 22 points.

INTERNATIONAL POLO MATCH IN BOMBAY?

Ground Conditions Being Made Suitable

BOMBAY, Jan. 10.

Preparations for staging a representative match between an Argentine polo team and an Indian team in Bombay are well under way. The matches are expected to be held here in the first week of March.

His Highness the Maharaj of Jaipur, President of the Indian Polo Association who visited Bombay recently found the conditions of the ground not ideally suited for a high standard of polo which is expected such international fixtures.

The Amateur Riding Club who is keen on staging a good show has appointed a ground committee with the Maharaja of Idar as President and Major C. C. Gulliland as Secretary.

The Bombay Polo ground which is situated at the Mahalaxmi Racecourse was the scene of many an All-India fixtures before the war. The ground which was then under the care of Major Gulliland, was said to be the finest in India. But it was being neglected during the war and it fell into desuetude. Now the Amateur Riding Club are making every endeavour to restore the ground to its former condition with the help of Major Gulliland.

INTER-COLLEGE HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Inter College Hockey League this evening R.C. & R.I.S. drew with G. S. M. both sides scoring one each. Sanghkar scored by R.C. & R.I.S. while Lakeji scored for the Medicos.

FREEDOM-FIGHTERS FAVOURED

BANGALORE, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): Political sufferers are to receive certain concessions in regard to appointments in Government service in the Mysore State.

SOCCER FESTIVAL OF BRITAIN

Belgium, Argentina, Portugal And France To Send Teams

LONDON, Jan. 9

The Football Associations of Portugal, France, Belgium and Argentina are being asked to send their national team to play against England in connection with the Festival of Britain in 1951.

A programme is also being arranged by the Football Association for matches against an England "B" team. Scotland, Wales and Ireland have been asked to co-operate and it is suggested that all clubs who have undertaken tours abroad should reciprocate by inviting their previous opponents to come to England during the 1950-51 season

The matches will be played during the evenings, so as to interfere as little as possible with cricket matches

The 1950-51 season will be extended until May 19, 1951, for the purpose of playing these matches

The Football Association also decided that the 1950-51 season will start on Saturday August 26, thus the F.A. have reverted to their pre-war practice of starting the season on the last Saturday in August This season began a week earlier

QUEENSLAND BEATS SOUTH AUSTRALIA

First Victory Of Season In Sheffield Shield

BRISBANE, Jan. 10. (PTI-Reuter) Queensland defeated South Australia by nine wickets in their Sheffield Shield match here

South Australia, 191 behind on first innings, lost their remaining three second innings wickets today for the addition of 60 runs and were all out for 274. N V Raymer took three wickets for 45 and Len Johnson three for 88. Queensland then knocked off the runs, scoring 86 for the loss of one wicket K. Mackay made 55 not out.

Mackay, with a brilliant boundary drive, scored the winning hit which brought Queensland their first shield victory this season

Yet Another Draw!

BANGALORE, Jan. 10. For the second time the match between the Maharashtra Football Association from Poona and Bangalore Students ended without any decision in the Prasannakumar Memorial Football Tournament conducted here at the Sullivan Police Grounds. The match this evening ended in a goalless draw. The teams drew yesterday each side scoring once. The match will be replayed on Thursday

FOURTH "TEST"

Timings Of Play

BANARAS, January 9. (PTI). The fourth unofficial cricket Test Match between the commonwealth Eleven and India will be played on the Green Park ground, Kanpur from January 14. The hours of play will be as follows:—

10-30 a.m. to 12-30 p.m.
12-30 p.m. to 1-30 p.m. (lunch)
1-30 p.m. to 3-30 p.m.
3-30 p.m. to 3-35 p.m. (tea)
3-35 p.m to 4-35 p.m

Prasannakumar Football Tournament

BANGALORE, Jan. 9. (PTI): The Maharashtra Football Club, (the Poona and Bangalore Students shared two goals in the Prasannakumar Memorial Football Tournament here this evening. The visitors were leading 1-0 at the interval. This tournament is being conducted by the Bangalore Football Association and has attracted a number of local teams besides some outside teams.

Punjab Hockey Championships

AMBALA, Jan. 9. (PTI): The Punjab Hockey Championship, open to civil and military teams, will be held at Jullundur Cantonment from January Twenty-seven to February Five.

The Bhopal Wanderers, the Patiala Tigers; and some well-known teams from outside the province are expected to participate in the champ-

Indian Wanderers Reach Semi-final Round

BANGALORE, January 10 The Indian Wanderers, a Bangalore team entered the semi-finals of the Bangalore United Services Club Cup Hockey Tournament beating Mysore Vegetable Oil Company by two goals to nil in the quarter-finals of the match played at the B. R. V grounds this evening.

This tournament which is conducted by the Mysore State Hockey Association under the new hockey rules has attracted a number of local teams and has been in progress for the last one month.

Mans And Pulman Level

LONDON, Jan. 9 (P.T.I.-Reuter): At the close in the 'News of the World' match Mans and Pulman were level at six frames each.

Scores in the evening session, with Pulman first, were 77 to 40, 22 to 93 44 to 72, 67 to 27, 74 to 12, 71 to 27.

Donaldson led Kennerley by nine frames to three at the end of the evening session in the World Championship match.

Scores, with Donaldson first, were 84 to 28, 57 to 45, 66 to 46, 61 to 37, 39 to 75 and 68 to 46.

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PROMOTING INDO-CANADIAN TRADE RELATIONS

Talks To Begin In Delhi On January 22

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10

To discuss the prospects of substantially increasing mutual trade between India and Canada, a Canadian delegation is expected in New Delhi on January 22. The delegation which will be led by Mr. L. B. Pearson, Canadian Secretary of State for External Affairs, who is presently attending the Colombo Conference, is expected to stay in Delhi for four or five days.

Two officers of the Canadian Department of foreign trade and another from the External Affairs Department are likely to complete the Canadian delegation.

PRE-WAR YEARS

Before the war Canada was more important as a consumer of Indian goods than as a supplier of goods to India. During the two pre-war years 1937-38 and 1938-39 the average total value of our exports to Canada amounted to Rs. 222.84 lakhs and the average value of imports from Canada to Rs. 94.71 lakhs, thus leaving a favourable balance of trade to the extent of Rs. 128.13 lakhs.

In the pre-war days our exports to Canada consisted chiefly of Tea, Jute manufactures, Wool manufactures, Seeds (especially groundnuts), fruits and vegetables and Raw jute. Tea and jute manufactures formed the bulk of our exports, the percentage share of tea being the highest viz. 44 per cent and that of jute manufactures 39 per cent. Among other items the share of wool manufactures was 3.5 per cent, and that of seeds a little less than 3 per cent. The shares of fruits and vegetables and raw jute worked out at about 2 per cent and 1 per cent respectively.

The main articles of import from Canada in the two pre-war years were vehicles (mostly automobiles) accounting for about 62 per cent, metals about 8 per cent and provisions and oilman's stores about 6 per cent. Among other important items were machinery and millwork, paper and paper board, chemicals and wheat.

POST-WAR TRADE

The war which acted both as a restrictive and stimulating force has brought about important changes in Indo-Canadian trade. The value of both imports and exports—partly to elimination of continental markets and partly due to increased economic activity on account of war—steadily increased during the war period and reached a record figure of Rs. 11.50 crores for exports and Rs. 14.94 crores for imports in the year 1947-48. A substantial decline was recorded during the following year both in imports and exports, total value of imports amounting to Rs. 10.12 crores and that of exports to Rs. 8.37 crores in 1948-49.

BALANCE OF TRADE WITH CANADA

(In lakhs of Rs.)

Item	1946-47	1947-48	1948-49
Imports	719	1494	1012
Exports*	816	1150	837
Balance of trade	+97	—344	—175

*Re-exports are negligible.

Notwithstanding these changes the pattern of trade between the two countries has altered very little. On the side of exports, gunny cloth and tea continue to be the major items. The total value of exports of gunny cloth amounted to Rs. 6.39 and Rs. 4.46 crores in 1947-48 and 1948-49 respectively, accounting for 55 per cent and 53 per cent of the total exports. Share of tea increased from 20 per cent in 1947-48 to 26 per cent in 1948-49, total exports of tea being valued at Rs. 2.17 crores in 1947-48 and Rs. 2.21 crores in 1948-49. Exports of woollen manufactures (carpets and rugs), the third largest item of export, were valued at Rs. 63 lakhs in 1947-48 and Rs. 35 lakhs in 1948-49, the decline mainly being attributed to the fact that important raw wool producing areas have gone to Pakistan. Among other important items were groundnut oil, groundnuts, lac and cashew kernels. Exports of spices, raw cotton and cotton textile have practically ceased after the war while in the case of raw jute there has been a progressive decline from Rs. 18 lakhs in 1946-47 to Rs. 8 lakhs in 1948-49.

FOODGRAINS

The principal single item on the side of imports was foodgrains. The total value of imports of foodgrains imported during 1947-48 was Rs. 6.06 crores and in the following year, it amounted to Rs. 3.60 crores thus showing a substantial decline of Rs. 2.46 crores. Besides foodgrains, vehicles, paper and paste board and metals were the other major items.

The total value of vehicles imported during 1947-48 was Rs. 2.86 crores of which motor cars represented Rs. 1.56 crores.

In 1948-49, omnibuses were the principal item accounting for Rs. 1.10 crores out of a total value of Rs. 2.22 crores for all vehicles and parts thereof. The total value of imported metals was Rs. 1.06 crores in 1948-49, the principal metals being aluminium (Rs. 40,42 lakhs) and copper (Rs. 47,48 lakhs). Imports of paper and paste board amounted to Rs. 87.70 lakhs in 1947-48 and Rs. 88.34 lakhs in 1948-49. Among other important items of import were machinery and millwork, chemicals, tea chests, and provisions and Oilman's stores.

U. P. Zamindari Fund Goes Up

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10, (PTI): U.P.'s Zamindari Abolition Fund collection have exceeded Rs. twelve crores and sixty-four lakhs, it learnt.

The total number of tenants who have become 'bhumidhars' is 11,34,000. Muzzaffarnagar district is leading with collections amounting to thirty-four per cent of its allotted quota.

Financial Position Of Andhra

MADRAS, Jan. 10, (PTI): Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, replying to a question of ex-Premier Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, furnished in the Madras Council Upper House today the income and expenditure of the Telugu and non-Telugu Districts of the Province.

The figures, based on 1948-49 accounts, showed that the Andhra Province, consisting of Telugu districts and three Telugu speaking taluks of Bellary, was deficit by Rs. 2,19,00,000 during that year. The deficit of the residuary Madras Province during the same year stood at Rs. 95,59,000. These figures excluded the excise revenue in view of province-wide prohibition, but was inclusive of Income Tax share on population basis.

The Finance Minister made it clear that these amounts could not be taken as the normal deficit of the two areas. The figures, he added, would require "certain adjustments to arrive at the normal forecast of the financial position of the proposed Andhra and residuary Madras Provinces".

Another Hindi Daily In Jubbulpore

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 10.

Jubbulpore is going to have one more Hindi daily—the "Jai Bharat" from January 26. This new daily is the Jubbulpore edition of the "Nava-Bharat", a Hindi daily of Nagpur and it will be owned and managed by Shri Ram Gopal Maheshwari. Pandit Kunj Behari Pathak, a veteran journalist, has been appointed Editor of the "Jai Bharat."

It is gathered that both the "Jai Hind"—Seth Govind Das's daily and the "Jai Bharat" will have tele-printer service and that arrangements are afoot for the installation of tele-printer receiving sets in the offices of both of these papers.

Madras By-Election

MADRAS, Jan 10 (P.T.I.): Mr. M. R. Appa Rao, Kumara Zamindar of Vuyyur, has been declared elected to the Madras Legislative Assembly from the Madras Northern Land-Holders Constituency in the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Yuvaraj of Pithapuram, it is officially announced.

LET DELHI CHOOSE ANDHRA CAPITAL

Suggestion In Madras

MADRAS, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): An Andhra Congres member suggested in the Madras Assembly today that the question of fixing the capital for the Andhra Province might be left to the Government of India.

Finance Minister and leader of the House Mr. B. Gopala Reddi replied that he could not say whether the Government of India could play the 'role of an arbitrator' in the choice of the capital. The Madras Government, he said, was awaiting the recommendation of the Andhra members of the Partition Committee on the capital of the new Province and when received it would be duly communicated to the Government of India.

Delhi 'Diplomatic Enclave' To Be Built Soon

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): The proposed "diplomatic enclave" in the capital is expected to be built up within the shortest possible time. Foreign missions in India will be given the option to buy land and erect their own buildings in the colony.

Flight Cadets On Parade

Officers, airmen and pupil pilots of No. 2 Air Force Academy, were on parade at Jodhpur on January 6, in connection with the annual inspection of this flying training institution by the CAS and C.-in-C., RIAF, Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst. The C.-in-C., RIAF, accompanied by Wing Commander O. P. Mehra, Officer Commanding and Squadron Leader Ghosh, Chief Ground Instructor of the Academy, inspects the Flight Cadets on parade.

BALANCE OF TRADE: A SURPLUS NOW

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 10.

THE rigid control over imports is having effect. The adverse balance of trade which had mounted up to Rs. 31,65 lakhs in July last year has been rapidly brought down and was converted into a surplus of Rs. 7.85 lakhs in November last. The following are the figures:—

(Value in lakhs of rupees)

Month	Total imports	Total exports including re-exports	Balance of Trade
April	51,69	34,46	—17,23
May	64,12	30,07	—34,05
June	60,55	29,64	—30,91
July	62,55	30,90	—31,65
August	54,42	34,75	—19,67
September	37,21	34,19	—3,02
October	43,06	35,26	—7,80
November	43,21	51,06	7,85
GRAND TOTAL	416,81	280,33	—136,48
Total July to November 1949.	240,45	186,16	—54,29

EXTRAVAGANCE SIDE BY SIDE WITH MISERLINESS

Mr. N. Bharucha Criticises Municipal Budget

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

OPENING the discussion on the Municipal Budget for 1950-51 at a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation this afternoon, Mr. Naushir Bharucha said that the budget revealed amazing extravagance side by side with miserliness in catering to civic needs.

The General Tax had gone up by a hundred per cent during the past five years without an appreciable increase in new buildings. Charitable trusts had been hardest hit by the increase in taxation, and some of these institutions were finding it difficult to maintain themselves. Mr. Bharucha pleaded for relief in assessing the rateable values of these institutions.

Referring to Town Duties, the speaker said that the average citizen would be adversely affected by the stepping up of Town Duties. He put forth a plea for a reduction of duties of foodgrains and essential commodities and for a substantial increase in duties on luxury articles including such items as gold and silver bullion, and wines and beer. The increase was suggested so that the schedule of taxation could be increased without any great inconvenience to the general public.

WHEEL TAX

With regard to the Wheel Tax, Mr. Bharucha stated that there should be a goodly addition in the rate of taxation, as the Municipality was spending one crore of rupees on maintenance and repairs to roads, whereas it was collecting only Rs. 42 lakhs per year.

The Vaitarna Scheme, the speaker added, was the biggest financial flop undertaken by the Corporation. The scheme would not pay for itself for many years to come.

Further discussion on the budget was postponed to the next meeting of the Corporation.

Earlier the Corporation accepted the Municipal Commissioner's proposal to implement for a period of two years the Government of India's compulsory savings scheme for all employees drawing a salary of Rs. 250 or more.

Mr. Dinker Desai's amendment of the proposal to the effect that the scheme should be applied to employees drawing a salary of Rs. 350 and over was rejected.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 9 (U.P.I.): Dr. N. R. Dhar, Head of the Department of Chemistry, Allahabad University, has donated rupees one lakh to the Chittaranjan Seva Sadan for construction of nurses quarters there.

Chinese Envoy To Britain

LONDON, Jan. 10 (UPI): Jack Chen, well known artist and journalist who is now representing New China's News Agency in the London office, is being tipped here as a possible Chinese Communist Ambassador. Chen himself however, strongly denies the possibility. There will be no difficulty in filling up diplomatic posts, he says, as the best brains, including many who acquired experience under the Kuomintang, are now gathered in Peking.

A directive from the Chinese people's Government to all Embassies, enjoining when to take good care of documents and files and holding and hopes of continued employment, indicates that the new Government desires, at least initially, to retain all those who are willing to work for it.

Denmark's Recognition

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Denmark has decided to recognise the Chinese Communist Government, it was announced here.

Reds Suffer Reverses In Yunnan

HONG KONG, Jan. 9 (PTI-Reuter): Communist forces have suffered reverses in fighting south of Yunnan province capital of Kumming, according to the Nationalist Central News Agency.

Quoting reports from reliable sources, the agency stated that it was also claimed there had been Communist setbacks near Sichang South-East of Sikiang Province.

The South China nationalist guerillas were stated to be "very active in areas around the Pearl River Delta."

BREACH OF CLOTH CONTROL ORDER

Action Against Ahmedabad Mills

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 10.

In view of the Textile Commissioner's order recently issued that managing directors and directors of limited companies will be held responsible for breach of cloth control order and breach of its provisions, the Enforcement Branch Head Mr. Beruon has filed complaints against agents, sub-agents and managers of certain mills for breach of the cloth control order. It is learnt that these mills have been charged for breach of 'pana' (length) in export business.

Dr. Mukherjee In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Jan. 10 (U.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Industry and Supply Minister Government of India, arrived here this afternoon from Delhi by air.

The Joliot-Curie arrived from Bombay by air this afternoon. She will open the Institute of Nuclear Physics of the Calcutta University on Wednesday.

Let Women Do It

MADURA, Jan. 10 (P.T.I.): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer suggested yesterday that the whole of primary education might be left to the care of women who had consecrated themselves to this task.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

DO snakes hear? There seems to be much confusion on this point because I have been always under the impression that snakes do not hear and that all the weird business about the snake-charmer's flute is so much nonsense. This I do know: When a few of us in a spirit of investigation tried a snake flute's record on a reptile, the creature instead of being impressed moved most contemptuously over the gramophone. But I have just had an excited colleague giving me an account which is sufficiently provocative to send me to the "Encyclopedia Britannica". And here is the last word on the subject: "In spite of the obliterated tympanic cavity of snakes and the closed up other ear passage and absence of a tympanic membrane in snakes, these creatures can hear very well."

The question is not an academic one. My colleague who has chosen to stay outside the city, says that last night he went home. A member of his household went down to the kitchen and asked the servant to light the fire for a cup of tea. Whilst rummaging in the coal-box, the servant heard a sharp hiss, came out and told his master that there was a snake in there. The master asked the servant not to speak lest the snake heard his voice and, as snakes are believed to do commonly, remembered it and came back later. The servant went in again armed with a stick, followed the snake into the garden and killed it.

But that is beside the point. Here we are told that the snake not only hears but even has a long memory. If this is correct, then it is definitely worth knowing. There is a good deal of evidence to establish these very human qualities in the reptile. Some years ago, when he was engaged in clearing up his master's garden, he disturbed a snake which made a sudden dart for safety and settled itself snugly under a wooden platform, three inches from the ground and about two feet square on which the mali was standing. His master who had been brought out by the commotion, warned the mali that the snake had hidden itself under the platform and asked him to be careful. The mali took some time to understand this message but the snake, disclosing unusual intelligence, heard and shot out at incredible speed in another direction. The mali, marvelling at the superior wisdom of the snake, decided philosophically that the world was big enough to hold him and the snake. Some days later, whilst working in the shrubbery, he saw the snake again. But it just looked knowingly at him, wagged its tail, and slowly and majestically moved off. This last I find very difficult to believe. My little cousin accepts it as true because some two weeks back she came out of her room and saw a snake "sitting near a broom, eating an onion and smacking his lips happily." When it saw her, it wagged its tail joyously "just like Fido the dog but more cheerfully." Fido is nothing in the way of cheerfulness but my cousin will not admit this.

I leave the matter here because the testimony seems most conflicting and I do not feel competent to pass an opinion. Ever since my old classmate, Yezdi, then aged twelve, walked about the school grounds, wearing a pet snake round his neck and insisting on all of us petting the dreadful creature, I have developed a horrible allergy to snakes.

TOWARDS GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE

Mavlankar Stresses Need For Discipline & Toleration

CALICUT, Jan. 9. (PTI).

MR. G. V. MAVLANKAR, Speaker of the dominion parliament stressed the need for self-discipline and a spirit of toleration addressing a crowded public meeting here. He said these were essential under the new set up which India is to have from January 26, with the inauguration of the Indian Republic.

"We are on the eve of big constitutional changes and it is, therefore, natural that we should have big expectations about the future," he said.

"The structure of our constitution is a republic, the Government of the people, for the people and by the people and our constitution is only a means to that end," he added.

Mr. Mavlankar said: "We are having or are trying to have a real Government of the people. But unless there is character, truthfulness, a spirit of service and a spirit of our being one community" it will not be possible for us to maintain democracy, even if there is no foreigner, and our Government will not be self-government in the sense of the Government of the 300 millions of the country."

The achievements of the Congress in the last two years, Mr. Mavlankarr said, were many; there was in particular the integration of the 600 and odd states. But, assuming they were not able to achieve much, the very fact that "we have been able to stand on our own, that we have been able to maintain law and order in this country is in itself no mean achievement," he added.

Mr. Mavlankar, who is on a tour of South India arrived here today.

A civic address was presented to Mr Mavlankar by the Calicut Municipality.

Mr. Mavlankar is leaving tomorrow for Guruvayur.

A Rich Repertory Of Mimicry

SINGAPORE, Jan. 9 (PTI): An Indian who can mimic the calls of about 20 different birds and animals is to help in bringing home to young folk in Malaya lessons in nature studies.

The State broadcasting organisation, Radio Malaya, recently planned a programme under the expressive title "The professor goes birdwatching" in its school broadcasts. As the calls of different birds had not been recorded and it would involve much time and effort to do so, it advertised for a human mimic.

Only one, an Indian in the twenties, S. R. C. Naidu, responded. It has been found that he is equally at home imitating the call of the cuckoo, hen, duck, frog, parrot, canary and a number of other birds.

Naidu is now further adding to his repertory, watching other birds and practising their calls, and Radio Malaya have plans for utilising him in a number of programmes.

By plain, non-calculating Mr. Naidu is an employee of the Singapore Municipality.

MUTT AND JEFF—So What? Jeff's Talking To Himself And Don't Want Any Answer — By BUD FISHER

HELLO, OPERATOR! I DEPOSITED FIVE CENTS. GIMME CENTRAL 1776 AND HERE'S AN EXTRA NICKEL FOR YOURSELF!
NOW LISTEN, DOLORES HONEY! YOU SAID YOU WOULD MEET ME HERE AT NINE AND I WAITED FOUR HOURS AND----
SO WHAT? AND IF THAT'S THE WAY YOU FEEL ABOUT IT YOU NEEDN'T SPEAK TO ME ANYMORE! GOOD-BYE!
O.K.! GOOD-BYE! HELLO! OPERATOR! OPERATOR!
WHAT IS IT, SIR?
PLEASE RETURN MY NICKEL, PLEASE!
I'M SORRY, SIR, BUT YOU WERE CONNECTED WITH YOUR PARTY!
YEH, BUT WE HAD AN ARGUMENT!

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